Mapping Table Supplement to the Federal Aviation Administration Integrated Capability Maturity Model^a (FAA-iCMM^a), Version 2.0



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October 2001

Published by the Federal Aviation Administration, 2001.

This work has been developed in part by adapting portions of the following documents.

Systems Engineering Capability EIA/IS 731, EIA Interim Standard, Electronic Industries Association, 1998

Permission to use excerpts from this document was granted by Government Electronics & Information Technology Association (GEIA).

The President's Quality Award Program 2000, published by United States Office of Personnel Management (public domain material)

The Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Program 2000, published by United States Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology (public domain material)

*CMMI*SM for Systems Engineering/Software Engineering/Integrated Product and Process Development, Version 1.02 (CMMISM-SE/SW/IPPD, V1.02)
Continuous Representation, CMU/SEI-2000-TR-031, ESC-TR-2000-096.

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Capability Maturity Model^a for Software, Version 1.1 Technical Report, CMU/SEI-93-TR-024/025, ESC-TR-93-177/178, 2/93

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Systems Engineering Capability Maturity Model^a, Version 1.1 Maturity Model, SECMM-95-01, CMU/SEI-95-MM-003, 11/95

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Software Acquisition Capability Maturity Model (SA-CMM^a), Version 1.01 Technical Report, CMU/SEI-96-TR-020, ESC-TR-96-020, 12/96

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The following documents are referenced in this mapping document. Since they are copyright protected, only paragraph numbers and titles are provided. Interested readers should obtain copies of these documents for additional information on the details.

ISO 9001:2000(E), Quality management systems – Requirements, International Organization for Standardization, Third edition, 2000-12-15.

IEEE/EIA 12207.0-1996 Industry Implementation of International Standard ISO/IEC 12207: 1995, Standard for Information Technology – Software life cycle processes, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., March 1998.

ISO/IEC CD 15288 CD3: System Engineering – System Life Cycle Processes, International Organization for Standardization and International Electrotechnical Commission, January 2001.

ISO/IEC TR 15504:1998(E) Information technology – Software process assessment, Part 5: An assessment model and indicator guidance; Part 7: Guidelines for software process improvement, International Organization for Standardization and International Electrotechnical Commission, 1998.

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Acknowledgments

The "standards bearers" of the FAA-iCMM v2.0 project team brought this final mapping document together. However, it extends and builds on initial inputs provided by other members of the FAA-iCMM v2.0 author team.

We also include in this document mapping tables from the FAA-iCMM v1.0 in order to provide full traceability back to those seminal source models.

Mapping across diverse standards and reference documents is not an easy task and we would like to acknowledge and recognize those who contributed to the contents of this publication. FAA-iCMM version 1 and version 2 authors, with affiliations at time of contribution, are:

Bill Bradford, FAA David Cole, BAE Systems Rebecca Deloney, FAA Don Gantzer, TRW Bob Laws, FAA Heidi Leinneweber, FAA Pete Malpass, Software Engineering Institute John Marciniak, Software Engineering Institute Dave Piszczek, FAA Natalie Reed, FAA Ross Ridgeway, FAA Mike Rymond, FAA Adrienne Scott, TRW Sarah Sheard, Software Productivity Consortium Dennis Smith, Arthur D. Little Michael Virga, FAA

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Purpose of this Document

The purpose of this document is to provide traceability to sources that were used in the development of the process areas, base practices, additional practice guidance, capability levels, and generic practices of the FAA-integrated Capability Maturity Model (FAA-iCMM) (iCMM). This traceability is provided by means of mapping tables.

These tables demonstrate how the iCMM integrates its source models, and they illustrate how using one single model, the iCMM, can help an organization pursue process improvement effectively and efficiently by using a single integrated model that captures the guidance and principles of a multitude of current standards and reference models.

Basic Organization

This document is organized into seven sections:

Section 1: Introduction

Section 2: FAA-iCMM Version 2.0 Process Area Map Section 3: FAA-iCMM Version 2.0 Source Coverage Maps Section 4: FAA-iCMM Version 2.0 Practice-Level Maps

Section 5: FAA-iCMM Version 1.0 Process Area Map Section 6: FAA-iCMM Version 1.0 Practice-Level Maps

Section 7: References

Section 1: Introduction

Section 1 introduces the document and explains the organization and content of each of its sections.

Section 2: FAA-iCMM Version 2.0 Process Area Map

Section 2 provides a high-level mapping of iCMM v2.0 process areas to each of the eight major source models at the process level (called variously clauses/subclauses, focus areas, process areas, processes, or categories/ items depending on the source document). In some cases, some practices within these source processes are mapped to practices in other iCMM process areas, but only the *major* sources for iCMM process areas are identified in this table.

This high-level mapping table appears in Appendix D of the FAA-iCMM version 2.0, and is reproduced here to provide the framework for more detailed tables that follow in Section 4.

Section 2: FAA-iCMM Version 2.0 Process Area Map (continued) Part 1 of this table maps the FAA-iCMM v2.0 process areas to:

- FAA-iCMM v1.0 process areas [FAA-iCMM 97] and [HFE],
- ISO 9001: 2000 [ISO 9001] clauses and/or subclauses
- EIA/IS 731 [EIA/IS 731] focus areas
- CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD/A [CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD] and [CMMI-SE/SW/A] process areas
- Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award [MBNQA]/
 President's Quality Award [PQA] categories and/or items

Part 2 of this table maps the FAA-iCMM v2.0 process areas to:

- ISO/IEC TR 15504 [ISO/IEC TR 15504] processes
- IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 [IEEE/EIA 12207] processes
- ISO/IEC CD 15288 [ISO/IEC CD 15288] processes
- Other Sources, if applicable, including [IPD-CMM], [EIA-632], [SA-CMM 99], [PSM], [P-CMM], and others listed

Section 3: FAA-iCMM Version 2.0 Source Coverage Maps Section 3 comprises eight tables, one for each of the major source standards or documents (indicated above) that is integrated into the iCMM version 2.0. These tables are at the practice level (called variously subclauses, specific practices, base practices, items, tasks, or activities depending on the source model). The first column of each of these tables identifies the practice-level component in the source document, and the second column indicates what practice(s) in the iCMM include, or cover, or pertain to that component. In some cases, mapping at the goal level is also included. Note that in several cases, iCMM generic practices as well as base practices cover source model components, and these are included in the mappings.

These tables are particularly useful for those using or familiar with any of the source documents. For example, an organization transitioning from iCMM v1.0 to iCMM v2.0 can easily identify where each iCMM v1.0 practice is covered in iCMM v2.0; an organization familiar with ISO 9001 can identify where and how that standard is covered in the iCMM; an organization using EIA/IS 731 or any of the CMMI models can understand how those practices are integrated into the iCMM; users of ISO/IEC TR 15504 or ISO/IEC 12207 have access to similar information.

Note that four of the source standards and documents are copyright protected by the International Organization for Standardization, and thus only the paragraph numbers and titles are provided in these cases. Interested readers should obtain copies of these documents for additional information on the details.

Section 4: FAA-iCMM Version 2.0 Practice-Level Maps

Section 4 provides practice-level mappings for each practice, in each process area of the iCMM v2.0. Each of these 23 process area mapping tables follows the same format as the table in section 2, i.e., part 1 of each table maps across the first 5 sources, and part 2 maps across the next 3 sources and also includes any other sources as applicable. Goal mappings are also included, as applicable.

There is also a table that maps iCMM v2.0 capability levels and generic practices to the 4 source models that contain this concept: iCMM v1.0, CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD, EIA/IS 731, and ISO/IEC TR 15504.

Section 5: FAA-iCMM Version 1.0 Process Area Map

Both section 5 and section 6 elaborate on sources of iCMM v1.0. Since iCMM v1.0 is a major basis for iCMM v2.0, these sections continue iCMM v2.0 traceability back to the 3 original CMMs that were integrated into iCMM v1.0.

Section 5 provides high-level mappings of FAA-iCMM v1.0 [FAA-iCMM 97] process areas to their major sources, at the process level (called process areas or key process areas depending on the source model). In some cases, some practices within these source processes are mapped to practices in other iCMM process areas, but only the *major* sources for iCMM v1.0 process areas are identified in this table.

This high-level mapping table appears in Appendix D of the FAA-iCMM version 2.0, and is reproduced here to provide the framework for more detailed tables that follow in Section 6.

The source models for iCMM v1.0 are:

- Systems Engineering CMM [SE CMM]
- Software Acquisition CMM [SA-CMM 97]
- CMM for Software [SW-CMM 93]

Section 6: FAA-iCMM Version 1.0 Practice-Level Maps

Section 6 provides practice level mappings for each practice, in each process area of the iCMM v1.0. Each of these 23 process area mapping tables follows the same format as the table in section 5, mapping across the 3 source CMMs identified above. In addition, all practices and activities in each source model are included in the process area maps, with an indication of where source practices are covered if not integrated into the specific process area that is the focus of the table. For example, a source practice may be covered in another process area, or by a generic practice, and if this is the case this information is provided.

Section 7: References	Lastly, section 7 provides the references that are mentioned in the mapping tables.	

Table 1: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources - Part 1 $\,$

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD*/A** Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management	PA 10 Product Evolution	5.1 Management commitment 5.3 Quality policy 5.4.1 Quality objectives 5.5.3 Internal communication 5.6 Management review 6.1 Provision of resources	-	*Organizational Environment for Integration Organizational Process Performance	1.1 Organizational Leadership 1.2 Public/Organization Responsibility and Citizenship 2.1 Strategy Development 2.2 Strategy Deployment 7. Business Results
PA 01 Needs	PA 01 Needs PA 24 Human Factors Engineering	5.2 Customer Focus 7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to the product 7.2.3 Customer communication 8.2.1 Customer satisfaction	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements	Requirements Development	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 6.1 Product and Service Processes
PA 02 Requirements	PA 02 Requirements PA 24 Human Factors Engineering	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to the product 7.2.2 Review of requirements related to the product 7.3.2 Design and development inputs 5.2 Customer Focus	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements 1.2 Define Technical Problem	Requirements Development Requirements Management	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 6.1 Product and Service Processes
PA 03 Design	PA 03 Architecture	7.3.3 Design and development outputs	1.3 Define Solution	Technical Solution	6.1 Product and Service Processes
PA 04 Alternatives Analysis	PA 04 Alternatives	-	1.4 Assess and Select	Decision Analysis and Resolution	6.2 Support Processes2. Strategic Planning
PA 05 Outsourcing	PA 05 Outsourcing	7.4.1 Purchasing process	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management **Supplier Selection and Monitoring **Integrated Supplier Management	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes

Table 1: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD*/A** Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 06 Design Implementation	PA 06 Software Development and Maintenance	7.3.3 Design and development outputs	-	Technical Solution	6.1 Product and Service Processes
PA 07 Integration	PA 07 Integration	-	1.5 Integrate System	Product Integration	6.1 Product and Service Processes
PA 08 Evaluation	PA 08 System Test and Evaluation PA 17 Peer Review	7.3.4 Design and development review 7.3.5 Design and development verification 7.3.6 Design and development validation 7.4.3 Verification of purchased product 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.3 Control of nonconforming product	1.6 Verify System 1.7 Validate System	Verification Validation	6.1 Product and Service Processes
PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal	PA 09 Transition	7.5 Production and service provision7.5.1 Control of product and service provision7.5.5 Preservation of product	-	Supplier Agreement Management Product Integration ** Supplier Selection and Monitoring	6.1 Product and Service Processes
PA 10 Operation and Support	-	7.5.1 Control of production and service provision 8.5.2 Corrective action 8.5.3 Preventive action	-	-	3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 6.1 Product and Service Processes
PA 11 Project Management	PA 11 Project Management	7.1 Planning of product realization 7.3.1 Design and development planning 8.5.2 Corrective action	2.1 Plan and Organize 2.2 Monitor and Control	Project Planning Project Monitoring and Control *Integrated Project Management Quantitative Project Management	6.1 Product and Service Processes

Table 1: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD*/A**	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	PA 12 Contract Management	7.4.1 Purchasing process 7.4.3 Verification of purchased product	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management **Supplier Selection and Monitoring **Integrated Supplier Management **Quantitative Supplier Management	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 7. Business Results
PA 13 Risk Management	PA 13 Risk Management	8.5.3 Preventive action	2.5 Manage Risk	Risk Management	6.2 Support processes 1.2 Organization Responsibility and Citizenship
PA 14 Integrated Teaming	PA 14 Coordination	-	2.3 Integrate Disciplines	*Integrated Teaming *Organizational Environment for Integration * Integrated Project Management	5.1a Work Systems and Job Design
PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management	PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management PA 19 Prevention	4.1 General requirements 7.5.4 Customer property 7.5.2 Validation of processes for production and service provision 8.2.2 Internal audit 8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.4 Analysis of Data 8.5.2 Corrective Action 8.5.3 Preventive action	2.8 Ensure Quality	Process and Product Quality Assurance Causal Analysis and Resolution ** Quantitative Supplier Management	6.2 Support Processes
PA 16 Configuration Management	PA 16 Configuration Management	4.2.3 Control of documents 4.2.4 Control of records 7.5.3 Identification and traceability 7.5.4 Customer property	2.7 Manage Configurations	Configuration Management	6.2 Support Processes

Table 1: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD*/A** Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 17 Information Management	-	4.2.3 Control of documents 4.2.4 Control of records 7.5.4 Customer property	2.6 Manage Data	-	6.2 Support Processes
PA 18 Measurement and Analysis	PA 18 Measurement	7.6 Control of monitoring and measuring devices 8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.4 Analysis of data	2.2 Monitor and Control	Measurement and Analysis Organizational Process Performance Quantitative Project Management Causal Analysis and Resolution	4.1 Measurement of Org- anizational Performance 4.2 Analysis of Organ- izational Performance 6.2 Support Processes 7. Business Results (all items)
PA 19 (reserved)		·			
PA 20 Process Definition	PA 20 Organization Process Definition	4.1 General requirements4.2.1 General4.2.2 Quality Manual8.5.1 Continual improvement	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus Organizational Process Definition	6. Process Management (all items)
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4.1 General requirements4.2.1 General8.5.1 Continual improvement	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus	6. Process Management (all items)
PA 22 Training	PA 22 Training	6.2.2 Competence, awareness, and training	3.2 Manage Competency	Organizational Training	5.2 Employee Education, Training, and Development 6.2 Support Processes
PA 23 Innovation	PA 23 Innovation PA 10 Product Evolution	6.3 Infrastructure 6.4 Work Environment	3.3 Manage Technology 3.4 Manage Systems Engineering Support Environment	Organizational Innovation and Deployment *Organizational Environment for Integration	6.1 Product and Service Processes 6.2 Support Processes 5.3a Work Environment
Areas not covered in FAA-iCMM v2.0	None	None	None	None	5.1a Work systems and Job Design – those aspects pertaining to organizational recruitment and employee performance management

^{*} For CMMI, these process areas are specific to the Integrated Product and Process Development (IPPD) extensions to the CMMI-SE/SW model. Note that the IPPD version of Integrated Project Management was used in this mapping.

^{**} For CMMI, these process areas are specific to the draft Acquisition (A) extensions to the CMMI-SE/SW model.

Table 1: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management	(with process type*) ORG.1 Organizational alignment (new) CUS.2 Supply	5.2 Supply	5.1.2 Supply 5.2.1 Enterprise Environment Management 5.2.2 Investment Management	IPD-CMM (v0.98) PA18 Shared Vision PA19 Organizational Leadership
PA 01 Needs	ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.2 System and software maintenance (basic) CUS.3 Requirements elicitation (new) CUS.4.2 Customer support (ext component) ENG1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component)	5.1 Acquisition	5.4.1 Stakeholder Requirements Definition	
PA 02 Requirements	ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.2 System and software maintenance (basic) CUS.3 Requirements elicitation (new) ENG1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component) ENG.1.2 Software requiremts analysis (comp)	5.1 Acquisition 5.2 Supply 5.3 Development 5.5 Maintenance	5.4.2 Requirements Analysis 5.4.10 Maintenance	
PA 03 Design	ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.2 System and software maintenance (basic) ENG1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component) ENG.1.3 Software design (component)	5.3 Development 5.5 Maintenance	5.4.3 Architectural Design	EIA-632 4.3.2 Solution Definition IEEE Std 1220-1998 6.5 Synthesis
PA 04 Alternatives Analysis	-	-	5.3.4 Decision Making	EIA-632 4.5.1 Systems Analysis Process
PA 05 Outsourcing	CUS.1 Acquisition (basic) CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (component) CUS.1.2 Supplier selection (component)	5.1 Acquisition	5.1.1 Acquisition	

Table 1: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	(with process type*)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 06 Design Implementation	ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.2 System and software maintenance	5.3 Development 5.5 Maintenance	5.4.4 Implementation	EIA-632 Product Realization
	(basic) ENG.1.4 Software construction (component)	3.5 Wantenance		Troduct realization
PA 07 Integration	ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.2 System and software maintenance (basic) ENG.1.7 System integration & testing (comp) ENG.1.5 Software integration (component)	5.3 Development	5.4.5 Integration	EIA-632 System Design, Product Realization, Application Key Concepts
PA 08 Evaluation	ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.2 System and software maintenance (basic) CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance (component) ENG.1.6 Software testing (component) ENG.1.7 System integration and testing (component) SUP.4 Verification (basic) SUP.5 Validation (basic) SUP.6 Joint review (basic)	5.1 Acquisition 5.2 Supply 5.3 Development 5.4 Operation 5.5 Maintenance 6.4 Verification 6.5 Validation 6.6 Joint review	5.4.6 Verification 5.4.8 Validation	EIA-632
PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal	ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.2 System and software maintenance (basic) CUS.2 Supply (basic)	5.2 Supply 5.3 Development 5.5 Maintenance	5.4.4 Implementation 5.4.7 Transition 5.4.11 Disposal	EIA-632 Implementation, Transition to Use
PA 10 Operation and Support	CUS.4 Operation (extended) CUS.4.1 Operational use (ext. component) CUS.4.2 Customer support (ext. component) SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic)	5.4 Operation	5.4.9 Operation 5.4.10 Maintenance	

Table 1: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	(with process type*)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 11 Project Management	CUS.2 Supply (basic) (+ all relevant PAs) MAN.1 Management (basic) MAN.2 Project management (new) SUP.6 Joint Review	5.2 Supply (+ all relevant PAs)6.6 Joint review7.1 Management	5.1.2 Supply 5.3.1 Project Planning 5.3.2 Project Assessment 5.3.3 Project Control	SA-CMM v1.02 Acquisition Risk Management
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	CUS.1.3 Supplier monitoring (component) CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance process	5.1 Acquisition 5.2 Supply 6.3 Quality Assurance	5.1.1 Acquisition 5.1.2 Supply (to negotiate agreement)	SA-CMM v1.02 Contract Tracking and Oversight Contract Performance
PA 13 Risk Management	MAN.4 Risk management (new)	-	5.3.5 Risk Management	
PA 14 Integrated Teaming	ORG.1 Organizational Alignment (new) ORG.3 Human resource management (ext)	-	5.2.4 Resource Management	
PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management	SUP.3 Quality assurance (basic) MAN.3 Quality management (new) SUP.7 Audit (basic) SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic)	6.3 Quality Assurance6.7 Audit6. 8 Problem resolution	-	
PA 16 Configuration Management	SUP.2 Configuration management (basic)	6.2 Configuration Management	5.3.6 Configuration Management	
PA 17 Information Management	SUP.1 Documentation (extended) (documentation developed in relevant PA) ORG.6 Reuse (new)	5.5 Maintenance 6.1 Documentation (documentation produced in relevant PA)	5.3.7 Information Management 5.2.4 Resource Management	MBNQA 2001 4.2 Information Management
PA 18 Measurement and Analysis	ORG.5 Measurement (new)	7.3 Improvement	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management	[PSM] ISO/TR10017:1999(E) – Guidance on Statistical Techniques for ISO 9001:1994
PA 19 (reserved)				
PA 20 Process Definition	ORG.2 Improvement process (basic) ORG.2.1 Process establishment (component) ORG.6 Reuse (new)	7.3 Improvement	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management	

Table 1: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 21 Process Improvement	ORG.2 Improvement process (basic) ORG.2.1 Process establishment (component) ORG2.2 Process assessment (component) ORG2.3 Process improvement (component) 15504 Part 7: Guidelines for Process Improvement	7.3 Improvement	5.2.1 Enterprise Environment Management 5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management	
PA 22 Training	ORG.3 Human resource management (extended)	7.4 Training	5.2.4 Resource Management	People CMM: Training Knowledge and Skills Analysis
PA 23 Innovation	ORG.4 Infrastructure (basic)	7.2 Infrastructure	-	
Areas not covered in FAA-iCMM v2.0	ORG.3 Human Resource management (extended) – practices regarding recruitment, staff evaluation, and staff records	None	Resource Management – activities regarding recruitment, retention, personnel pool, and staff review	N/a

*ISO/IEC TR 15504 process types are:

Basic – processes identical in intent to processes in ISO/IEC 12207

Extended – processes that are expansions of ISO/IEC 12207 processes

New – processes that are outside the scope of ISO/IEC 12207

Component – processes (group of one or more ISO/IEC 12207's activities from same process)

Extended Component – processes that are one or more of ISO/IEC 12207's activities from same process, with additional material.

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ISO 9001:2000 to FAA-iCMM v2.0	23
EIA/IS 731 to FAA-iCMM v2.0	28
CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD and CMMI-A to FAA-iCMM V2.0	47
President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Criteria to FAA-iCMM v2.0	57
ISO/IEC TR 15504 to FAA-iCMM v2.0	65
ISO/IEC 12207 to FAA iCMM V2.0	76
ISO/IEC CD 15288 CD3 to FAA-iCMM v2.0	85

FAA-iCMM v1.0 to FAA-iCMM v2.0

FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Areas, Goals, and	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Practices	Practices
PA 01 Needs	PA 01 Needs; PA 02 Requirements
1. Customer needs are represented in a statement	PA 02 1. Requirements are developed from customer
of system requirements.	and other stakeholder needs.
2. Changes to the system requirements are	PA 02 3. All requirements information is recorded in a
communicated to the customer for agreement.	baseline that is maintained and controlled throughout
	the life cycle.
BP 01.01 Elicit Needs	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
BP 01.02 Analyze Needs	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
BP 01.03 Develop System Requirements	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements
BP 01.04 Obtain Customer Agreement	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements
BP 01.05 Inform Customer	BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers
PA 02 Requirements	PA 02 Requirements; PA 01 Needs; PA 03 Design
1. Requirements are derived from customer	PA 02 1. Requirements are developed from customer
needs and other appropriate sources	and other stakeholder needs.
2. Requirements are allocated to support the	PA 03 3. Allocations of requirements to the design
synthesis of solutions.	elements are established and maintained.
3. Requirements are unambiguous, traceable,	PA 02 2. Requirements satisfy established quality
and verifiable.	criteria including unambiguity, completeness,
	traceability, feasibility, and verifiability.
4. Requirements are controlled to establish a	PA 02 3. All requirements information is recorded in a
baseline for engineering and management use.	baseline that is maintained and controlled throughout
	the life cycle.
5. Plans, products, and activities are kept	PA 02 4. Plans, products, activities, and agreements are
consistent with requirements.	checked for consistency with requirements, and any
	inconsistencies are identified for correction.
BP 02.01 Develop detailed operational concept	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
BP 02.02 Identify key requirements	BP 02.03 Identify key requirements
BP 02.03 Derive and partition requirements	BP 02.04 Derive requirements
BP 02.04 Identify interface requirements	BP 02.05 Identify external interface requirements
BP 02.05 Allocate requirements	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance
	Requirements
	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements
BP 02.06 Analyze requirements	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements
BP 02.07 Capture and baseline requirements	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements
BP 02.08 Analyze and incorporate requirements	BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements change
changes	requests
BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability	BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability
PA 03 Architecture	PA 03 Design; PA 02 Requirements
1. A system architecture that will meet the	1. A product or service design that will meet the
defined requirements is established and	defined requirements is established and maintained.
maintained.	
2. The architecture evolves to meet changing	1. A product or service design that will meet the
requirements.	defined requirements is established and maintained.
BP 03.01 Derive system architecture	BP 02.04 Derive requirements
requirements	
BP 03.02 Identify key design issues	BP 03.01 Identify and Prioritize Design Issues
BP 03.03 Develop architectural structure	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
BP 03.04 Develop architectural interface	BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications
requirements	
BP 03.05 Allocate architecture requirements	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements

FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Areas, Goals, and	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Practices	Practices
BP 03.06 Capture system architecture	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description
PA 04 Alternatives	PA 04 Alternatives Analysis
1. An evaluation strategy is established and	1. Strategies are established and maintained that
maintained.	support the analysis of alternatives and structured
	decision-making.
2. Alternatives are identified, analyzed and	2. Alternative solutions to selected issues are analyzed
selected in accordance with the established	and solutions selected or recommended in accordance
strategy.	with established strategy and criteria with the
	established strategy.
3. Results of the evaluation are recorded for each	3. Results and rationale of alternatives analysis are
alternative.	documented and communicated.
BP 04.01 Establish Evaluation Criteria	BP 04.01 Establish Analysis Strategy
BP 04.02 Define Analysis Approach	BP 04.03 Select Analysis Method
BP 04.03 Identify Alternatives	BP 04.04 Identify Alternative Solutions
BP 04.04 Analyze Alternatives	BP 04.05 Analyze Alternative Solutions
BP 04.05 Select Solution	BP 04.06 Select Solution
BP 04.06 Capture the Disposition of Each	BP 04.07 Communicate Analysis Results
Alternative PA 05 Outcoursing	PA 05 Outsourcing
PA 05 Outsourcing	
1. Qualified suppliers are selected to provide	2. Qualified suppliers are selected to provide solution
product or process components.	or process components.
2. A productive communications environment is established and maintained with suppliers.	3. A productive communications environment is established and maintained with potential suppliers.
BP 05.01 Identify Needed System or Process	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services
Components	BI 03.01 Identity Needed Floducts of Services
BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
BP 05.03 Prepare for the solicitation	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
BP 05.04 Choose Supplier	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers	BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers
PA 06 Software Development and Maintenance	PA 06 Design Implementation; PA 02 Requirements;
	PA 03 Design; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 07 Integration
1. The software engineering tasks are defined,	PA 06 1. Solution component(s) are developed.
integrated, and consistently performed to	
produce the software.	
2. Software work products are kept consistent	PA 06 2. Documentation to support solution
with each other.	component(s) is established and maintained.
BP 06.01 Integrate Methods and Tools	BP 06.01 Establish the Implementation Environment
BP 06.02 Analyze Allocated Requirements	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements
	BP 03.06 Establish Component Specifications
BP 06.03 Design Software	BP 03.05 Define Interactions among Design Elements
	BP 03.06 Establish Component Specifications
	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description
BP 06.04 Implement Software	BP 06.02 Formulate product or service components
DD 00 05 FE + G G	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation
BP 06.05 Test Software	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
BP 06.06 Perform Integration Testing	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products
	BP 07.05 Confirm Integrated Product or Service
DD 06 07 Davidor Dagues	Operation RP 06 02 Develop Decumentation
BP 06.07 Develop Documentation	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation
BP 06.08 Maintain Consistency across Software Work Products	BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
WOLK I LOUGES	BP 07.05 Confirm Integrated Product or Service
	DI 07.03 Commin integrated i roduct di Belvice

FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Areas, Goals, and	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Practices	Practices
	Operation
PA 07 Integration	PA 07 Integration; PA 03 Design; PA 08 Evaluation
1. A strategy for integrating the system elements	PA 07 1. A strategy for integrating the product and
is defined.	service elements is defined.
2. Interfaces are defined in accordance with the	PA 03 1. A product or service design that meets the
system architecture.	product and service requirements is established and maintained.
3. System elements are verified.	PA 07 2. Readiness of product and service elements for integration is verified.
4. The system is integrated in accordance with	PA 07 3. The product or service is integrated in
the integration strategy.	accordance with the integration strategy.
BP 07.01 Define Interfaces	BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications
BP 07.02 Verify Receipt of System Elements	BP 07.02 Confirm Readiness of Product and Service
	Elements
BP 07.03 Verify System Element Correctness	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products
BP 07.04 Verify System Element Interfaces	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products
BP 07.05 Assemble Aggregates of System Elements	BP 07.04 Assemble Product and Service Elements
BP 07.06 Test System Level Integration	BP 07.05 Confirm Integrated Product or Service
Br of too 1000 System 20 (or integration	Operation Operation
BP 07.07 Develop Integration Strategy	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy
PA 08 System Test and Evaluation	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 12
111 00 System Test and Dramation	Supplier Agreement Management
1. The evaluation approach, requirements and	PA 08 1. The evaluation approach, requirements,
methods are defined to provide an objective	methods, and environment are established to provide an
basis to support the decision for acceptance of	objective basis for determining whether the products
the system products and services.	and services meet requirements and can be accepted.
2. Evaluations are performed as planned.	PA 08 2. Evaluations are performed as planned
3. Analyses are conducted on results of	PA 08 3. Analyses are conducted on results of
evaluations and developer performance.	evaluations to support acceptance or corrective actions.
BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy and	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
Requirements	
BP 08.02 Define Evaluation Procedures	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
BP 08.03 Incorporate Evaluation Requirements	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
into the Solicitation and Contract	
BP 08.04 Monitor Developer Performance	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance
BP 08.05 Perform Planned Evaluations	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation
	Environment
	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products
	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products
	BP 08.06 Validate end-products
BP 08.06 Analyze Evaluation Results	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
PA 09 Transition	PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
1. The system support organization demonstrates	3. Customer/ stakeholder operation and support
its capacity to provide the required support upon	organizations demonstrate their capacity to support the
assumption of responsibility for the system.	product or service upon assumption of responsibility.
2. Continuity of configuration and requirements	3. Customer/ stakeholder operation and support
management is maintained during the transition.	organizations demonstrate their capacity to support the
	product or service upon assumption of responsibility.
BP 09.01 Conduct inventory	BP 09.03 Oversee Configuration of Product or Service
-	-

Practices BP 09.02 Develop and follow transition to support strategy BP 09.03 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities BP 09.03 Demonstrate support capability BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability BP 09.04 Oversee the configuration management of the system BP 09.05 Oversee the requirements management of the system BP 09.06 Transfer and tailor developer's processes to the support organization PA 10 Product Evolution PA 23 Innovation; PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management BP 0.01 Define product evolution BP 0.02 Align to achieve the vision BP 10.02 Identify new product technologies BP 23.02 Select new technologies BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies PA 11 Project Management 1. Plans for managing the project are established and maintained. 2. Estimates of the project's planning parameters are established and maintained. 3. Commitments related to the project are established and maintained. 4. Progress of the project is evaluated against the project's eations are taken appropriately and managed to closure.
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BP 10.05 Insert Product Technology PA11 Project Management 1. Plans for managing the project are established early in the project lifecycle and maintained. 2. Estimates of the project's planning parameters are established and maintained. 3. Commitments related to the project are established and maintained. 3. Commitments related to the project are established and maintained. 4. Progress of the project is evaluated against the project's established plans. 5. Corrective actions are taken appropriately and BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies PA 11 Project Management 1. Project plans are established, maintained and executed to provide required products and services that reflect customer and stakeholder needs. 2. Estimates of the project's planning parameters are established and maintained to support resource estimates. 3. Commitments related to the project are established and maintained. 4. Progress of the project is evaluated against its plans. 5. Corrective actions are taken when appropriate and
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BP 11.01 Identify the Activities BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle
Approach
BP 11.02 Identify the Life Cycle Approach BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle
Approach
BP 11.03 Establish Estimates BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource Requirements
BP 11.04 Establish Schedules BP 11.05 Establish Schedules
BP 11.05 Establish and Maintain Plans BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans
BP 11.06 Establish Commitment BP 11.07 Establish Commitment
BP 11.07 Monitor the Project according to BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
Established Plans
BP 11.08 Track Technical Process BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
BP 11.09 Review Performance Against BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance
Established Plans
BP 11.10 Take Corrective Action BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
PA12 Contract Management PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management
1. The contract is kept consistent with the 1. The documented agreement is kept consistent with
requirements of the acquisition project and the acquirer's requirements and relevant laws, policies,
relevant laws, policies, regulations, and regulations, and other applicable guidance.
guidance.

FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and Practices
2. Contractor performance, products, and	2. Supplier performance, processes, products and
services are reviewed throughout the project to	services are reviewed and monitored to identify
identify risks, problems, and appropriate	problems and to ensure that products and services
corrective actions.	conform to requirements.
3. Measurements are used to track the	3. Measurements are used to track the supplier's
contractor's performance.	performance.
4. Communications between the acquirer's	4. Communications between the acquirer and the
project team and the contractor are established	supplier are established and maintained to foster a
and maintained.	cooperative and productive agreement environment.
BP 12.01 Review and Use Planning documents	BP 12.01 Use Planning documents:
BP 12.02 Conduct Periodic Reviews	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance
BP 12.03 Maintain Contract Integrity	BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity
BP 12.04 Monitor Contractor's Support	BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes,
Processes	Activities and Products
BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative Environment	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative
	Environment.
PA 13 Risk Management	PA 13 Risk Management; PA 11 Project Management
1. Risk Management is an integral part of project	PA 13 1. A risk management strategy is established and
management and engineering activities.	used that includes the plans, methods and parameters
	for management of risk.
2. Risks are identified and assessed for their	PA 13 2. Risks are identified and assessed for their
likelihood and impact.	likelihood and consequence.
3. Risk mitigation is performed when analysis	PA 13 3. Risk mitigation is performed when analysis
indicates action.	indicates action.
BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
BP 13.02 Identify Risks	BP 13.02 Identify Risks
BP 13.03 Assess Risks	BP 13.03 Assess Risks
BP 13.04 Review and Validate Risk Assessment	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance
	GP 2.13 Review Performance with Higher-level
BP 13.05 Execute Risk Mitigation Plans	Management RP 12 05 Implement and Maniton Rich Mitigation
BF 13.03 Execute Kisk Wittigation Flans	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk Mitigation Plans
PA 14 Coordination	PA 14 Integrated Teaming
1. The project goals, processes and interfaces	Integrated teams composed of appropriate disciplines
between the disciplines necessary to the system	and stakeholders are established and maintained
life cycle are coordinated.	and stakeholders are established and manifalled
2. Methods are established and maintained for	2. Team processes and methods are established and
interdisciplinary communication, coordination,	maintained for effective coordination, collaboration,
and conflict resolution.	communication, conflict resolution and decision-
	making
BP 14.01 Involve Disciplines	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated Teams
BP 14.02 Promote Cross-Discipline	BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative
Understanding	Workplace
BP 14.03 Establish Coordination Methods	BP 14.04 Establish Coordination and Communication
DD 14 04 E (11' 1 D	Methods PR 14 05 F 4 11 1 P 1 4 1 M 4 1 1
BP 14.04 Establish Resolution Methods	BP 14.05 Establish Resolution Methods
BP 14.05 Communicate Interdisciplinary	BP 14.06 Communicate Integrated Team Activity
Activity Results	Results
BP 14.06 Develop and Communicate Project Goals	BP 14.01 Develop and Communicate Team Goals
Coals	

FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Areas, Goals, and	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Practices	Practices
PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
1. Adherence of work products and activities to	1. Adherence of work products, services, and activities
the applicable standards, procedures, and	to applicable standards, procedures, and requirements is
requirements is verified objectively.	verified objectively.
2. Noncompliance issues that cannot be resolved	2. Noncompliance issues are tracked and those that
within the software project are addressed by	cannot be resolved at the project level are addressed by
senior management.	senior management.
3. Affected groups and individuals are informed	3. Affected groups and individuals are informed of
of quality assurance activities, results, and	quality assurance activities, and results.
quality improvement opportunities.	5. Quality improvement opportunities are initiated with the appropriate stakeholders.
BP 15.01 Monitor Process Compliance	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
BP 15.02 Evaluate Product and Process	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
BI 15.02 Evaluate Houdet and Hocess	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality
BP 15.03 Detect Need for Corrective Actions	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
BP 15.04 Record and Report Results	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
BP 15.05 Analyze Quality	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
BP 15.05 Analyze Quality BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
Opportunities	BF 13.00 linuate Quanty improvement
PA 16 Configuration Management	PA 16 Configuration Management
Configuration items that constitute baselines	Configuration items that are to be managed are
are identified.	identified.
2. Configuration items are controlled to support	Configuration items are controlled and managed
the disciplined evolution of the product baseline.	throughout the life cycle.
3. Configuration status is communicated to	3. Status of configuration items is recorded and
affected groups.	reported to all stakeholders.
4. Configuration baselines are audited to verify	4. The integrity of baselines and work products is
the product baseline integrity.	assured.
BP 16.01 Establish configuration management	BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration Management
methodology	Strategy
BP 16.02 Identify configuration units/items	BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration Items
	and Interim Work Products
BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a repository for	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for
work product baselines	Work Product Baselines
BP 16.04 Control and track changes	BP 16.04 Control Changes
BP 16.05 Communicate configuration status	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
BP 16.06 Conduct configuration audits	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and
	Inspections
PA 17 Peer Review	PA 08 Evaluation
1. Defects in work products are identified and	PA 08 2. Evaluations are performed as planned.
removed.	PA 08 3. Analyses are conducted on results of
	evaluations to support acceptance or corrective actions
BP 17.01 Conduct peer reviews.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products
BP 17.02 Record and analyze peer review data.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products
PA 18 Measurement	PA 18 Measurement and Analysis; PA 00 Integrated
	Enterprise Management; PA 11 Project Management
1. Measurements are established, maintained and	PA 18 1. Measures related to goals, objectives and
used based on the project and organization goals.	major issues are established
2. Measurements are collected, analyzed and	PA 18 2. Measurement data are collected, analyzed,
reported.	and results are reported
BP 18.01 Establish Measures Based on	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
Quantitative Goals	

Practices BP 18.02 Collect and Analyze Measurement Data BP 18.03 Communicate Quantitative Status BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data BP 18.05 Communicate results BP 18.04 Take Corrective Action BP 18.05 Communicate results BP 18.05 Communicate results BP 18.06 Analyze measurement data BP 18.05 Communicate results BP 18.06 To results of review BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action AP 0.06 Act on results of review BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action PA 19 Prevention PA 19 Prevention PA 19 Prevention PA 19 Quality Assurance and Management PA 15 4. Causes of defects are sought out, identified, prioritized, corrected, and methods of elimination are evaluated. PA 15 4. Causes of defects are sought out, identified, prioritized, corrected, and methods of elimination are evaluated. BP 19.01 Conduct causal analysis meetings BP 19.02 Coordinate action proposals BP 19.03 Document and track prevention data BP 19.03 Document and track prevention and BP 15.05 Initiate Quality Improvement BP 19.03 Document and track prevention PA 20 Organization's stendard processes for effect prevention PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 20 Process Definition PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 20 Organization's set of standard processes is established and maintained. 2. Guides for tailoring the organization's standard processes are callected, maintained, and communicated. 2. Guides for tailoring the organization processes are callected, maintained, and communicated. 2. PA 20.2 Process Definition PA 20.01 Sentablish standard processes and P 20.01 Apraise processes BP 20.02 Identify process goals BP 20.03 Establish standard processes and projects defined processes are improvement PA 21 Organization Process Improvement PA 21 Organization Process Improvement PA 21 Process Improvement Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement PA 21 Organization Process Improvement Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement Process Definition PA 22 Organization Process Improvem	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Areas, Goals, and	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data Data BP 18.03 Communicate Quantitative Status BP 18.05 Communicate results BP 18.05 Communicate results BP 18.05 Communicate results BP 18.05 Communicate results BP 18.06 Act on results of review BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action PA 19 Prevention 1. Common causes of defects are sought out and identified. 2. Common causes of defects are prioritized and systematically eliminated. 2. Common causes of defects are prioritized and systematically eliminated. 3. Common causes of defects are prioritized and systematically eliminated. 4. Common causes of defects are prioritized and systematically eliminated. 4. Common causes of defects are prioritized and systematically eliminated. 5. Pa 19.01 Conduct causal analysis meetings BP 19.02 Coordinate action proposals BP 19.02 Coordinate action proposals BP 19.03 Document and track prevention data BP 19.04 Revise processes for defect prevention BP 19.04 Revise processes for defect prevention PA 20 Organization's set of standard processes is established and maintained. 1. The organization is set of standard processes is established and maintained. 2. Guides for tailoring the organization's standard processes are established and maintained. 3. Goals, performance data, and other assets for the organization's processes are collected, maintained, and communicated. 4. Process definition and improvement activities are coordinated across the organization. BP 20.01 Daylos process goals BP 20.03 Establish standard processes BP 20.03 Establish standard processes and BP 20.04 Coordinate and communicate process definition BP 20.05 Maintain process assets BP 20.05 Maintain process angel BP 20.05 Maintain process assets BP 20.06 Coordinate and communicate process definition 1. The set of standard processes and projects' defined processes are improvement BP 21.02 Change the standard processes and projects' defined processes are improvement BP 21.02 Change the standard process improvement BP 21.02 Establish Process improvement BP 21.02 Est		
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PA 23 Innovation	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and Practices
organization's profound knowledge of its products, processes, technologies, and core competencies. 2. The organization environment is updated in a planned, controlled manner while minimizing disruptions to users. BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness BP 23.02 Maintain New Technologies BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion BP 23.03 Propare for Infusion BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies BP 23.05 All Infuse New Technologies BP	PA 23 Innovation	PA 23 Innovation
technologies, and core competencies. 2. The organization environment is updated in a planned, controlled manner while minimizing disruptions to users. BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness BP 23.02 Select New Technologies BP 23.03 Pepare for Infusion BP 23.05 Support Innovation BP 23.05 Support Innovation Capability Levels and Generic Practices Capability Level 1- Initial: Performed Informally (no goal) Level 2 Goal: The activities for the process are institutionalized to support a repeatable process 2.1 Establish Policy 2.2 Allocate Adequate Resources 2.3 Assign Responsibility 2.4 Ensure Training 2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge 2.7 Use a Repeatable Process 2.7 Use a Repeatable Process 2.8 Manage Configurations 2.9 Assess Process Compliance 2.10 Verify Work Products 2.11 Resulve Training 2.12 Review Status 2.13 Take Corrective Action 2.14 Coordinate Within the Project Capability Level 3: Defined, Well Defined Level 3 Goal: The activities of the process are institutionalized to support a repeatable process 3.1 User of the process are institutionalized to support a repeatable process 3.2 Use Defined Process 3.3 Islandardize the Process 3.4 User of the process are institutionalized to support a repeatable process 3.5 Islandardize the Process 3.6 Plan the Process 3.7 Use a Repeatable Process 3.8 Use Defined Process 3.9 Manage Configurations 3.1 Islandardize the Process 3.1 Islandardize the Process 3.2 Use Defined Process 3.3 Islandardize the Process 3.3 Islandardize the Process 3.4 Use Defined Process 3.5 Islandardize the Process 3.5 Islandardize to support a defined process are institutionalized to support a proper defined process are institutionalized to support apartitative management of defined processes are institutionalized to support apartitative management o		
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planned, controlled manner while minimizing disruptions to users. BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness BP 23.02 Select New Technologies BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies BP 23.05 Support Innovation Capability Levels and Generic Practices Capability Levels and Generic Practices Capability Level 1 - Initial: Performed Informally (no goal) Level 1 Goal: The process achieves the goals of the process are institutionalized to support a repeatable process Level 2 Goal: The activities for the process are institutionalized to support a repeatable process L3 Assign Responsibility L2 Establish Policy L5 Establish Poices L6 Plan the Process L7 Use a Repeatable Process L8 Manage Configurations L9 L8 Establish Process L9 Pain the Process L9 Pain the Process L9 Pain the Process L9 Process L9 Pain the Process L9 Proces		
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3.3 Perform Reviews with Peers 2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products 3.4 Coordinate with Affected Groups 2.15 Coordinate with Stakeholders Capability Level 4 - Managed; Quantitatively Controlled Level 4 Goal: The activities of the processes are institutionalized to support quantitative management of defined processes. Level 4 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a quantitatively managed process.		
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Level 4 Goal: The activities of the processes are institutionalized to support quantitative management of defined processes. Level 4 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a quantitatively managed process.		
institutionalized to support quantitative quantitatively managed process. management of defined processes.		Level 4 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a
management of defined processes.		
		4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
Process		
4.2 Select Processes for Measurement 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance	4.2 Select Processes for Measurement	4.1 Stabilize Process Performance

FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and Practices
Fracuces	Fracuces
4.3 Select Measures for the Process	4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
4.4 Determine Quantitative Process Capability	4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
4.5 Use Quantitative Process Capability	4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
Capability Level 5 - Optimizing; Continuously	Capability Level 5: Optimizing
improving	
Level 5 Goal: Continually improving processes	Level 5 Goal: The process is institutionalized as an
are deployed throughout the organization.	optimizing process
5.1 Perform Continual Process Improvement on	3.3 Improve Processes
Organizational Standard and Tailored Processes	
5.2 Implement Improved Processes	3.3 Improve Processes

ISO 9001:2000 to FAA-iCMM v2.0

ISO 9001:2000 Subclauses	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Practices
Section 4 – Quality management system	
4.1 General requirements	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products
	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources GP 2.12 Measure Performance
	GP 2.13 Review Performance with Higher-level Management
	GP 2.14 Take Corrective Actions GP 3.1 Standardize the Process
	GP 3.3 Improve Processes
4.2 Documentation requirements	DD 00 01E - 11:1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
4.2.1 General	BP 00.01Establish and maintain strategic vision
	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
	GP 2.1 Establish Organizational Policy
	GP 2.2 Document the Process
4.2.2 Quality Manual	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
	GP 2.2 Document the Process
	GP 3.1 Standardize the Process
4.2.3 Control of Documents	BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration Management Strategy
	BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration Items and Interim
	Work Products
	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product
	Baselines
	BP 16.04 Control Changes
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
	BP 17.04 Share Information
	BP 17.05 Protect Information
10.10	GP 2.9 Manage Work Products
4.2.4 Control of records	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product
	Baselines BB 16 04 Central Changes
	BP 16.04 Control Changes BP 17.01 Establish Information Management Strategy
	BP 17.03 Store Information
	BP 17.04 Share Information
	BP 17.04 Shale information BP 17.05 Protect Information
	GP 2.9 Manage Work Products
Section 5 - Management	
responsibility	
5.1 Management commitment	BP 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision.
	BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision
	BP 00.03 Establish and maintain strategy
	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans

ISO 9001:2000 Subclauses	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Practices
	BP 00.05 Review performance
	BP 00.06 Act on results of review
	GP 2.1 Establish Organizational Policy
	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
5.2 Customer focus	BP 01.01 Identify Customers and Stakeholders
	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements
5.3 Quality policy	BP 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision.
	BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision
	BP 00.05 Review performance
	GP 2.1 Establish Organizational Policy
5.4 Planning	
5.4.1 Quality objectives	BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision
	BP 00.03 Establish and maintain strategy
	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System
	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
5.4.2 Quality management system	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System
planning	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
5.5 Responsibility, authority,	
communication	
5.5.1 Responsibility and authority	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility
5.5.2 Management representative	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility
5.5.3 Internal Communication	BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision
	BP 00.03 Establish and maintain strategy
	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
	GP 2.15 Coordinate with Stakeholders
5.6 Management review	
5.6.1 General	BP 00.05 Review performance
	GP 2.13 Review Performance with Higher-level Management
5.6.2 Review input	BP 00.05 Review performance
	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance
	GP 2.13 Review Performance with Higher-level Management
5.6.3 Review output	BP 00.05 Review performance
_	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance
	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
	GP 2.13 Review Performance with Higher-level Management
	GP 2.14 Take Corrective Actions
Section 6 - Resource management	
6.1 Provision of resources	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources (applied to PAs 00, 01, 15,
	20, and 21)
6.2 Human resources	
6.2.1 General	GP 2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge
6.2.2 Competence, awareness and	BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision.
training	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs
	BP 22.04 Train Individuals
	BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records
	BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness
1	
	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment
	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment GP 2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge
6.3 Infrastructure	

ISO 9001:2000 Subclauses	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Practices
6.4 Work environment	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation
	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
Section 7 - Product realization	
7.1 Planning of product realization	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans
	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System
	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
7.2 Customer-related processes	
7.2.1 Determination of requirements	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
related to the product	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements
	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements and Constraints
	BP 02.04 Derive requirements
	BP 02.05 Identify external interface requirements
	GP 2.7 Establish Work Product Requirements
7.2.2 Review of requirements related	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements
to the product	BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements change requests
	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products
	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
7.2.3 Customer communication	BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers
	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
7.0 D	GP 2.15 Coordinate with Stakeholders
7.3 Design and development	PRILLOID C. P. L. Oli, J. G. 10
7.3.1 Design and development	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
planning	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach
	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans
	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment
7220	BP 14.04 Establish Coordination and Communication Methods
7.3.2 Design and development inputs	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements
	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements and Constraints
	BP 02.04 Derive requirements
	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements
	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products
7.3.3 Design and development	
	BP 03.06 Establish Component Specifications BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description
outputs	BP 06.02 Formulate product or service components
	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation
7.3.4 Design and development review	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products
7.3.4 Design and development 7.3.5 Design and development	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
verification	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products
7.3.6 Design and development	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
validation	BP 08.06 Validate end-products
7.3.7 Control of design and	BP 16.04 Control Changes
development changes	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
de velopment enanges	GP 2.9 Manage Work Products
7.4 Purchasing	Of 2.7 Manage Work Houses
7.4.1 Purchasing process	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
7.4.1 r urchasting process	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
	BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service Acceptance
7.4.2 Purchasing information	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
1.4.2 Fuichasing information	DI 03.03 FIEPAIE 101 HIE SOHCHAHOH OF TASKING

ISO 9001:2000 Subclauses	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Practices
7.4.3 Verification of purchased	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products
product	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products
	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance
	BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and
	Products
	BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service Acceptance
7.5 Production and service provision	
7.5.1 Control of production and	BP 06.01 Establish the Implementation Environment
service provision	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation
	BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for
	Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities
	BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment
	BP 09.03 Oversee Configuration of Product or Service
	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or
	Dispense with Service BP 10.01 Operate the system, product or service
	BP 10.02 Monitor and evaluate capacity, service, and performance
	BP 10.07 Provide customer support
	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
7.5.2 Validation of processes for	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
production and service provision	21 10102 130mior 11000ss companie
7.5.3 Identification and traceability	BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration Items and Interim
	Work Products
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
7.5.4 Customer property	BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration Items and Interim
	Work Products
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
	BP 17.05 Protect Information
	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
7.5.5 Preservation of product	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
	BP 10.03 Confirm availability of parts and personnel
7.6 Control of monitoring and	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
measuring devices	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment
	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
Section 8 - Measurement, analysis and improvement	
8.1 General	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
	GP 3.3 Improve Processes
8.2 Monitoring and measurement	
8.2.1 Customer satisfaction	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
8.2.2 Internal Audit	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality
	GP 2.10 Objectively Assess Process Compliance
	GP 2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products
8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of	BP 00.05 Review performance

ISO 9001:2000 Subclauses	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Practices
processes	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.03 Store data and results
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	BP 18.05 Communicate results
	GP 2.10 Objectively Assess Process Compliance
	GP 2.12 Measure Performance
8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of	BP 00.05 Review performance
product	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products
	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products
	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality
	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.03 Store data and results
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	BP 18.05 Communicate results
	GP 2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products
	GP 2.12 Measure Performance
8.3 Control of nonconforming	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
product	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products
	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
8.4 Analysis of data	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.03 Store data and results
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
8.5 Improvement	
8.5.1 Continual improvement	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate Process Definition
	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program
	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains
	GP 3.3 Improve Processes
8.5.2 Corrective action	BP 10.05 Analyze failures
	BP 10.06 Take or initiate corrective action
	BP 10.07 Provide customer support
	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
	BP 15.07 Evaluate the Effect of Changes
0.5.2.B	GP 2.14 Take Corrective Actions
8.5.3 Preventive action	BP 10.04 Perform preventive maintenance
	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
	BP 13.02 Identify Risks
	BP 13.03 Assess Risks
	BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans
	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk Mitigation Plans
	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
	BP 15.07 Evaluate the Effect of Changes

EIA/IS 731 to FAA-iCMM v2.0

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and
	Practices
FA 1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements	PA 01 Needs; PA 02 Requirements; PA 08 Evaluation
SP 1.1-1-1 Identify, collect and baseline stakeholder needs,	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs.
expectations and constraints.	
SP 1.1-1-2a Elicit or stimulate stakeholder needs	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs.
SP 1.1-1-2b Prioritize stakeholder needs, expectations and constraints.	BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need.
SP 1.1-1-3a Review, coordinate, and deconflict stakeholder needs and constraints.	BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need.
SP 1.1-1-3b Inform stakeholders on a regular basis about the status	BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers.
and disposition of needs, expectations, or measures of effectiveness	Br 01.05 Communicate with Customers.
SP 1.1-2-1a Analyze and quantify functionality required by users.	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements.
SP 1.1-2-1b Transform customer/user requirements into a set of	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
system level requirements.	Br 62.67 Record and baseline requirements.
SP 1.1-2-1c Define a system requirements baseline.	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
SP 1.1-2-1d Obtain an agreement between acquirer and developer that	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
system level requirements reflect their needs and expectation	Br 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
SP 1.1-2-2a Develop operational concepts and scenarios, which	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs.
include functionality, performance, maintenance, support and disposal as appropriate.	BI 01.03 Mary 2c Needs.
SP 1.1-2-2b Review adequacy of system requirements to meet	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
stakeholder needs with key stakeholders.	Br 62.67 Record and busefine requirements.
SP 1.1-2-2c Review operational concepts and scenarios to refine and discover requirements	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs.
SP 1.1-2-2d Record system requirement decisions that have a	BP 02.03 Identify key requirements
significant effect on cost, technical or schedule performance, and the	br 02.03 identify key requirements
rationale for the decisions.	DD 01 02 A :: -1 N 1-
SP 1.1-2-2e Define the environment the system will operate in, including boundaries and constraints.	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
SP 1.1-2-3a Negotiate an agreement between stakeholders and developers that system level requirements represent an optimum balance of their needs and expectations.	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
SP 1.1-2-3b Allow for expansion and growth in system requirements.	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements.
SP 1.1-2-3c Analyze and quantify functionality indicated by	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance
stakeholder requirements.	Requirements.
SP 1.1-2-4 Perform analyses, simulations or prototypes to assure that	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements
system requirements will satisfy stakeholder needs and expectations.	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements
	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
FA 1.2 Define Technical Problem	PA 02 Requirements; PA 01 Needs; PA 03 Design; PA 04 Alternatives Analysis; PA 13 Risk Management
SP 1.2-1-1a Develop a detailed operational concept of the interaction	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs.
of the system, the user, and the environment, that satisfies the	
operational, support, maintenance, and disposal needs.	
SP 1.2-1-1b Derive, from the system and other (e.g., environmental)	BP 02.04 Derive requirements.
requirements, requirements that may be logically inferred and implied	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
as essential to system effectiveness.	

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
SP 1.2-1-1c Identify key stakeholder requirements and constraints that have a strong influence on cost, schedule, functionality, risk, or	BP 02.03 Identify key requirements.
performance.	DD 02 02 11 vic N. C. vi 1
SP 1.2-1-2a Identify and manage non-technical requirements	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional
concurrently with operational, functional, support, maintenance and	Requirements and Constraints.
disposal requirements.	DD 04 02 D (** 4 D 11
SP 1.2-1-2b Balance system and development cost and complexity,	BP 04.02 Define the Problem.
schedule, performance, and capabilities of existing designs and products in all trade studies using established criteria.	
SP 1.2-1-2c Capture relationships between requirements for consider-	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
ation during change management and requirements allocation.	B1 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
SP 1.2-1-2d Maintain this status of requirements.	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
SP 1.2-1-3 Use validated models, simulations, and prototyping to	BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans.
reduce cost and risk of system development.	Br 13.04 Develop Risk Miligation Flans.
SP 1.2-2-1a Partition requirements into groups, based on established	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance
criteria (such as similar functionality, performance, or coupling) to	Requirements.
facilitate and focus the requirements analysis.	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
SP 1.2-2-1b Consider the sequencing of time-critical functions both initially and subsequently during system component development.	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements. BP 03.05 Define Interactions among Design Elements.
SP 1.2-2-1c Identify interface requirements associated with things	BP 02.05 Identify external interface
external to the system and internally between functional partitions or objects.	requirements.
SP 1.2-2-1d Establish a derived requirements baseline, including the	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
allocation of requirements to subsystems and system components.	
SP 1.2-2-1e Allocate requirements to functional partitions, objects,	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance
people, or support elements to support synthesis of solutions.	Requirements. BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements.
SP 1.2-2-2a Maintain requirements traceability to ensure that lower	BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and
level (derived) requirements are necessary and sufficient to meet the	traceability.
objectives of higher level requirements, and are consistent with the product's functional architecture.	traceability.
SP 1.2-2-2b Conduct trade studies or decision analyses to select	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure.
between competing alternatives in all phases of the requirements	BI 03.02 Bevelop Besign Structure.
process, including initial architecture development and subsequently	
in allocating requirements to lower levels of functional and physical	
architectures.	
SP 1.2-2-3 Capture rationale for system level requirements, derived	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
requirements, allocations, and traceability.	22 02.07 record and outenine requirements.
SP 1.2-3-1a Analyze requirements to ensure that they are complete,	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements.
correct, realizable and verifiable.	
SP 1.2-3-1b Develop and document system and subsystem	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures.
verification criteria concurrently with requirements development.	1
SP 1.2-3-2 Formally review or inspect requirements for quality	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements.
attributes including stability, lack of ambiguity, and traceability to the	2 I
customer baseline.	
SP 1.2-4-1 Document changes to requirements.	BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements
	change requests.
SP 1.2-4-2a Establish a process for formally and proactively	BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements

impact prior to commitment to change, gaining stakeholder buy-in, and tracking and closing out the actions and results. SP 1.2-4.2b Evaluate the impact of requirement changes from the standpoint of all stakeholders. SP 1.2-5-12 Inoroley stakeholders in the process of requirements with stakeholders SP 1.2-5-26 Inovolve stakeholders in the process of requirements development. SP 1.2-5-28 Inovolve stakeholders in the process of requirements with customers. SP 1.2-5-28 Baseline (describe, capture, and control) and communicate requirements and functional architectures to all stakeholders. SP 1.2-5-20 Baseline (describe, capture, and control) and communicate requirements and functional architectures to all stakeholders. SP 1.2-5-22 Capture records of communications with stakeholders relative to requirements trade studies and allocations, (CM) SP 1.2-5-29 Periodically review requirements and their relationship with system functional and physical architectures. FA 1.3 Define Solution SP 1.3-1-10 Engine Po 408 Evaluation; PA 02 Requirements; PA 13 Risk Management SP 1.3-1-10 Generate alternative system concepts physical architectures, and design solutions and select a solution in accordance with EA 1.4 - Assess and Select. SP 1.3-1-10 Generate alternative system concepts physical architectures, and design solutions and select a solution in accordance with the practices of FA 1.5 - Integrate System. SP 1.3-1-20 Enthity architectural or design issues that must be resolved to support successful development of the system. SP 1.3-1-20 Assign responsibilities for establishing the system practices of FA 1.2 - Define Enchincial Problem for maintenance. SP 1.3-1-13 Fully define interfaces in terms of origination, destination, stimulus and data characteristics for software, and electrical and mechanical characteristics for software, and electrical and mechanical characteristics for bardware. SP 1.3-1-3 Fully define interfaces in terms of origination, destination, stimulus and data characteristics for software, and	EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
standpoint of all stakeholders. SP 1.2-5-1 Formally review requirements with stakeholders SP 1.2-5-2 Involve stakeholders in the process of requirements development. SP 1.2-5-2 Baseline (describe, capture, and control) and communicate requirements and functional architectures to all stakeholders. SP 1.2-5-2 Baseline (describe, capture, and control) and communicate requirements and functional architectures to all stakeholders. SP 1.2-5-2 Capture records of communications with stakeholders relative to requirements trade studies and allocations. (CM) SP 1.2-5-2 Capture records of communications with stakeholders relative to requirements trade studies and allocations. (CM) SP 1.2-5-2 Capture records of communications with stakeholders relative to requirements trade studies and allocations. (CM) SP 1.3-1-1 Capture and maintain a description of solution Component features and constraints. SP 1.3-1-16 Cenerate alternative system concepts physical architectures, and design solutions and select a solution in accordance with FA 1.4 - Assess and Select. SP 1.3-1-16 Generate alternative system concepts physical architectures, and design solutions and select a solution in accordance with the practices of FA 1.5 - Integrate System. SP 1.3-1-12 Identify architectural or design issues that must be resolved to support successful development of the system. SP 1.3-1-2 Record and maintain the solution description and rationale in a way that is accessible to all stakeholders. SP 1.3-1-2 Record and maintain the solution description and rationale in a way that is accessible to all stakeholders. SP 1.3-1-3 Filly define interfaces in terms of origination, estimation, stimulus and data characteristics for hardware. SP 1.3-1-3 Filly define interfaces in terms of origination, estimation, stimulus and data characteristics for hardware. SP 1.3-1-3 Filly define interfaces in terms of origination, estimation, stimulus and data characteristics for hardware. SP 1.3-1-3 Filly define interfaces in terms of origination, estimatio	impact prior to commitment to change, gaining stakeholder buy-in, and tracking and closing out the actions and results.	
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EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
SP 1.3-1-4b Develop system design alternatives which consider life cycle cost, complexity, system expansion, and growth.	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure.
SP 1.3-1-4c Consider the evolution of requirement drivers and technology in selecting a preferred solution	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure.
SP 1.3-1-5 Identify key architectural features which guide future system/product versions and upgrades.	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description.
SP 1.3-2-1a Identify the assignment or allocation of requirements to design components and interfaces for recording and maintenance in accordance with requirement management practices of FA 1.2 - Define Technical Problem.	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements.
SP 1.3-2-1b Identify traceability of derived requirements to parent requirements for recording and maintenance in accordance with requirement management practices of FA 1.2 - Define Technical Problem.	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
SP 1.3-2-2a Identify requirement performance and functional allocations to design components and interfaces for recording and maintenance in accordance with the requirement management practices of FA 1.2 - Define Technical Problem.	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements.
SP 1.3-2-2b Allocate key requirements to alternative solution components.	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements.
SP 1.3-2-3a Identify and allocate appropriate derived requirements that address the effectiveness and cost of life-cycle phases following development, such as production and operation, to the extent they are compatible with business objectives.	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements.
SP 1.3-2-3b Identify key requirements and design issues for separate tracking per the requirement management practices of FA 1.2 - Define Technical Problem, and for consideration by the practices of FA 2.5 - Manage Risk.	BP 03.01 Identify and Prioritize Design Issues.
SP 1.3-2-3c Review derived and allocated requirements for completeness and correctness against established criteria and in the context of operational concept threads or scenarios in accordance with the practices of FA 1.6 - Verify System.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.3-2-3d Identify evolving requirement issues and their impacts to ongoing programs as inputs to the requirement management practices of FA 1.2 – Define Technical Problem	BP 03.01 Identify and Prioritize Design Issues.
SP 1.3-2-3e Identify design constraints as requirements for each level of design.	BP 03.06 Establish Component Specifications.
SP 1.3-2-3f Capture the rationale for requirement allocation decisions. SP 1.3-3-1 Conduct internal and formal design reviews to verify that the design meets requirements.	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements. BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.3-3-2a Identify design risk areas for input to the practices of FA 2.5 – Manage Risk, and resolve risk items through analysis, prototyping, modeling or simulation.	BP 13.02 Identify Risks.
SP 1.3-3-2b Review component requirements to assure that the components are necessary and sufficient for meeting higher level requirements.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.3-3-3 Verify that the implemented design will meet functional and performance requirements, through analysis, prototyping, modeling or simulation.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
FA 1.4 Assess and Select	PA 04 Alternatives Analysis
SP 1.4-1-1 Use structured decision making techniques to resolve technical issues.	BP 04.01 Establish Analysis Strategy.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
SP 1.4-1-2 Select appropriate decision-making technique and record rationale for choice.	BP 04.03 Select Analysis Method.
SP 1.4-2-1 Consider all alternatives presented when making a decision.	BP 04.04 Identify Alternative Solutions.
SP 1.4-2-2 Identify alternatives for consideration in addition to those supplied with the problem statement.	BP 04.04 Identify Alternative Solutions.
SP 1.4-3-1 Use established, documented evaluation criteria.	BP 04.01 Establish Analysis Strategy.
SP 1.4-3-2a Evaluate the reasonableness and validity of assumptions.	BP 04.05 Analyze Alternative Solutions.
SP 1.4-3-2b Consider sensitivity of analysis results when establishing evaluation criteria.	BP 04.05 Analyze Alternative Solutions
SP 1.4-3-3a Include technology limitations, environmental impact, and risks in evaluation criteria.	BP 04.05 Analyze Alternative Solutions
SP 1.4-3-3b Include total ownership and life-cycle costs in evaluation criteria.	BP 04.05 Analyze Alternative Solutions
SP 1.4-3-3c Capture the rationale for the selection and rejection of evaluation criteria.	BP 04.07 Communicate Analysis Results.
SP 1.4-4-1a Select a balanced solution based on established criteria.	BP 04.06 Select Solution.
SP 1.4-4-1b Involve affected parties in the selection of preferred alternatives.	BP 04.06 Select Solution.
SP 1.4-4-2 Capture and communicate decisions and their rationale to affected parties.	BP 04.07 Communicate Analysis Results.
SP 1.4-4-3 Record alternative solutions and the rationale for rejection.	BP 04.07 Communicate Analysis Results.
FA 1.5 Integrate System	PA 07 Integration; PA 03 Design; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 11 Project Management; PA 04 Alternatives Analysis
SP 1.5-1-1 Develop an integration strategy.	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy.
SP 1.5-1-2 Document integration strategy as part of an integration plan.	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy.
SP 1.5-1-3a Develop the integration plan early in the program.	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy.
SP 1.5-1-3b When multiple teams are involved with system development, establish and follow a formal procedure for coordinating integration activities.	GP 2.15 Coordinate with Stakeholders.
SP 1.5-1-4a Review the integration strategy on a continuous basis.	GP 2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products.
SP 1.5-1-4b Capture rationale for decisions taken and deferred.	BP 04.07 Communicate Analysis Results.
SP 1.5-1-5 Improve standard integration strategies based upon rationale for decisions which resulted in improved integration performance.	GP 3.3 Improve Processes.
SP 1.5-2-1a Coordinate interface definition, design, and changes	BP 07.03 Review and Coordinate Interface
between affected groups and individuals throughout the life cycle.	Definitions.
SP 1.5-2-1b Identify interface requirements baselines.	GP 2.9 Manage Work Products
SP 1.5-2-2a Review interface data.	BP 07.03 Review and Coordinate Interface Definitions.
SP 1.5-2-2b Ensure complete coverage of all interfaces.	BP 07.03 Review and Coordinate Interface Definitions.
SP 1.5-2-3a Capture all interface designs in a common interface control format.	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description.
SP 1.5-2-3b Capture interface design rationale.	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description.
SP 1.5-2-3c Store interface data in a commonly accessible repository.	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
SP 1.5-2-4 Review the adequacy of interface documentation periodically.	BP 07.03 Review and Coordinate Interface Definitions.
SP 1.5-3-1a Verify the receipt of each system element (component) required to assemble the system in accordance with the physical architecture.	BP 07.02 Confirm Readiness of Product and Service Elements.
SP 1.5-3-1b Verify that the system element interfaces comply with the interface documentation prior to assembly.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.5-3-2 Coordinate the receipt of system elements for system integration according to the planned integration strategy.	BP 07.02 Confirm Readiness of Product and Service Elements.
SP 1.5-4-1a Assemble aggregates of system elements in accordance with the integration plan.	BP 07.04 Assemble Product and Service Elements.
SP 1.5-4-1b Checkout assembled aggregates of system elements.	BP 07.05 Confirm Integrated Product or Service Operation.
SP 1.5-4-4 When multiple organizations are involved in system integration, periodically assess the quality of their mutual interaction to improve the program-level integration effort.	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance.
FA 1.6 Verify System	PA 08 Evaluation
SP 1.6-1-1 Plan the set of comprehensive, integrated verification activities, addressing all certification requirements, objectives, resources, facilities, special equipment, and schedules applicable to the system development.	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy.
SP 1.6-1-2a Include realistic operational and environmental scenarios in system verification plans.	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy.
SP 1.6-1-2b Review verification plans early with peers within the developer's organization and with other system stakeholders to assess risky aspects of system development and to agree on alternative courses of action in the event of failures while conducting verification.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.6-1-3 Require development of verification plans in organizational policy.	GP 2.1 Establish Organizational Policy.
SP 1.6-2-1 Define the methods, process, and evaluation criteria by which the systems, subsystems and work products are verified against their requirements in a written plan.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures.
SP 1.6-2-2 Identify the individual or team responsible for verification in the verification plan and assign qualified personnel per the plan.	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility.
SP 1.6-2-3a Adjust system requirements and development plans appropriately according to risks of failing system verification.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.6-2-3b Acquire test equipment and software and items to be tested according to a comprehensive strategy that enables reuse.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment.
SP 1.6-2-3c Validate test or analysis procedures and support facilities.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures.
SP 1.6-3-1a Perform re-verification of corrected deficiencies and changed requirements and designs.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results.
SP 1.6-3-1b Inspect implemented, purchased, and reused components to verify they meet requirements.	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products.
SP 1.6-3-2a Test new and unproven designs (i.e., highest risk) at the lowest assembly level to verify their compliance with established requirements early in the development life cycle.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.6-3-2b Review the incremental verification results vis -à-vis requirements with key stakeholders on an on-going basis.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.6-3-2c Verify system, subsystem, and work products against requirements established in an earlier phase.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
SP 1.6-3-2d Perform incremental verification on systems, subsystems, and work products.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.6-4-1 Compare the collected test, inspection, or review results with established evaluation criteria to assess the degree of success.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results.
SP 1.6-4-2a Involve all product stakeholders in the review of system verification results and issues.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results.
SP 1.6-4-2b Inform stakeholders of the results of verification activities.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results.
SP 1.6-4-3 Use verification results to compare actual measurements and performance to technical performance parameters.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results.
FA 1.7 Validate System	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 01 Needs; PA 11 Project Management
SP 1.7-1-1 Develop a strategy for system validation.	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy.
SP 1.7-1-2 Define requirements for a realistic operational, maintenance, and support environment.	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy.
SP 1.7-1-3 Formally document the environment, operational scenario, test procedures, inputs, outputs, expected results, and evaluation criteria for the system validation plan.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures.
SP 1.7-2-1 Conduct early requirements validation in some fashion on the program to reduce the risk of failing system validation.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
SP 1.7-2-2 Provide appropriate tools to support system requirement validation activities (e.g., rapid prototyping, simulation, decision making, etc.).	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment.
SP 1.7-2-3 Factor system validation issues into risk analysis.	BP 13.02 Identify Risks.
SP 1.7-2-4 Review the results of early validation periodically to assess the adequacy of the system design as it matures, with corrective action taken as necessary.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results.
SP 1.7-3-1 Perform operational test and evaluation in some manner.	BP 08.06 Validate end-products.
SP 1.7-3-2a Perform operational, maintenance, and support test and evaluation.	BP 08.06 Validate end-products.
SP 1.7-3-2b Provide appropriate tools to support system validation activities, both simulations and actual systems.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment.
SP 1.7-4-1 Assess system validation issues for their impact on the program.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results.
SP 1.7-4-2a Coordinate the resolution of validation issues among affected projects within the program.	GP 2.15 Coordinate With Participants and Stakeholders
SP 1.7-4-2b Use the results of early validation to support tracking and oversight of technical performance parameters.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance.
SP 1.7-4-3a Include early validation activities as part of concept definition to reduce risk of specifying invalid requirements.	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs.
SP 1.7-4-3b Include system validation issues (e.g., unanticipated or unintended functions or behavior) as an integral part of all formal, system level design reviews.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
FA 2.1 Plan and Organize	PA 11 Project Management
SP 2.1-1-1 Identify resources that are critical to the technical success of the program.	BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource Requirements.
SP 2.1-1-2a Reconcile the level of technical work required for the program to the available level of funding or projected market potential.	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment.
SP 2.1-1-2b Assign responsibility for developing the technical management plan.	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
SP 2.1-1-2c Designate a system engineering first-line manager or team leader to be responsible for negotiating technical commitments.	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility.
SP 2.1-2-1a Determine a technical approach for the program.	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach.
SP 2.1-2-1b Estimate the magnitude and technical feasibility of the program.	BP 11.03 Estimate Planning Parameters.
SP 2.1-2-2a Identify technical activities for the entire life cycle of the program.	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach.
SP 2.1-2-2b Identify key technical performance parameters. SP 2.1-2-2c Establish thresholds or profiles for key technical	BP 11.03 Estimate Planning Parameters. BP 11.03 Estimate Planning Parameters.
performance parameters. SP 2.1-2-3 Identify and define a system life cycle with predefined	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle
stages of manageable size. SP 2.1-3-1a Generate a work breakdown structure for the program	Approach. BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle
that defines logical units of work to be managed at the program level. SP 2.1-3-1b Develop cost estimates for the technical aspects of the	Approach. BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource
program.	Requirements.
SP 2.1-3-1c Generate documented and approved statements of work for systems engineering activities.	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans.
SP 2.1-3-2a Define systems engineering work products, including data requirements, and activities in a traceable and accountable manner, including data requirements.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs.
1	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach. BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans.
SP 2.1-3-2b Ensure the technical management plan provides form and context for the planned technical activities and identify products.	
SP 2.1-3-2c Ensure the work breakdown structure covers all the tasks and products necessary for the program.	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach.
SP 2.1-3-3a Derive estimates for the size and cost of the systems engineering work products and efforts based upon historical data.	BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource Requirements.
SP 2.1-3-3b Consider whether a system is precedented or unprecedented when generating estimates of the engineering effort.	BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource Requirements.
SP 2.1-3-3c Capture the basis or rationale for systems engineering planning and estimates.	BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource Requirements.
SP 2.1-3-3d Assure that the work breakdown structure reviewed is complete- and consistent with the system or product structure.	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach.
SP 2.1-4-1 Develop schedules for the current life cycle phase as a part of the planning activities.	BP 11.05 Establish Schedules.
SP 2.1-4-2a Develop top level schedules for the remaining life cycle phases of the program.	BP 11.05 Establish Schedules.
SP 2.1-4-2b Address task dependencies as a part of scheduling. SP 2.1-4-3 Provide traceability between the schedule (calendar-based	BP 11.05 Establish Schedules. BP 11.05 Establish Schedules.
plan) and the event-driven plan. SP 2.1-5-1a Develop a technical management plan for the program.	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans.
SP 2.1-5-1b Ensure there are clear lines of responsibility and authority between systems engineering and program management.	BP 11.08 Organize to meet Project Objectives.
SP 2.1-5-2a Assign responsibility for program planning. SP 2.1-5-2b Include in the technical management plan provisions to	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility. BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans.
maintain the plan and for recording deviations from the plan.	
SP 2.1-5-2c Document the program roles, responsibilities, and objectives for each organization or functional discipline.	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans. BP 11.08 Organize to meet Project Objectives.
SP 2.1-5-2d Develop an event driven plan for technical aspects of the program.	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
SP 2.1-5-2e Review technical plans with stakeholders and obtain their	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment.
commitment.	
SP 2.1-5-3a Ensure the systems engineering activities and work	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope,
products that are needed to establish and maintain control of the	and Outputs.
program are well defined.	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle
program are went defined.	Approach.
SP 2.1-5-3b Conduct formal reviews of the technical management	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment.
plan to assess its consistency with the top-level program management	BI 11.07 Establish Communicity.
plan and with lower-level plans.	
FA 2.2 Monitor and Control	PA 11 Project Management; PA 18
171 2.2 Monttor and Control	Measurement and Analysis
SP 2.2-1-1 Determine the degree of oversight for programs needing	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans.
monitoring and controlling to promote the organization's goals.	BI 11.00 Establish and Wallitam Halls.
	DD 11 06 Establish and Maintain Dlana
SP 2.2-1-2 Establish criteria against which each program is evaluated	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans.
to determine if it should be under the Monitor and Control FA	
activities.	DD 11 10 M '' D ' ' D C
SP 2.2-2-1 Track the resources expended, the program schedule, and	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance.
the technical performance measurements against the plan.	
SP 2.2-2-3 Evaluate and document the program's efforts for the	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance.
lessons learned.	
SP 2.2-3-1a Periodically collect and analyze the measures of program	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance.
and technical performance.	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data.
SP 2.2-3-1b Implement corrective action when measures deviate from	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action.
expected results.	
SP 2.2-3-4 Analyze and use prediction based on the program's	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project
measures to determine if the program's completion is at risk and thus	Performance.
warrants corrective action.	
FA 2.3 Integrate Disciplines	PA 14 Integrated Teaming
SP 2.3-1-1 Involve all essential disciplines, including both traditional	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated
and specialty engineering, in the system development process in a	Teams
timely manner	
SP 2.3-1-2 Adjust the mix of disciplines involved in each phase of	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated
system development as appropriate to the work being done.	Teams
SP 2.3-1-3a Involve personnel from affected groups in planning and	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated
other systems engineering activities (i.e., developing, reviewing,	Teams
allocating, and approving requirements) that affect them.	
SP 2.3-1-3b Allow systems engineering personnel to review and agree	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated
to designs, plans, and work products produced by other engineering	Teams
disciplines or that affect multiple disciplines.	
SP 2.3-2-1 Proactively emphasize the importance of intergroup	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated
coordination.	Teams
Coordination.	BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a
	Collaborative Workplace
SP 2.3-2-2a Capture and communicate intergroup coordination	BP 14.06 Communicate Integrated Team
activities and the results of those activities.	Activity Results
SP 2.3-2-2b Establish tools, methods, facilities (e.g., team rooms),	BP 14.04 Establish Coordination and
and an information infrastructure that eases and supports	Communication Methods
	Communication Methods
interdisciplinary coordination.	DD 14 04 E-4-11:-1- C 1' 4' 1
SP 2.3-2-3a Provide means for individuals and groups to acquire	BP 14.04 Establish Coordination and
skills that facilitate interdisciplinary cooperation, such as	Communication Methods
communication skills, group problem solving, and active listening.	DD 14 04 E-4-11:-1- C 1' - 4' - 1
SP 2.3-2-3b Plan for and provide regular exchanges of technical	BP 14.04 Establish Coordination and

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
information and issue identification and resolution among all stakeholders, including customers.	Communication Methods
SP 2.3-2-3c Establish a mechanism to ensure compliance with	BP 14.04 Establis h Coordination and
commitments made among groups.	Communication Methods
SP 2.3-2-4 Espouse and model appropriate communication skills and	BP 14.04 Establish Coordination and
interdepartmental cooperation on the part of upper management.	Communication Methods
SP 2.3-3-1 Establish and use a process or method for identifying and	BP 14.05 Establish Resolution Methods
resolving interdisciplinary issues.	
SP 2.3-3-2 Communicate interdisciplinary issues and activities to	BP 14.05 Establish Resolution Methods
affected groups, including program/project management and	
customer, supplier, and associate stakeholders.	
SP 2.3-3-3 Establish a process for escalating and arbitrating technical	BP 14.05 Establish Resolution Methods
differences, including a mechanism for authoritative resolution of	
conflicts.	
FA 2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 12 Supplier
	Agreement Management; PA 08 Evaluation
SP 2.4-1-1 The organization identifies system components or services	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or
that will be provided by internal & external suppliers.	Services:
SP 2.4-1-2 The organization performs trade studies to determine	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or
make-vs-buy decisions based on business needs.	Services:
SP 2.4-2-1 Capable suppliers are chosen according to FA 1.4 - Assess	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
and Select.	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
SP 2.4-2-2a Criteria are established to evaluate potential suppliers that	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or
meet program and organization objectives.	Tasking
SP 2.4-2-2b Suppliers are selected based upon input from the systems engineering team leader.	BP 5.04 Choose Supplier
SP 2.4-2-3 Suppliers are selected based on an evaluation of the supplier's ability to perform the work.	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
SP 2.4-3-1 The organization provides the supplier with the needs, expectations, and measures of effectiveness for the system	BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers
components and services to be delivered.	
SP 2.4-3-2a When suppliers are used on the program, requirements	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or
for the work are formally documented.	Tasking
SP 2.4-3-2b Requirements changes are re-negotiated with the supplier	BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement
and the changes documented.	Integrity
SP 2.4-3-3 There is a clearly documented agreement that contains a	BP 5.05 Communicate with Suppliers
statement of work, specification, terms and conditions, a list of	
deliverables, a schedule, budget, and a defined acceptance process.	
SP 2.4-3-4 The selected supplier is involved early in the program to	BP 5.05 Communicate with Suppliers
assist in the requirements development and definition.	
SP 2.4-4-1 The supplier's progress (schedule, cost, technical	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
performance) is managed.	Performance
SP 2.4-4-2a Those involved in managing the supplier receive	GP 2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge
orientation in the technical aspects of the documented agreement.	
SP 2.4-4-2b The supplier's quality and configuration control activities	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
are monitored.	Performance
SP 2.4-4-2c Acceptance testing is conducted as part of the delivery of the supplier's products.	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products.
SP 2.4-4-3a The documented agreement between the acquirer and the	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
supplier is used as the basis for managing the supplier.	Performance

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and
CD2 4 4 21 D 1 1 1 1 C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Practices
SP 2.4-4-3b Periodic informal reviews, technical reviews, and interchanges are held with the supplier.	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance
SP 2.4-4-3c Formal reviews are conducted at selected milestones to	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
address supplier's systems engineering accomplishments and results.	Performance
SP 2.4-4-3d Discrepancies discovered during acceptance testing are	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
used to improve the supplier's processes and products.	Performance
SP 2.4-4-3e There is a mechanism for assuring that all suppliers	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
follow their defined engineering process.	Performance
SP 2.4-4-4a Systems engineering personnel participate in and approve	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility.
the plans, process, and product standards used by suppliers.	,
SP 2.4-4-4b There is a mechanism for establishing and nurturing long	BP 5.05 Communicate with Suppliers.
term relationships with preferred suppliers.	Br 3.03 Communicate with Suppliers.
FA 2.5 Manage Risk	PA 13 Risk Management; PA 14 Integrated
1112.0 Manage Risk	Teaming
SP 2.5-1-1 Plan risk management activities.	GP 2.3 Plan the Process.
SP 2.5-1-2 Provide an approved risk management plan containing risk	GP 2.3 Plan the Process.
levels and expected management response for each level.	
SP 2.5-1-3 Implement risk management for key processes within the	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach.
program: design, test, manufacturing, etc.	
SP 2.5-2-1 Identify performance risks.	BP 13.02 Identify Risks.
SP 2.5-2-2 Identify cost and schedule risks.	BP 13.02 Identify Risks.
SP 2.5-2-3 Review all elements of the work breakdown structure as part	BP 13.02 Identify Risks.
of the risk identification process in order to help ensure that all program	
aspects have been considered.	
SP 2.5-3-1 Assess risks qualitatively.	BP 13.03 Assess Risks.
SP 2.5-3-2 Assess each risk and determine the probability of occurrence	BP 13.03 Assess Risks.
and quantified consequence of impact for the program.	
SP 2.5-4-3a Review the analysis of risks for adequacy and	GP 2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products.
completeness.	
SP 2.5-4-3b For each risk, establish cause and effect relationships.	BP 13.03 Assess Risks.
SP 2.5-4-3c Analyze each risk for potential coupling to all other	BP 13.03 Assess Risks.
identified risks.	
SP 2.5-4-3d Develop alternative courses of action, work-arounds, and	BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans.
fall-back positions with a recommended course of action for each ris k.	
SP 2.5-4-4 Use collected metrics regarding identified risks and examine	BP 13.03 Assess Risks.
them in light of previous risk analyses, and when established thresholds	
are exceeded, initiate corrective action.	
SP 2.5-5-2 Categorize risks into those that can be avoided, controlled,	BP 13.03 Assess Risks.
or accepted.	
SP 2.5-5-3a Document risk reduction profiles and review them for	BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans.
appropriateness.	
SP 2.5-5-3b Review risk mitigation (handling) including risk reduction	GP 2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products.
profile for adequacy and completeness.	
SP 2.5-6-2 Implement the risk mitigation strategy for the program.	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk Mitigation Plans.
SP 2.5-6-3 Document risk analysis results and mitigation plans.	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk
22 2 2 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Mitigation Plans.
SP 2.5-7-3a Monitor and re-evaluate risks at appropriate milestones.	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk
51 2.5 / 54 Profitor and to evaluate risks at appropriate inflestones.	Mitigation Plans.
SP 2.5-7-3b Provide the results of risk monitoring activities to affected	GP 2.15 Coordinate with Stakeholders.
personnel and disciplines.	
personner und discriptines.	<u> </u>

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
SP 2.5-7-3c Provide a mechanism for monitoring corrective actions taken and tracking open risk items to closure.	GP 2.12 Measure Performance.
SP 2.5-7-4 During risk monitoring, identify and analyze new risks and take corrective action.	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk Mitigation Plans.
SP 2.5-8-1 Establish a communication path between the risk management team and the program management team.	GP 2.15 Coordinate with Stakeholders.
SP 2.5-8-2a Involve a multi-functional group for risk management that spans both technical and business specialties –involve appropriate stakeholders	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated Teams.
SP 2.5-8-2b Integrate risk management both vertically and horizontally across the program.	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach.
SP 2.5-8-3 Include risk management as a part of program formal reviews.	GP 2.13 Review Performance with Higher-level Management.
FA 2.6 Manage Data	PA 17 Information Management
SP 2.6-1-1 Establish program data and data management requirements.	BP 17.01 Establish Information Management Strategy.
SP 2.6-1-2 Review data management activities periodically to confirm that the program data requirements are still valid and on schedule.	BP 17.01 Establish Information Management Strategy. GP 2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products. GP 2.10 Objectively Assess Process Compliance.
SP 2.6-1-3 Establish program data requirements based upon a common or standard set of data requirements.	BP 17.01 Establish Information Management Strategy.
SP 2.6-1-3 Establish program data requirements based upon a common or standard set of data requirements.	BP 17.06 Establish Information Standards.
SP 2.6-2-1 Inspect program data for compliance to data requirements prior to delivery or archiving.	GP 2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products.
SP 2.6-2-2 Ensure that the process for review, approval and release of data is well understood through the program	GP 2.15 Coordinate with Stakeholders.
SP 2.6-3-1 Archive program data.	BP 17.03 Store Information.
SP 2.6-3-2 Establish a capability to retrieve desired program data quickly.	BP 17.04 Share Information.
SP 2.6-3-3a Provide a common data management archival and retrieval capability throughout the organization.	BP 17.02 Establish Information Management Capability.
SP 2.6-3-3b Archive data efficiently based upon common characteristics (e.g., key words, topics, contract number, etc.).	BP 17.03 Store Information.
SP 2.6-4-1 Changes to data requirements and data are controlled and communicated.	GP 2.9 Manage Work Products.
SP 2.6-5-1 Record and maintain the status of program data.	BP 17.04 Share Information
SP 2.6-5-2a Communicate status reports documenting data management activities to appropriate groups and individuals.	BP 17.04 Share Information.
SP 2.6-5-2b Alert individuals having responsibility for the generation of program data of upcoming milestones and delivery dates	GP 2.15 Coordinate with Stakeholders.
FA 2.7 Manage Configurations	PA 16 Configuration Management
SP 2.7-1-1 Identify, baseline, and control work products that define the product.	BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration Items and Interim Work Products. BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product Baselines.
SP 2.7-1-2a Identify, baseline, and control work products from all	BP 16.04 Control Changes. BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration
Focus Areas that are critical enough to require configuration management.	Management Strategy. BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
	Items and Interim Work Products. BP 16.04 Control Changes.
SP 2.7-1-2b Maintain a repository of work product baselines.	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product Baselines.
SP 2.7-1-2c Maintain the capability to store, manage, retrieve, and distinguish multiple versions of product elements and work products.	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product Baselines.
SP 2.7-1-3 Formally control release of products created from the baseline library.	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product Baselines. BP 16.04 Control Changes.
SP 2.7-2-1 Changes to established baselines are recorded, reviewed, approved, controlled, and verified as incorporated.	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product Baselines. BP 16.04 Control Changes. BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status. BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections.
SP 2.7-2-2 Changes are evaluated through a process that ensures they are consistent with all the technical and program requirements.	BP 16.04 Control Changes. BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections.
SP 2.7-2-3 Changes are evaluated for their impact beyond the immediate program or contract requirements.	BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration Management Strategy. BP 16.04 Control Changes.
SP 2.7-3-1 Status of configuration data, changes, and access information is recorded, tracked, and communicated to affected groups.	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status.
SP 2.7-4-1 Periodically audit configuration management activities and processes to confirm that the resulting baselines and documentation are accurate and record audit results.	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections.
FA 2.8 Ensure Quality	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
SP 2.8-1-1 Communicate management's role in quality activities and improvements to the program team.	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility.
SP 2.8-1-2a Assign responsibility for quality activities and improvements to the program team.	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility.
SP 2.8-1-2b Create an environment that encourages employee participation in identifying, reporting, and solving quality issues.	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement.
SP 2.8-2-1 Evaluate work products and system elements against requirements.	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality.
SP 2.8-2-2 Establish a process to detect the need for corrective actions to products and processes.	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality.
SP 2.8-2-3a Evaluate processes for adherence to standards and policies throughout the system life cycle.	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality.
SP 2.8-2-3b Perform in-progress or incremental evaluations of work products and system elements against requirements.	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality.
SP 2.8-2-4 Feed back lessons learned into processes for robustness of future designs.	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality. BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement.
SP 2.8-3-1 Use quality improvement tools in a disciplined manner to reduce defects and improve productivity.	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality.
SP 2.8-3-2 Provide readily available, just-in-time training on the use of advanced quality improvement tools.	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
FA 3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	PA 21 Process Improvement; PA 20 Process Definition; PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
SP 3.1-1-2 Establish systems engineering process goals from the organization's business goals.	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals.
SP 3.1-1-3a Assign responsibility and provide necessary resources to plan, implement, and communicate the organization's standard systems engineering process.	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources. GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility.
SP 3.1-1-3b Document rationale for selection and inclusion of best practices in the organization's standard systems engineering process.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes.
SP 3.1-2-2 Establish a process library for systems engineering process assets developed and collected by the program.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets.
SP 3.1-2-3a Establish and assertively manage a library for systems engineering process assets developed and collected by the organization.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets.
SP 3.1-2-3b Ensure that tailoring reports from application of the organization's standard systems engineering process to specific programs are recorded in the process library.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets.
SP 3.1-2-3c Ensure that program results of applying the organization's standard systems engineering process are recorded in the process asset library.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets.
SP 3.1-3-1 Identify existing systems engineering processes for use on programs.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets.
SP 3.1-3-2a Establish and follow a written organizational policy (may be part of a broad-based policy) for implementing and maintaining systems engineering process (es).	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals. GP 2.1 Establish Organizational Policy
SP 3.1-3-2b Describe and present the organizational policy clearly and completely to all engineering and program personnel.	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate Process Definition.
SP 3.1-3-3a Plan, approve, and establish process management and improvement activities according to a formal procedure.	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan. GP 2.2 Document the Process GP 2.3 Plan the Process
SP 3.1-3-3b Develop and document a standard systems engineering process for the organization based on industry standards and industry-wide best practices.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets.
SP 3.1-3-3c Define clearly the inputs and outputs of the sub-processes that comprise the systems engineering process.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes.
SP 3.1-3-3d Define entrance and exit criteria for each major activity in the systems engineering process.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes.
SP 3.1-3-3e Define a set of standard methods for use with the organization's standard systems engineering process used on programs.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes.
SP 3.1-3-3f Establish a formal process for implementing and improving Systems Engineering Activities.	GP 2.2 Document the Process
SP 3.1-3-5 Integrate the systems engineering process with other engineering and enterprise processes to establish a unified product development process.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes:
SP 3.1-4-3a Establish a set of tailoring guidelines for the organization's standard systems engineering process that permits the standard process to meet program-specific needs.	BP 20.02 Develop Tailoring Guidelines.
SP 3.1-4-3b Tailoring reports generated by the programs are reviewed and approved by the appropriate individuals (e.g., senior managers or	BP 20.02 Develop Tailoring Guidelines.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
members of the engineering process group).	
SP 3.1-5-2 Assess the program-specific systems engineering	BP 21.03 Appraise process.
processes and determine relative strengths and weaknesses.	
SP 3.1-5-3a Assess the organization's standard systems engineering	BP 21.03 Appraise process.
process.	
SP 3.1-5-3b Review root causes of errors or problems to determine	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality.
whether changes to the systems engineering process are required to	
prevent future occurrences.	
SP 3.1-5-3c Use a mechanism for periodically assessing the systems	BP 21.03 Appraise process.
engineering process.	
SP 3.1-5-3d Seek to benchmark the organization's systems	BP 21.03 Appraise process.
engineering process against processes used by other organizations.	
SP 3.1-5-3e Determine the degree of program use of the	BP 21.03 Appraise process.
organization's defined systems engineering process and methods.	
SP 3.1-5-4a Measure and analyze systems engineering productivity	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements.
for each major process activity within the systems engineering	
process.	
SP 3.1-5-4b Gather and analyze data from inspections to identify	GP 3.3 Improve Processes:
areas for improvement in the systems engineering process.	-
SP 3.1-5-4c Use uniform systems engineering process metrics across	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes.
programs.	
SP 3.1-5-4d Use a mechanism to evaluate the utility of process	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance.
metrics collected across all programs.	
SP 3.1-5-5 Use a formal procedure to assure periodic management	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance.
review of each program and institute changes to the systems	
engineering process.	
SP 3.1-6-2a Perform improvement of systems engineering process	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
(es) in use on programs in at least an informal manner.	
SP 3.1-6-2b Identify and communicate best practices within the	BP 21.03 Appraise process
organization to programs.	
SP 3.1-6-3a Use targeted improvements to change the organization's	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
systems engineering process.	
SP 3.1-6-3b Provide a mechanism for users to identify proposed	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate
improvements to the systems engineering process.	Process Definition:
SP 3.1-6-3c Communicate the existence and improvement of the	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate
organization's standard systems engineering process to all affected	Process Definition.
groups and programs.	
FA 3.2 Manage Competency	PA 22 Training
SP 3.2-1-1 Encourage staff to continuously develop skills and	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment.
knowledge.	
SP 3.2-1-2a Reward mentoring as a means of increasing staff	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment.
competency.	
SP 3.2-1-2b Provide a mechanism to develop individual competency	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment.
development goals consistent with both the individual's career	
objectives and the program's needs.	
SP 3.2-1-3a Provide job opportunity and career advancement based	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment.
on competency development achievements.	
SP 3.2-1-3b Clearly state and communicate competency development	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment.
opportunities and the relationship between competency development	
and career opportunity to all personnel within the organization.	
SP 3.2-1-3c Provide a mechanism to formally recognize competency	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment.
development achievements.	

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
SP 3.2-1-3d Provide a mechanism for certification of competency achievement.	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment.
SP 3.2-2-1 Identify needed improvements in skill and knowledge throughout the organization using the programs' needs, organizational strategic plan, and existing employee skills as guidance.	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs.
SP 3.2-2-2 Base near term competency development requirements upon immediate program needs.	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs.
SP 3.2-2-3 Base long term competency development requirements upon the organization's strategic plan.	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs.
SP 3.2-3-1a Train personnel to have the skills and knowledge needed to perform their assigned roles.	BP 22.04 Train Individuals.
SP 3.2-3-1b Maintain records of training and experience. SP 3.2-3-1c Provide knowledge from outside sources when in-house	BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records. BP 22.03 Establish Training Mechanism.
training or learning opportunities are unable to satisfy program needs. SP 3.2-3-2a Maintain training materials in an accessible repository.	BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records.
SP 3.2-3-2b Assign experienced personnel to perform training. SP 3.2-3-2c Involve management personnel in competency development activities, both as recipients and as participants.	BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records. BP 22.03 Establish Training Mechanism. BP 22.04 Train Individuals.
SP 3.2-3-2d Provide competency development for critical functional areas (e.g., analysis techniques specific to the organization's problem domains).	BP 22.04 Train Individuals. BP 22.04 Train Individuals.
SP 3.2-3-3a Integrate competency development opportunities, such as formal education, in-house training, and on-the-job training.	BP 22.04 Train Individuals.
SP 3.2-3-3b Provide cross-discipline technical management training to all disciplines, including program management.	BP 22.04 Train Individuals.
SP 3.2-3-3c Train managers of engineering organizations, team leaders, and engineers on the systems engineering process.	GP 2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge.
SP 3.2-3-3d Provide training in the basic principles of systems engineering to quality management, configuration management, and other support personnel.	GP 2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge.
SP 3.2-3-3e Provide training in a variety of forms, including formal training, on-the-job training, and just-in-time training, as required to meet program and individual needs.	GP 2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge.
SP 3.2-3-3f Integrate tools, methods, and procedures for competency development.	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources.
SP 3.2-4-1a Assess in-progress or completed programs to determine whether staff knowledge was adequate for performing program tasks.	BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness.
SP 3.2-4-1b Provide a mechanism for assessing the effectiveness of each training course with respect to set objectives.	BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness.
SP 3.2-4-2 Require trainers to demonstrate proficiency in the topics for which they intend to train others.	BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness. BP 22.03 Establish Training Mechanism.
SP 3.2.4-3a Provide a mechanism to evaluate students to verify their comprehension of training materials prior to recognition.	BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness.
SP 3.2-4-3b Obtain student evaluations of how well competency development activities meet their needs. SP 3.2-4-3c Establish completion criteria for each training course,	BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness. BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness.
documented in standards or course descriptions. SP 3.2-4-5 Establish completion enterta for each training course, documented in standards or course descriptions. SP 3.2-4-5 Establish completion enterta for each training course, documented in standards or course descriptions.	BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness. BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness.
perform the style, scope, and intensity of systems engineering that the business needs.	Di 22.00 Assess Training Effectiveness.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
FA 3.3 Manage Technology	PA 23 Innovation; PA 03 Design; PA 05 Outsourcing
SP 3.3-1-1a Identify technologies currently in use.	BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness.
SP 3.3-1-1b Identify new product technologies for competitive advantage.	BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness.
SP 3.3-1-2 Encourage innovation within the program.	BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness.
SP 3.3-1-3a Support participation by the organization in technical consortia, societies, and collaborations.	BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness.
SP 3.3-1-3b Incorporate, as part of the organization's annual budget, participation in identification, assessment, and insertion of new technology.	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources.
SP 3.3-1-3c Establish a mechanism for maintaining awareness and disseminating knowledge of the state-of-the-art technology.	BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness.
SP 3.3-1-3d Establish a mechanism for monitoring the life cycle of currently used technologies and use this knowledge to plan for replacement of technologies approaching obsolescence.	BP 23.02 Select New Technologies.
SP 3.3-1-3e Perform cost/benefit analyses prior to the adoption of new technologies.	BP 23.02 Select New Technologies.
SP 3.3-2-2 Establish formal criteria for the reuse and COTS/internal development decision process.	BP 03.07 Establish and Use a Strategy for Non-developmental Items. BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
SP 3.3-2-3a Establish a mechanism for applying business goals to the evaluation of internal development of technologies versus those externally available.	BP 03.07 Establish and Use a Strategy for Non-developmental Items. BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
SP 3.3-2-3b Establish a mechanism for assessing existing designs and specifications for reuse in new applications.	BP 03.07 Establish and Use a Strategy for Non-developmental Items. BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services
SP 3.3-2-3c Document technology improvement activities formally.	GP 2.2 Document the Process.
SP 3.3-3-2 Require appropriate analysis within the organization before new product or process technology insertion is allowed.	BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion.
SP 3.3-3-3a Establish a mechanism for managing and supporting the introduction of new product or process technologies.	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation. BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies.
SP 3.3-3-3b Review the effectiveness of newly introduced technologies (product or process) to verify analysis used to justify its introduction.	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
SP 3.3-3-3c Identify, discriminate, and insert product and process technology improvements.	BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies. BP 23.02 Select New Technologies.
SP 3.3-3-5 Demonstrate that the achievement of specific business goals (e.g., increased profitability, increased market share, reduced time to market) can be directly attributable to the insertion of new product or process technology.	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
FA 3.4 Manage Systems Engineering Support Environment	PA 23 Innovation; PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 20 Process Definition
SP 3.4-1-2 Determine requirements for the support environment based on program specific needs.	BP 23.02 Select New Technologies.
SP 3.4-1-3a Include the needs of each program as part of a	BP 23.02 Select New Technologies.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
documented set of requirements for the support environment.	
SP 3.4-1-3b Include the business goals of the organization in	BP 23.02 Select New Technologies.
determining the documented requirements for the support	
environment.	
SP 3.4-1-3c Regularly review and assess external trends that might	BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology
affect the support environment for potential impact.	Awareness.
SP 3.4-2-1 Deploy a Systems Engineering Support Environment that	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
supports program needs.	
SP 3.4-2-2a Pilot new tools prior to including them in the systems	BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion.
engineering support environment.	
SP 3.4-2-2b Perform cost-benefit analysis for commercial off-the-	BP 23.02 Select new technologies.
shelf versus in-house developed environments.	BP 05.01 Identify needed products or services.
SP 3.4-2-3a Establish an organizational standard system engineering	GP 3.1 Standardize the Process.
support environment.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets.
SP 3.4-2-3b Tailor the Systems Engineering Support Environment to	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
individual program needs.	
SP 3.4-2-5 Maximize integration of tools within the environment.	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
SP 3.4-3-1 Maintain the support environment to continuously support	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
the program.	
SP 3.4-3-2a Assign responsibilities for maintaining the support	2.5 Assign Responsibility.
environment.	
SP 3.4-3-2b Plan and track maintenance of the support environment.	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
	GP 2.12 Measure Performance
	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
SP 3.4-3-2c Maintain configuration control over the support	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources.
environment.	
SP 3.4-3-3a Collect data on the systems engineering support	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
environment usage and performance.	
SP 3.4-3-3b Retire support tools or facilities which no longer support	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
the organization's requirements.	DD 22 044 C N T 1 1 1
SP 3.4-3-3c Upgrade or add support tools or facilities which enhance	BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies.
the ability to meet the organization's requirements.	DD 22.05 M
SP 3.4-3-3d Seek periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the systems	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
engineering support environment from users.	DD 22 05 Manage Innovation
SP 3.4-3-4a Base support environment management decisions on the	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
analysis of usage and performance data. SP 3.4-3-5 Establish goals for improvements to systems engineering	DD 22 05 Manage Imposetion
processes through the use of the systems engineering environment.	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation.
Generic Practices	Generic Practices
GP 2.1 Follow recorded and approved plans and processes, that were	GP 2.2 Document the Process. GP 2.3 Plan the Process.
developed to meet program performance goals, in implementing the Focus Area.	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources.
rocus Alea.	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility
	GP 2.8 Consistently Use and Manage the
	Process
GP 2.2 Verify compliance with approved plans and processes, and	GP 2.10 Objectively Assess Process
take appropriate action when performance deviates from plan or when	Compliance.
processes are not followed.	GP 2.14 Take Corrective Actions
GP 3.1 Standardize and record a well-defined FA process for the	GP 3.1 Standardize the Process.
organization that is designed to meet specific business goals, and is	Or 3.1 Standardize the Process.
based on experiences captured from previous programs.	
GP 3.2 Tailor the organization's standard process using standard	GP 3.2 Establish and Use a Defined Process.
Of 5.2 ranor the organization's standard process using standard	Or 5.2 Establish and Use a Defined Process.

EIA/IS 731 Focus Areas and Practices	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
guidelines to meet specific program or organizational needs.	
GP 3.3 Implement and improve the FA activities (i.e., tailored	GP 3.2 Establish and Use a Defined Process.
process) per established and approved formal procedures.	GP 3.3 Improve Processes.
GP 3.4 Improve the organization's standard process using information	GP 3.3 Improve Processes.
from work product reviews and process compliance reviews.	
GP 4.1 Collect and analyze metrics to determine the performance of	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
the tailored FA activities.	
GP 4.2 Take appropriate action to align tailored FA performance and	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance.
expectations.	
GP 5.1 Identify FA activities for which it is appropriate, and	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance.
inappropriate, to quantify process repeatability.	
GP 5.2 Establish quantitative goals for improving the effectiveness of	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance.
the standard process.	GP 5.1 Pursue Process Optimization.
GP 5.3 Improve the organization's standard process based on data and	GP 3.3 Improve Processes.
metrics collected from a continuing program of process compliance	GP 5.1 Pursue Process Optimization.
reviews and work product reviews.	
GP 5.4 Perform causal analysis of process and work product defects	GP 3.3 Improve Processes.
and eliminate causes of variation in quality, cost, and cycle time by	GP 5.1 Pursue Process Optimization.
changing the standard process.	

CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD and CMMI/A to FAA-iCMM V2.0

CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (and CMMI-A)	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	Practices
Organizational Process Focus (OPF)	PA 20 Process Definition; PA 21 Process
	Improvement
SG 1 Determine Process Improvement	PA 21 – goal 1
Opportunities	
SP 1.1-1 Establish Organizational Process Needs	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
SP 1.2-1 Assess the Organization's Processes	BP 21.03 Appraise process
SP 1.3-1 Identify the Organization's Process	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate Process
Improvements	Definition
•	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
SG 2 Plan and Implement Process Improvement	PA 21 – goal 2, 3
Activities	
SP 2.1-1 Establish Process Action Plans	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate Process
	Definition
	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
SP 2.2-1 Implement Process Action Plans	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate Process
	Definition
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
SP 2.3-1 Deploy Process and Related Process Assets	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate Process
	Definition
	BP 21.07 Sustain and Deploy Improvement Gains
SP 2.4-1 Incorporate Process-Related Experiences	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets
into the Organization's Process Assets	
Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	PA 20 Process Definition
SG 1 Create Organizational Process Assets	PA 20 – goal 1, 2
SP 1.1-1 Establish Standard Processes	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
SP 1.2-1 Establish Life-Cycle Model Descriptions	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
SP 1.3-1 Establish Tailoring Criteria and Guidelines	BP 20.02 Develop Tailoring Guidelines
SG 2 Make Supporting Process Assets Available	PA 20 – goal 2
SP 2.1-1 Establish an Organizational Measurement	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets
Repository	
SP 2.2-1 Establish an Organizational Process Asset	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets
Library	
Organizational Training (OT)	PA 22 Training
SG 1 Identify Training Needs and Make Training	PA 22 – goal 1
Available	
SP 1.1-1 Establish the Strategic Training needs	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs
SP 1.2-1 Determine Which Training Needs Are the	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs
Responsibility of the Organization	BP 22.02 Establish Training Plan
SP 1.3-1 Establish Organizational Training Tactical	BP 22.02 Establish Training Plan
Plan	
SP 1.4-1 Establish Training Capability	BP 22.03 Establish Training Mechanism
SG 2 Provide Necessary Training	PA 22 – goal 2, goal 3
SP 2.1-1 Deliver Training	BP 22.04 Train Individuals
SP 2.2-1 Establish Training Records	BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records
SP 2.3-1 Assess Training Effectiveness	BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness
Organizational Process Performance (OPP)	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 18
	Measurement and Analysis; Generic Practices
SG 1 Establish Performance Baselines and	PA 18 – goal 1, goal 2, goal 3
Models	
Models	

Practices Practices SP 1.1-1 Select Processes SP 1.1-1 Select Processes SP 0.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance SP 1.2-1 Establish Quality and Process Performance SP 1.3-1 Establish Quality and Process Performance SP 1.3-1 Establish Process Performance SP 1.4-1 Establish Process Performance SP 1.4-1 Establish Process Performance SP 1.5-1 Establish Process Performance SP 1.8-1 Establish Process Performance SP 1.8-1 Establish Process Performance SP 1.8-2 Select Improvement SP 1.8-3 Institution SP 1.8-3 Instit	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (and CMMI-A)	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
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SP 2.3-1 Plan for Data Management BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans SP 2.4-1 Plan for Project Resources BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans SP 2.5-1 Plan for Needed Knowledge and Skills BP 22.02 Establish Training Plan SP 2.6-1 Plan Stakeholder Involvement BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans SP 2.7-1 Establish the Project Plan BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans SP 3.1-1 Review Subordinate Plans BP 11.07 Establish Commitment SP 3.1-1 Review Subordinate Plans BP 11.07 Establish Commitment SP 3.2-1 Reconcile Work and Resource Levels BP 11.07 Establish Commitment SP 3.3-1 Obtain Plan Commitment BP 11.07 Establish Commitment Project Monitoring and Control (PMC) PA 11 Project Management PA 11 - goal 4 SP 1.1-1 Monitor Project Planning Parameters BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.2-1 Monitor Commitments BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.3-1 Monitor Project Risks BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.4-1 Monitor Data Management BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.5-1 Monitor Stakeholder Involvement BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.6-1 Conduct Progress Reviews BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.6-1 Conduct Progress Reviews BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.6-1 Conduct Progress Reviews BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.6-1 Conduct Progress Reviews SP 1.6-1 Conduct Progress Rev	SP 2.2-1 Identify Project Risks	
SP 2.4-1 Plan for Project Resources BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans		
SP 2.5-1 Plan for Needed Knowledge and Skills SP 2.6-1 Plan Stakeholder Involvement SP 2.6-1 Plan Stakeholder Involvement SP 2.7-1 Establish the Project Plan SP 3.7-1 Establish the Project Plan SP 3.1-1 Review Subordinate Plans SP 3.1-1 Review Subordinate Plans SP 3.2-1 Reconcile Work and Resource Levels SP 3.3-1 Obtain Plan Commitment BP 11.07 Establish Commitment SP 3.3-1 Obtain Plan Commitment Project Monitoring and Control (PMC) SG 1 Monitor Project Against Plan SP 1.1-1 Monitor Project Planning Parameters SP 1.2-1 Monitor Commitments SP 1.3-1 Monitor Project Risks BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.4-1 Monitor Data Management SP 1.5-1 Monitor Stakeholder Involvement SP 1.6-1 Conduct Progress Reviews BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance SP 1.10 Monitor Project Performance		
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CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (and CMMI-A)	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	Practices
SG 2 Manage Corrective Action to Closure	PA 11 – goal 5
SP 2.1-1 Analyze Issues	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
SP 2.2-1 Take Correction Action	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
SP 2.3-1 Manage Corrective Action	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
Supplier Agreement Management (SAM)	PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 12 Supplier Agreement
	Management: PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and
	Disposal
SG 1 Establish Supplier Agreements	PA 05 – goal 3
SP 1.1-1 Analyze Needs and Requirements	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services
Determined by the Project	·
SP 1.2-1 Select Suppliers	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
SP 1.3-1 Establish Supplier Agreements	BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers
SG 2 Satisfy Supplier Agreements	PA 12 – goal 2, 5
SP 2.1-1 Acquire COTS Products	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
1	BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers
SP 2.2-1 Execute the Supplier Agreement	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
	Performance
	BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity
	BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes,
	Activities and Products
	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative
	Environment
	BP 12.06 Analyze and Direct Agreement Activities
SP 2.3-1 Conduct Acceptance Testing	BP 08.05 Verify End-products
SP 2.4-1 Transition Products	BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure
	Environment
	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
Integrated Project Management (IPM)	PA 11 Project Management; PA 14 Integrated
	Teaming
SG 1 Use the Project's Defined Process	CL3 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a
	defined process
SP 1.1-1 Establish the Project's Defined Process	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle
	Approach
	GP3.1 Establish and Use a Defined Process
SP 1.2-1 Use Organizational Process Assets for	BP 11.03 Estimate Planning Parameters
Planning Project Activities	GP3.1 Establish and Use a Defined Process
SP 1.3-1 Integrate Plans	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans
SP 1.4-1 Manage the Project Using the Integrated	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
Plans	
SP 1.5-1 Contribute to the Organization's Process	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets
Assets	GP 3.3 Improve Processes
SG 2 Coordinate and Collaborate with Relevant	GP 2.5 Coordinate with Participants and
Stakeholders	Stakeholders
CD211M C-1111 T	PA 14 – goal 2
SP 2.1-1 Manage Stakeholder Involvement	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
SP 2.2-1 Manage Dependencies	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
SP 2.3-1 Resolve Coordination Issues	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
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SG 3 Use the Project's Shared Vision	PA 11 – goal 3
SP 3.1-1 Define Project's Shared Vision Context	PA 11 – goal 3 BP 11.07 Establish Commitment
	PA 11 – goal 3

CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (and CMMI-A)	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	Practices
SP 4.1-1 Determine Integrated Team Structure for the	BP 11.08 Organize to Meet Project Objectives
Project	
SP 4.2-1 Develop a Preliminary Distribution of	BP 11.08 Organize to Meet Project Objectives
Requirements to Integrated Teams	
SP 4.3-1 Establish Integrated Teams	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated Teams
Risk Management (RM)	PA 13 Risk Management
SG 1 Prepare for Risk Management	PA 13 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Determine Risk Sources and Categories	BP 13.02 Identify Risks
SP 1.2-1 Define Risk Parameters	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
SP 1.3-1 Establish a Risk Management Strategy	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
SG 2 Identify and Analyze Risks	PA 13 – goal 2
SP 2.1-1 Identify Risks	BP 13.02 Identify Risks
SP 2.2-1 Evaluate, Classify, and Prioritize Risks	BP 13.03 Assess Risks
SG 3 Mitigate Risks	PA 13 – goal 3
SP 3.1-1 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans	BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans
SP 3.2-1 Implement Risk Mitigation Plans	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk Mitigation
	Plans
Integrated Teaming (IT)	PA 14 Integrated Teaming
SG 1 Establish Team Composition	PA 14 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Identify Team Tasks	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated Teams
SP 1.2-1 Identify Needed Knowledge and Skills	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated Teams
SP 1.3-1 Assign Appropriate Team Members	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated Teams
SG 2 Govern Team Operation	PA 14 – goal 2
SP 2.1-1 Establish a Shared Vision	BP 14.01 Develop and Communicate Team Goals
SP 2.2-1 Establish a Team Charter	BP 14.01 Develop and Communicate Team Goals
SP 2.3-1 Define Roles and Responsibilities	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated Teams
SP 2.4-1 Establish Operating Procedures	BP 14.04 Establish Coordination and
Si 2.11 Establish Operating Procedures	Communication Methods
	BP 14.05 Establish Resolution Methods
SP 2.5-1 Collaborate among Interfacing Teams	BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative
or 210 1 connectate among internating reason	Workplace
Quantitative Project Management (QPM)	Generic Practices; PA 11 Project Management;
	PA 18 Measurement and Analysis
SG 1 Quantitatively Manage the Project	CL4 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a
	quantitatively managed process (for PA 11)
SP 1.1-1 Establish the Project's Objectives	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and
	Outputs
SP 1.2-1 Compose the Defined Process	GP 3.2 Establish and Use a Defined Process
SP 1.3-1 Select the Subprocesses to be Managed	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
SP 1.4-1 Manage Project Performance	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
SG 2 Statistically Manage Subprocess	CL4 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a
Performance	quantitatively managed process
SP 2.1-1 Select Measures and Analytic Techniques	GP4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
SP 2.2-1 Apply Statistical Methods to Understand	GP4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
Variation	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
SP 2.3-1 Monitor Performance of the Selected	GP4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
Subprocesses	
SP 2.4-1 Record Statistical Management Data	GP3.3 Improve Processes
	BP 18.03 Store data and results
Requirements Management (RQM)	PA 02 Requirements
SG 1 Manage Requirements	PA 02 – goal 3, goal 4

CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (and CMMI-A)	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	Practices
SP 1.1-1 Obtain an Understanding of Requirements	BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements
SP 1.2-2 Obtain Commitment to Requirements	BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements
SP 1.3-1 Manage Requirements Changes	BP 02.08 Analyze and Resolve Requirements
or 1.5 1 Manage Requirements changes	Change Requests
SP 1.4-2 Maintain Bi-directional Traceability of	BP 02.09 Maintain Consistency and Traceability
Requirements	bi 02.09 Maintain Consistency and Traceability
SP 1.5-1 Identify Inconsistencies between Project	BP 02.09 Maintain Consistency and Traceability
Work and Requirements	bi 02.07 Maintain Consistency and Traceability
Requirements Development (RD)	PA 01 Needs; PA 02 Requirements
SG 1 Develop Customer Requirements	PA 01 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Collect Stakeholder Needs	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
SP 1.1-2 Elicit Needs	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
SP 1.2-1 Transform Stakeholder Needs,	BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of
Expectations, Constraints, and Interfaces into	Need
Customer Requirements	BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements
SG 2 Develop Product Requirements	PA 02 – goal 1
SP 2.1-1 Establish Product and Product Component	BP 02.03 Identify Key Requirements
Requirements	Br 02.03 Identify Rey Requirements
SP 2.2-1 Allocate Product Component Requirements	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements
SP 2.3-1 Identify Interface Requirements	BP 02.05 Identify External Interface Requirements
SG 3 Analyze and Validate Requirements	PA 02 – goal 2
Timary 20 and various requirements	111 02 5041 2
SP 3.1-1 Establish Operational Concepts and	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
Scenarios	DI OTTOD TIMALY DO TROODS
SP 3.2-1 Establish a Definition of Required	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance
Functionality	Requirements
SP 3.3-1 Analyze Requirements	BP 02.06 Analyze Requirements
SP 3.4-3 Evaluate Product Cost, Schedule and Risk	BP 02.06 Analyze Requirements
SP 3.5-1 Validate Requirements	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
SP 3.5-2 Validate Requirements with Comprehensive	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
Methods	
Technical Solution (TS)	PA 03 Design; PA 06 Design Implementation
SG 1 Select Product Component Solutions	PA 03 – goal 1, 2
SP 1.1-1 Develop Alternative Solutions and Selection	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
Criteria	1 5
SP 1.1-2 Develop Detailed Alternative Solutions and	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
Selection Criteria	1 0
SP 1.2-2 Evolve Operational Concepts and Scenarios	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
	BP 03.05 Define Interactions among Design
	Elements
SP 1.3-1 Select Product Component Solutions	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
SG 2 Develop the Design	PA 03 – goal 1
SP 2.1-1 Use Effective Design Methods	GP 2.2 Document the Process
	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
	GP 2.10 Objectively Assess Process Compliance
	GP 2.14 Take Corrective Action
SP 2.2-1 Develop a Technical Data Package	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design
	Descriptions
	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation
SP 2.2-3 Establish a Complete Technical Data	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design
Package	Descriptions
	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation

CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (and CMMI-A)	EAA :CMM -2 0 D A Cl- and
	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	Practices DD 02 02 Davidor Interface Specifications
SP 2.3-1 Establish Interface Descriptions	BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications
SP 2.3-3 Design Comprehensive Interface SP 2.4-3 Perform Make, Buy, or Reuse Analyses	BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications BP 03.07 Establish and Use a Strategy for Non-
SF 2.4-3 Perform Make, Buy, of Reuse Analyses	developmental Items
SG 3 Implement the Product Design	PA 06 – goal 1
SP 3.1-1 Implement the Design	BP 06.02 Formulate product or service components
SP 3.2-1 Establish Product Support Documentation	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation
Product Integration (PI)	PA 07 Integration
SG 1 Prepare for Product Integration	PA 07 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Establish a Product Integration Strategy	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy
SP 1.2-2 Establish the Product Integration	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy
Environment	Br 07.01 Develop integration strategy
SP 1.3-3 Define Detailed Product Integration	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy
Procedures	Dr 07.01 Develop integration strategy
SG 2 Ensure Interface Compatibility	PA 07 – goal 1
SP 2.1-1 Review Interface Descriptions for	BP 07.03 Review and Coordinate Interface
Completeness	Definitions
SP 2.2-1 Manage Interfaces	BP 07.03 Review and Coordinate Interface
== == = = ==========================	Definitions
SG 3 Assemble Product Components and Deliver	PA 07 – goal 3
the Product	game a
SP 3.1-1 Confirm Readiness of Product Components	BP 07.02 Confirm Readiness of Product and
for Integration	Service Elements
SP 3.2-1 Assemble Product Components	BP 07.04 Assemble Product and Service Elements
SP 3.3-1 Checkout Assembled Product Components	BP 07.05 Confirm Integrated Product or Service
	Operation
SP 3.4-1 Package and Deliver the Product or Product	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
Component	
Verification (VER)	PA 08 Evaluation
SG 1 Prepare for Verification	PA 08 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Establish a Verification Strategy	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
SP 1.2-2 Establish the Verification Environment	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation
	Environment
SP 1.3-3 Establish Detailed Verification Plans	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
SG 2 Perform Peer Reviews	PA 08 – goal 2
SP 2.1-1 Prepare for Peer Reviews	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation
	Environment
SP 2.2-1 Conduct Peer Reviews	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
SP 2.3-2 Analyze Peer Review Data	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
SG 3 Verify Selected Work Products	PA 08 – goal 2
SP 3.1-1 Perform Verification	BP 08.05 Verify End Products
SP 3.2-2 Analyze Verification Results and Identify	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
Corrective Action	
SP 3.3-1 Perform Re-Verification	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
Validation (VAL)	PA 08 Evaluation
SG 1 Prepare for Validation	PA 08 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Establish a Validation Strategy	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
SP 1.2-2 Establish the Validation Environment	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation
	Environment
SP 1.3-3 Define Detailed Validation Procedures	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
SG 2 Validate Product or Product Components	PA 08 – goal 2
SP 2.1-1 Perform Validation	BP 08.06 Validate End Products

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Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	Practices
SP 2.2-1 Capture and Analyze Validation Results	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
Configuration Management (CM)	PA 16 Configuration Management
SG 1 Establish Baselines	PA 16 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Identify Configuration Items	BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration Items
of 1.11 Identity configuration femis	and Interim Work Products
SP 1.2-1 Establish a Configuration Management	BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration Management
System	Strategy
SP 1.3-1 Create or Release Baselines	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for
	Work Product Baselines
	BP 16.04 Control Changes
SG 2 Track and Control Changes	PA 16 – goal 2
SP 2.1-1 Track Changes	BP 16.04 Control Changes
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
SP 2.2-1 Control Changes	BP 16.04 Control Changes
SG 3 Establish Integrity	PA 16 – goal 4
SP 3.1-1 Establish Configuration Management	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
Records	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and
	Inspections
SP 3.2-1 Perform Configuration Audits	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and
	Inspections
Process and Product Quality Assurance (PPQA)	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
SG 1 Objectively Evaluate Processes and Work Products	PA 15 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Objectively Evaluate Processes	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
SP 1.2-1 Objectively Evaluate Work Products and Services	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality
SG 2 Provide Objective Insight	PA 15 - goal 2
SP 2.1-1 Communicate and Ensure Resolution of	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
Noncompliance Issues	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SP 2.2-1 Establish Records	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
Measurement and Analysis (MA)	PA 18 Measurement and Analysis
SG 1 Align Measurement and Analysis Activities	PA 18 - goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Establish Measurement Objectives	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
SP 1.2-1 Specify Measures	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
SP 1.3-1 Specify Data Collection and Storage	BP 18.03 Store data and results
Procedures	
SP 1.4-1 Specify Analysis Procedures	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
SG 2 Provide Measurement Results	PA 18 – goal 2, goal 3
SP 2.1-1 Collect Measurement Data	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
SP 2.2-1 Analyze Measurement Data	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
SP 2.3-1 Store Data and Results	BP 18.03 Store data and results
SP 2.4-1 Communicate Results	BP 18.05 Communicate results
Decision Analysis and Resolution (DAR)	PA 04 Alternatives Analysis
SG 1 Evaluate Alternatives	PA 04 – goal 2
SP 1.1-1 Establish and Use Guidelines for Decision	BP 04.01 Establish Analysis Strategy
Analysis	
SP 1.2-1 Select Decision-Making Techniques	BP 04.03 Select Analysis Method
SP 1.3-1 Establish Evaluation Criteria	BP 04.02 Define the Problem
SP 1.4-1 Identify Alternative Solutions	BP 04.04 Identify Alternative Solutions
SP 1.5-1 Evaluate Alternatives	BP 04.05 Analyze Alternative Solutions
SP 1.6-1 Select Solutions	BP 04.06 Select Solution

CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (and CMMI-A)	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	Practices
Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 14 Integrated Teaming; PA 23 Innovation
SG 1 Provide IPPD Infrastructure	PA 00 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Establish the Organization's Shared Vision	BP 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision
SP 1.2-1 Establish an Integrated Work Environment	BP 23.05 Manage innovation
SP 1.3-1 Identify IPPD-Unique Skill Requirements	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs
SG 2 Manage People for Integration	PA 00 – goal 1
SP 2.1-1 Establish Leadership Mechanisms	BP 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision
SP 2.2-1 Establish Incentives for Integration	BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision
SP 2.3-1 Establish Mechanisms to Balance Team and	BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative
Home Organization Responsibilities	Workplace
Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR)	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management; PA 18 Measurement and Analysis
SG 1 Determine Causes of Defects	PA 15 – goal 4
SP 1.1-1 Select Defect Data for Analysis	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
·	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
SP 1.2-1 Analyze Causes	BP 15.05 Analyze Causes
SG 2 Address Causes of Defects	PA 15 – goal 4
SP 2.1-1 Implement the Action Proposals	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
SP 2.2-1 Evaluate the Effect of Changes	BP 15.07 Evaluate the Effect of Change
SP 2.3-1 Record Data	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
Supplier Selection and Monitoring (CMMI-A)	PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 12 Supplier Agreement
	Managament, DA 00 Danlaument Transition and
	Management: PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
SG 1 Establish and Maintain Supplier	
SG 1 Establish and Maintain Supplier Requirements	Disposal
11	Disposal
Requirements	Disposal PA 05 – goal 2
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs	Disposal PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options	Disposal PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements	Disposal PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements	Disposal PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements	Disposal PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation	Disposal PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1 BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation SP 2.2-1 Select Suppliers SP 2.3-1 Establish and Maintain Agreements	Disposal PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1 BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
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Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation SP 2.2-1 Select Suppliers SP 2.3-1 Establish and Maintain Agreements	Disposal PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1 BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking BP 05.04 Choose Supplier BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity PA 12 – goal 2 BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes,
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Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation SP 2.2-1 Select Suppliers SP 2.3-1 Establish and Maintain Agreements SG 3 Monitor Supplier Performance and Products SP 3.1-1 Monitor and Evaluate Supplier Performance SP 3.2-1 Perform Reviews SP 3.3-1 Conduct In Progress Evaluations	PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1 BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking BP 05.04 Choose Supplier BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity PA 12 – goal 2 BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation SP 2.2-1 Select Suppliers SP 2.3-1 Establish and Maintain Agreements SG 3 Monitor Supplier Performance and Products SP 3.1-1 Monitor and Evaluate Supplier Performance SP 3.2-1 Perform Reviews SP 3.3-1 Conduct In Progress Evaluations SG 4 Accept and Transition Products	PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1 BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking BP 05.04 Choose Supplier BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity PA 12 – goal 2 BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products PA 12 – goal 5; PA 09 – goal 1-4
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation SP 2.2-1 Select Suppliers SP 2.3-1 Establish and Maintain Agreements SG 3 Monitor Supplier Performance and Products SP 3.1-1 Monitor and Evaluate Supplier Performance SP 3.2-1 Perform Reviews SP 3.3-1 Conduct In Progress Evaluations SG 4 Accept and Transition Products SP 4.1-1 Conduct Acceptance Evaluations	PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1 BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking BP 05.04 Choose Supplier BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity PA 12 – goal 2 BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products PA 12 – goal 5; PA 09 – goal 1-4 BP 08.05 Verify End Products
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Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation SP 2.2-1 Select Suppliers SP 2.3-1 Establish and Maintain Agreements SG 3 Monitor Supplier Performance and Products SP 3.1-1 Monitor and Evaluate Supplier Performance SP 3.2-1 Perform Reviews SP 3.3-1 Conduct In Progress Evaluations SG 4 Accept and Transition Products SP 4.1-1 Conduct Acceptance Evaluations	PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1 BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking BP 05.04 Choose Supplier BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity PA 12 – goal 2 BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products PA 12 – goal 5; PA 09 – goal 1-4 BP 08.05 Verify End Products BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation SP 2.2-1 Select Suppliers SP 2.3-1 Establish and Maintain Agreements SG 3 Monitor Supplier Performance and Products SP 3.1-1 Monitor and Evaluate Supplier Performance SP 3.2-1 Perform Reviews SP 3.3-1 Conduct In Progress Evaluations SG 4 Accept and Transition Products SP 4.1-1 Conduct Acceptance Evaluations	PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1 BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking BP 05.04 Choose Supplier BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity PA 12 – goal 2 BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products PA 12 – goal 5; PA 09 – goal 1-4 BP 08.05 Verify End Products BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure
Requirements SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options SP 1.3-1 Establish and Maintain Requirements SG 2 Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation SP 2.2-1 Select Suppliers SP 2.3-1 Establish and Maintain Agreements SG 3 Monitor Supplier Performance and Products SP 3.1-1 Monitor and Evaluate Supplier Performance SP 3.2-1 Perform Reviews SP 3.3-1 Conduct In Progress Evaluations SG 4 Accept and Transition Products SP 4.1-1 Conduct Acceptance Evaluations	PA 05 – goal 2 BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements PA 05 – goal 2 and 3 PA 12 – goal 1 BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking BP 05.04 Choose Supplier BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity PA 12 – goal 2 BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products PA 12 – goal 5; PA 09 – goal 1-4 BP 08.05 Verify End Products BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment

CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (and CMMI-A)	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Process Areas, Goals, and Practices	Practices
Integrated Supplier Management (CMMI-A)	PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 12 Supplier Agreement
	Management
SG 1 Analyze Needs	PA 05 – goal 1
SP 1.1-1 Analyze Off-the-Shelf Products	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
SP 1.2-1 Analyze Custom-Made Sources	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
SP 1.3-1 Determine Acquisition Sources	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
SG 2 Appraise Custom-Made Product Suppliers	PA 05 – goal 2
	PA 12 – goal 2
SP 2.1-1 Appraise the Supplier's Engineering Process	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
	BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes,
	Activities and Products
CD 2.2.1 Assuration the Outputs of the Counties?	BP 12.06 Analyze and Direct Agreement Activities
SP 2.2-1 Appraise the Outputs of the Supplier's Engineering Process	BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products
SP 2.3-1 Adjust the Acquisition Approach	BP 12.06 Analyze and Direct Agreement Activities
SG 3 Establish a Cooperative Environment	PA 05 – goal 3
200 5 Establish a Cooperative Environment	PA 12 – goal 4
SP 3.1-1 Encourage Customer Participation	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative
of 5.1.1 Encourage Customer Laruerpation	Environment
SP 3.2-1 Foster a Cooperative and Productive	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative
Environment	Environment
Quantitative Supplier Management (CMMI-A)	PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management; PA 15
	Quality Assurance and Management
SG 1 Define Quantitative Objectives	
SP 1.1-1 Determine Quantitative Objectives	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services
, and the second	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System
	BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements
SP 1.2-1 Incorporate Quantitative Objectives into	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
Acquisition Documents	
SG 2 Quantitatively manage the acquisition effort	PA 12 – goal 3
SP 2.1-1 Compare Results Against Quantitative	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
Objectives	Performance
	BP 15.05 Analyze Causes
SP 2.2-1 Apply Quantitative Measurements	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
	Performance
CD 2.2.1 Identify Created Courses of Visiters	BP 15.05 Analyze Causes
SP 2.3-1 Identify Special Causes of Variance	BP 12.06 Analyze and Direct Agreement Activities BP 15.05 Analyze Causes
SP 2.4-1 Take Corrective Action	BP 12.06 Analyze and Direct Agreement Activities
51 2.7-1 Take Confective Action	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
Generic Goals and Generic Practices	Capability Level Goals and Generic Practices
GG 1 Achieve Specific Goals	LI Goal: The process achieves the goals of the
	process area
GP 1.1 Identify Work Scope	1.1 Identify Work Scope
GP 1.2 Perform Base Practices	1.2 Perform the Process
GG 2 Institutionalize a Managed Process	L2 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a
, and the second	managed (planned and tracked) process
GP 2.1 Establish an Organizational Policy	2.1 Establish Organizational Policy
GP 2.2 Plan the Process	2.3 Plan the process
	2.7 Establish work product requirements
	2.2 Document the process
GP 2.3 Provide Resources	2.4 Provide adequate resources

CMMI-S	SE/SW/IPPD v1.02 (and CMMI-A)	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas, Goals, and
Process	Areas, Goals, and Practices	Practices
GP 2.4	Assign Responsibility	2.5 Assign responsibility
GP 2.5	Train People	2.6 Ensure skill and knowledge
GP 2.6	Manage Configurations	2.9 Manage work products
GP 2.7	Identify and Involve Relevant Stakeholders	2.15 Coordinate with participants and stakeholders
GP 2.8	Monitor and Control the Process	2.12 Measure process performance
		2.14 Take corrective action
GP 2.9	Objectively Evaluate Adherence	2.10 Objectively assess process compliance
		2.11 Objectively verify work products
GP 2.10	Review Status with Higher-Level	2.13 Review performance with higher-level
Manage		management
GG 3	Institutionalize a Defined Process	L3 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a
		defined process
GP 3.1	Establish a Defined Process	3.1 Standardize the process
		3.2 Establish and use a defined process
GP 3.2	Collect Improvement Information	3.3 Improve processes
GG 4	Institutionalize a Quantitatively Managed	L4 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a
Process		quantitatively managed process.
GP 4.1	Establish Quality Objectives	4.1 Stabilize process performance
GP 4.2	Stabilize Subprocess Performance	4.1 Stabilize process performance
GG 5	Institutionalize an Optimizing Process	L5 Goal: The process is institutionalized as an
		optimizing process.
GP 5.1	Ensure Continuous Process Improvement	5.1 Pursue process optimization
GP 5.2	Correct Common Cause of Problems	5.1 Pursue process optimization

President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Criteria* to FAA-iCMM v2.0

President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Categories/Items	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
1. Leadership	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management
1.1 Organizational Leadership	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 14 Integrated Teaming; PA 22 Training; PA 23 Innovation
1.1a Senior Leadership Direction	
1-set, communicate, deploy values, expectations,	BP 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision
focus	BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision
2-establish and reinforce environment	BP 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative Workplace BP 23.05 Manage Innovation:
3-set directions and future opportunities	BP 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision
1.1b Organization Performance Review	Di 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic visioli
1-review organizational performance	BP 00.05 Review performance
2-translate review findings into priorities and opportunities	BP 00.06 Act on results of review
3-deploy findings, priorities, and opportunities	BP 00.06 Act on results of review
4-use findings and feedback to improve leadership and management	BP 00.06 Act on results of review
1.2 Organization Responsibility and Citizenship**	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 13 Risk Management
1.2a Responsibilities to the Public	
1-address impacts and risks on society	BP 00.07 Fulfill public responsibility
	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
2-anticipate public concerns	BP 00.07 Fulfill public responsibility
3-ensure ethical business practices	BP 00.07 Fulfill public responsibility
1.2b Support of Key Communities	BP 00.07 Fulfill public responsibility
2. Strategic Planning	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management;
	PA 18 Measurement and Analysis
2.1 Strategy Development	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 20
0.1 G	Process Definition; PA 04 Alternatives Analysis
2.1a Strategy Development Process	CD 2.2 December 41 - marrier CD 2.1 Stead and a share
1-describe strategic planning process	GP 2.2 Document the process; GP 3.1 Standardize the
	Process (for PA 00) BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
2-consider key factors	BP 00.03 Establish and maintain strategy
2.1b Strategic Objectives	DF 00.03 Establish and maintain strategy
- describe strategic objectives and timetable for implementing them;	BP 00.03 Establish and maintain strategy
- evaluate options to assess relative to key factors	BP 04.05 Analyze Alternative Solutions
2.2 Strategy Deployment	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 18 Measurement and Analysis
2.2a Action Plan Development and Deployment	
1-develop action plans	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
2-determine key human resource requirements	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans

^{*} Note that criteria item descriptions in this table have been shortened and abbreviated.

^{**} See page 64

President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
National Quality Award Categories/Items	
3-allocate resources	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
4-identify key performance measures/indicators for	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
tracking	
5-communicate and deploy strategic objectives,	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
action plans, measures to achieve alignment	BP 18.05 Communicate results
2.2b Performance Projection	
1-project key performance measures/indicators	BP 00.03 Establish and maintain strategy
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
2-compare projected performance with competitors,	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
key benchmarks, past performance, as appropriate	
3. Customer Focus**	PA 01 Needs; PA 10 Operation and Support; PA 02 Requirements
3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge	PA 01 Needs; PA 02 Requirements; PA 21 Process
21.6	Improvement
3.1a Customer and Market Knowledge	
1-determine customers and/or market segments	BP 01.01 Identify Customers and Stakeholders
2-listen and learn to determine key requirements	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
3-determine key features and relative importance/	BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need
value to customers	BP 02.03 Identify Key Requirements
4-keep listening and learning methods current with business needs and directions	GP 2.3 Plan the process; GP 2.14 Take corrective
business needs and directions	action; GP 3.3 Improve processes BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program
	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program BP 21.03 Appraise process
	BP 21.03 Appraise process BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships	PA 01 Needs; PA 10 Operation and Support; PA 21
, and the second	Process Improvement; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 20
	Process Description
3.2a Customer Relationships	
1-determine key methods for customer access	BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers
	BP 10.07 Provide Customer Support
2-determine and deploy customer contact	BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers
requirements	BP 10.07 Provide Customer Support
3-implement complaint management	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
	BP 10.07 Provide Customer Support
4-build relationships with customers	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
	BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers
5-keep relationships approaches current with	GP 2.3 Plan the process; GP 2.14 Take corrective
business needs and directions	action; GP 3.3 Improve processes
	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program
	BP 21.03 Appraise process BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains
	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy improvement Gains BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
	DI 21.00 MOHIO FEHOIHANCE

President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Categories/Items	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
3.2b Customer Satisfaction Determination	
1-describe process for determining customer satisfaction and dissatisfaction	GP 2.2 Document the process; GP 3.1 Standardize the process (for PA 01)
satisfaction and dissatisfaction	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
2-follow up with customers to assure feedback	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
2-10110w up with customers to assure reedback	BP 10.07 Provide Customer Support
3-use information on customer satisfaction	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
4-keep approaches current with business needs and	GP 2.3 Plan the process; GP 2.14 Take corrective
directions	action; GP 3.3 Improve processes
directions	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program
	BP 21.03 Appraise process
	BP 21.03 Applaise process BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
4. Information and Analysis	PA 18 Measurement and Analysis; PA 00 Integrated
4. Information and Marysis	Enterprise Management; PA 21 Process
	Improvement
4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance	PA 18 Measurement and Analysis; PA 21 Process
4.1 Medsurement of Organizational Terformance	Improvement
4.1a Measurement of Organizational Performance	тиргочениен
1-select measures/indicators	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
2-keep measurement system current with business	GP 2.3 Plan the process; GP 2.14 Take corrective
needs and directions	action; GP 3.3 Improve processes (for PA 18)
needs and directions	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program
	BP 21.03 Appraise process
	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
4.2 Analysis of Organizational Performance	PA 18 Measurement and Analysis; PA 00 Integrated
na initially site of a regularity man a city or manage	Enterprise Management
4.2a Analysis of Organizational Performance	Ziverprise Hanagement
1-analyze performance to support review and	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
planning	BP 18.03 Store data and results
F	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	BP 18.05 Communicate results
2-link organization-level analysis to operations	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
= ===== organization for a unuity of to operations	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.03 Store data and results
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	BP 18.05 Communicate results
3-analyze performance to support operations and	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
align with action plans	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
C r	BP 18.03 Store data and results
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	BP 18.05 Communicate results
	BP 00.05. Review performance

President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Categories/Items	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
5. Human Resource Focus	PA 22 Training; PA 14 Integrated Teaming; PA 23 Innovation; PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 11 Project Management; PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 01 Needs
5.1 Work Systems	PA 14 Integrated Teaming; PA 11 Project Management; PA 22 Training; PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 05 Outsourcing
5.1a Work Systems and Job Design	
1-design, organize, manage work and jobs to promote cooperation, collaboration, initiative, innovation, flexibility and keep current with business needs	BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative Workplace BP 11.07 Establish Commitment
2-encourage, motivate employees to develop and utilize potential	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment
3-manage employee performance to support high performance	(beyond scope of iCMM v2.0)
4-reinforce high performance through compensation, recognition, rewards/incentives	BP 00.02. Align to achieve the vision
5-ensure effective communication, cooperation, and knowledge/skill sharing	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment
6-identify characteristics and skills needed; recruit and hire; consider performance requirements, diversity, and fair work force practices	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking BP 05.04 Choose Supplier (for contract employees only – organizational recruitment beyond scope of iCMM v2.0)
5.2 Employee Education, Training, and Development	PA 22 Training
5.2a Employee Education, Training and Development	
1-balance short and longer-term organizational and employee education and training needs	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs
2-design education and training to keep current with needs	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs
3-seek and use input from employees and supervisors on education and training needs, expectations, and design	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs BP 22.03 Establish Training Mechanism
4-deliver and evaluate education and training	BP 22.04 Train Individuals BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness
5-address key developmental and training needs 6-address performance excellence in education and training	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs
7-reinforce knowledge and skills on the job	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment
5.3 Employee Well-Being and Satisfaction	PA 23 Innovation; PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 01 Needs
5.3a Work Environment - address and improve workplace health, safety, and ergonomic factors	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation
5.3b Employee Support Climate 1-enhance work climate via services, benefits, and policies	BP 00.01. Establish and maintain strategic vision.

President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Categories/Items	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
2-encourage and motivate employees to develop and utilize full potential in a diverse workforce	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment
5.3c Employee Satisfaction	
	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
1-determine key factors that affect employee well-	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
being, satisfaction, and motivation	
2-assess/determine employee well-being, satisfaction, and motivation	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction:
3-relate findings to business results to identify	BP 00.05 Review Performance
improvement priorities	BP 00.06 Act on results of review
6. Process Management	PA 20 Process Definition; PA 21 Process
	Improvement; PA 11 Project Management;
	PA 23 Innovation; Generic Practices; (Process
	Management applies to all PAs)
6.1 Product and Service Processes	All Life Cycle PAs
6.1a Design Processes	PA 20 Process Definition; PA 21 Process
	Improvement; PA 23 Innovation
1-describe processes for product/service design and	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
production/delivery	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
2-include changing requirements in product/service	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
designs and production/delivery systems and	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
processes	BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements change
	requests
3-incorporate new technology into products/services	BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness
and systems and processes as appropriate	BP 23.02 Select New Technologies
	BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion
	BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies
	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation
4-address quality, cycle time, transfer of learning,	GP 3.3 Improve Processes
cost control, new design technology, productivity,	•
and other efficiency/effectiveness factors in process	
design	
5-ensure process design accommodates key	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
operational performance requirements	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
6-coordinate and test design and	BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion
production/delivery processes to ensure capability	BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies
for trouble-free and timely introduction of	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation
products/services	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
6.1b Production/Delivery Processes	Applies to Life Cycle PAs: PA 01 Needs; PA 02
	Requirements; PD03 Design; PA 06 Design
	Implementation; PA 07 Integration; PA 08
	Evaluation; PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and
	Disposal; PA 10 Operation and Support
1-describe key production/delivery processes and	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
key performance requirements	GP 2.2 Document the process
	GP 3.1 Standardize the Process
	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
2-ensure operation of processes meets key	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
performance requirements	GP 2.12 Measure process performance
	GP 2.14 Take corrective action
	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
3-use in-process measures/indicators to control and	GP 2.12 Measure process performance
improve processes, including customer input as	GP 2.14 Take corrective action
appropriate	BP 10.02 Monitor and evaluate capacity, service and

President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Categories/Items	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
	performance
	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
4-improve processes to achieve better process	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
performance and improvements to	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program
products/services, as appropriate, and share	BP 21.03 Appraise process
improvements, as appropriate	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
	GP 2.3 Plan the process
	GP 2.12 Measure process performance
	GP 2.14 Take corrective action
	GP 3.3 Improve processes
	GP 5.1 Pursue Process Optimization
6.2 Support Processes	Applies to Support PAs: PA 04 Alternatives Analysis;
**	PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 15 Quality Assurance and
	Management; PA 16 Configuration Management;
	PA 17 Information Management; PA 18 Measurement
	and Analysis; PA 20 Process Definition; PA 21
	Process Improvement; PA 22 Training; PA 23
	Innovation
6.2a Support Processes	
1-describe key support processes	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
T describe key support processes	GP 2.2 Document the process
	GP 3.1 Standardize the Process
	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
2-determine key support process requirements, with	GP 2.3 Plan the process
input from customers as appropriate	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
3-design processes to meet requirements	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
5 design processes to meet requirements	GP 2.2 Document the process
	GP 3.1 Standardize the Process
	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
4-ensure operation meets requirements; use in-	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System
process measures and/or customer feedback	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
process measures and/or eastorner recadack	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
	GP 2.12 Measure process performance
	GP 2.14 Take corrective action
	GP 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance
5-improve support processes to achieve better	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
performance and keep current with organization	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
needs and directions; share improvements, as	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
appropriate	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program
appropriate	BP 21.02 Establish Flocess Improvement Flogram BP 21.03 Appraise process
	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
	GP 2.3 Plan the process
	GP 2.12 Measure process performance

President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Categories/Items	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
	GP 2.14 Take corrective action
	GP 3.3 Improve processes
	GP 5.1 Pursue Process Optimization
6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes	PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 12 Supplier Agreement
	Management; PA 08 Evaluation
6.3a Supplier and Partnering Processes	
1-describe products/services purchased	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services
2-incorporate performance requirements into supplier/partner process management;	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
3-ensure performance requirements met; provide	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
feedback	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
	Performance
	BP 08.05 Verify End Products
4-minimize inspection, test, audit costs	BP 12.07 Administer Supplier Agreement
5-provide assistance and/or incentives to	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
suppliers/partners to help them improve	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative
performance	Environment
6-improve (own) supplier/partner processes to keep	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
current with organization needs and directions;	BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers
share improvements as appropriate	BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes,
	Activities and Products
	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative
	Environment
	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program
	BP 21.03 Appraise process
	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
	GP 2.3 Plan the process
	GP 2.12 Measure process performance
	GP 2.14 Take corrective action
	GP 3.3 Improve processes
7. Business Results	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management;
	PA 18 Measurement and Analysis; PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management
	BP 18.03 Store data and results (all items)
7.1 Contamon Formad Describe	,
7.1 Customer-Focused Results 7.1a Customer-Focused Results	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management
1-describe current levels and trends in key	BP 00.05 Review Performance
measures/indicators of customer satisfaction,	(input from PA 01, and PA 18)
dissatisfaction, satisfaction relative to competitors	(input nomini or, und in 10)
	1
	BP 00.05 Review Performance
2-describe current levels and trends in key	BP 00.05 Review Performance (input from PA 01, and PA 18)
2-describe current levels and trends in key measures/indicators of customer loyalty, positive	BP 00.05 Review Performance (input from PA 01, and PA 18)
2-describe current levels and trends in key	
2-describe current levels and trends in key measures/indicators of customer loyalty, positive referral, customer-perceived value, relationship building as appropriate 3-describe current levels and trends in key	(input from PA 01, and PA 18) BP 00.05 Review Performance
2-describe current levels and trends in key measures/indicators of customer loyalty, positive referral, customer-perceived value, relationship building as appropriate	(input from PA 01, and PA 18)

President's Quality Award/Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award Categories/Items	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
7.2 Financial Performance Results**	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management
7.2a Financial Performance Results	
1-describe current levels and trends in key	BP 00.05 Review Performance
measures/indicators of financial performance	(input from PA 18)
2-describe current levels and trends in key	BP 00.05 Review Performance
measures/indicators of market performance and/or	(input from PA 18)
mission accomplishment including program impact,	
market share/position, business growth, new	
markets, as appropriate	
7.3 Human Resource Results	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management
7.3a Human Resource Results	
1-describe current levels and trends in key	BP 00.05 Review Performance
measures/indicators of employee well-being,	(input from PA 22 for development, and PA 18)
satisfaction and dissatisfaction, and development	
2-describe current levels and trends in key	BP 00.05 Review Performance
measures/indicators of work system performance	(input from PA 23 for work environment, and PA 18)
and effectiveness	
7.4 Supplier and Partner Results	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 12
	Supplier Agreement Management
7.4a Supplier and Partner Results	BP 12.01 Use Planning Documents
describe current levels and trends in key	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
measures/indicators of supplier/partner	Performance
performance, including improvements resulting	BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes,
from performance and performance management	Activities and Products
	BP 00.05 Review Performance
	(input from PA 12 and PA 18)
7.5 Organizational Effectiveness Results	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management
7.5a Organizational Effectiveness Results	
1-describe current levels and trends in key	BP 00.05 Review Performance
measures/indicators or key design, production,	
delivery, and support process performance; include	(input from all applicable PAs, and PA 18)
productivity, cycle time, in-process and other	
appropriate measures of effectiveness and efficiency	
2-describe results for key measures/indicators or	BP 00.05 Review Performance
regulatory/legal compliance and citizenship	(input from PA 00, and PA 18)
3-describe results for key measures/indicators or	BP 00.05 Review Performance
accomplishment of organizational strategy **	(input from PA 00, and PA 18)

^{**}Note that in most cases President's Quality Award (PQA) criteria and Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award (MBNQA) criteria are identical. The following are the exceptions:

Names of sections:

- 1.2 Organization Responsibility and Citizenship (PQA)
- 1.2 Public Responsibility and Citizenship (MBNQA)
- 3. Customer Focus (PQA)
- 3. Customer and Market Focus (MBNQA)
- 7.2 Financial Performance Results (PQA)
- 7.2 Financial and Market Performance Results (MBNQA)

One item is in PQA but does not appear in MBNQA: 7.5a-3

ISO/IEC TR 15504 to FAA-iCMM v2.0

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*) and Practices	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and Practices
CUS Customer Supplier process category	
CUS.1 Acquisition (basic)	PA 05 Outsourcing; P A12 Supplier Agreement
	Management
CUS.1.BP1 : Identify the need.	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services:
CUS.1.BP2 : Prepare and negotiate contract	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
CUS.1.BP3 : Monitor the acquisition.	BP 12.07 Administer Supplier Agreement
CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (component)	PA 05 Outsourcing
CUS.1.1.BP1 : Identify the need.	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services:
CUS.1.1.BP2 : Define the requirements.	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services
CUS.1.1.BP3 : Prepare acquisition strategy.	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
CUS.1.1.BP4 : Define acceptance criteria.	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
CUS.1.2 Supplier selection (component)	PA 05 Outsourcing
CUS.1.2.BP1 : Define acquisition requirements.	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services:
COSTINENT TO COMMON TO QUITO MONTH	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
CUS.1.2.BP2 : Select a supplier.	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
CUS.1.2.BP3 : Prepare and negotiate contract.	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier
CUS.1.3 Supplier monitoring (component)	PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management
CUS.1.3.BP1 : Provide supplier feedback	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative
COSTIDIBITIVITO CAPPINO TOGGORA	Environment.
CUS.1.3.BP2: Review development with supplier.	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement
	Performance
CUS.1.3.BP3 : Monitor the acquisition.	BP 12.07 Administer Supplier Agreement
CUS.1.3.BP4 : Monitor supplier.	BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes,
COSTINUE TO THE SUPPLIES.	Activities and Products
	BP 12.07 Administer Supplier Agreement
CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance (component)	PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management;
	PA 08 Evaluation
CUS.1.4.BP1 : Evaluate the delivered product.	BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service
1	Acceptance
	BP 08.05 Verify End Products
CUS.1.4.BP2 : Accept the delivered product.	BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service
	Acceptance
CUS.2 Supply (basic)	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management;
	PA 11 Project Management; all life cycle PAs;
	PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
CUS.2.BP1 : Prepare response.	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
CUS.2.BP2: Negotiate contract.	BP 00.04. Develop and deploy action plans
	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment
CUS.2.BP3 : Develop system or software.	All life cycle PAs
CUS2.BP4 : Identify attributes for successful delivery	BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure
and installation.	Environment
	BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability
CUS.2.BP5 : Deliver and install software.	BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability
	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
CUS.3 Requirements elicitation (new)	PA 01 Needs; PA 02 Requirements
CUS.3.BP1: Obtain customer requirements and	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
requests.	

^{*} See page 75 for process types

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and
and Practices	Practices
CUS.3.BP2 : Agree on requirements.	BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements
CUS.3.BP3 : Establish customer requirements	BP 02.07 Record and Baseline Requirements
baseline.	1
CUS.3.BP4 : Manage customer requirements changes.	BP 02.08 Analyze and Resolve Requirements
	Change Requests
CUS.3.BP5 : Understand customer expectations.	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
CUS.3.BP6 : Establish customer query mechanism.	BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers
CUS.4 Operation (extended)	PA 10 Operation and Support
CUS.4.BP1 : Software Operation	BP 10.01 Operate the system, product, or service
CUS.4.BP2 : Operation evaluation.	BP 10.02 Monitor and evaluate capacity, service
1	and performance
CUS.4.BP3 : Support customer.	BP 10.07 Provide Customer Support
CUS.4.10perational use (extended component)	PA 10 Operation and Support; PA 13 Risk
	Management
CUS.4.1.BP1 : Identify operational risks.	BP 13.02 Identify Risks
CUS.4.1.BP2 : Perform operational testing.	BP 08.06 Validate End-products
CUS.4.1.BP3 : Operate the software.	BP 10.01 Operate the system, product, or service
CUS.4.1.BP4 : Review software operation problem	BP 10.06 Take or Initiate Corrective Action
CUS.4.1.BP5 : Resolve operational problems	BP 10.06 Take or Initiate Corrective Action
CUS.4.1.BP6 : Handle user requests.	BP 10.07 Provide Customer Support
CUS.4.1.BP7 : Document temporary work-arounds.	BP 10.06 Take or Initiate Corrective Action
CUS.4.1.BP8 : Monitor system capacity and service.	BP 10.02 Monitor and evaluate capacity, service
	and performance
CUS.4.2 Customer support (extended component)	PA 01 Needs; PA 10 Operation and Support;
	PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
CUS.4.2.BP1 : Provide user training.	BP 10.07 Provide Customer Support
	BP 09.03 Oversee Configuration of Product or
	Service
CUS.4.2.BP2 : Establish product support.	BP 10.07 Provide Customer Support
CUS.4.2.BP3 : Monitor performance.	BP 10.02 Monitor and evaluate capacity, service
•	and performance
CUS.4.2.BP4 : Determine customer satisfaction level.	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
CUS.4.2.BP5 : Compare with competitors.	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
CUS.4.2.BP6: Communicate customer satisfaction	BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers
	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
ENG Engineering process category	
ENG.1 Development (basic)	All Life Cycle PAs; PA 11 Project Management
ENG.1.BP1 : Define and implement the software or	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans
system development process.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
	All life cycle PAs
ENG.1.BP2 : Define and implement the traceability	BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability
process.	
ENG.1.BP3 : Define and implement the testing	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
process.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
	BP 08.05 Verify End-products
	BP 08.06 Validate End-products
ENG.1.BP4 : Define and implement the delivery	BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a
process.	Strategy for Deployment, Transition and
	Disposal Activities
ENG.1.1 System requirements analysis and design	PA 02 Requirements; PA 03 Design; PA 11
(component)	Project Management; PA 01 Needs; PA 05
	Outsourcing

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and
and Practices	Practices
ENG.1.1.BP1 : Identify system requirements.	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance
	Requirements
	BP 02.05 Identify external interface
	requirements
ENG.1.1.BP2: Analyze system requirements	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
ENG.1.1.BP3 : Describe system architecture.	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
ENG.1.1.BP4 : Allocate requirements.	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements
ENG.1.1.BP5 : Develop release strategy.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope and
	Outputs
ENG.1.1.BP6: Communicate system requirements	BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers
	BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers
ENG.1.1.BP7: Establish traceability.	BP 02.09 Maintain Consistency and Traceability
ENG.1.2 Software requirements analysis	PA 02 Requirements; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 11
(component)	Project Management
ENG.1.2.BP1 : Specify software requirements.	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance
	Requirements
ENG.1.2.BP2 : Determine operating environment	BP 02.05 Identify external interface
impact.	requirements
ENG.1.2.BP3: Evaluate and validate requirements	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental work Products
with customer.	
ENG.1.2.BP4 : Develop validation criteria for	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements
software.	and Constraints
ENG.1.2.BP5 : Develop release strategy.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope and
	Outputs
ENG.1.2.BP6: Update requirements.	BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements
	change requests
ENG.1.2.BP7 : Communicate software requirements	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements
ENG.1.2.BP8 : Evaluate the software requirements.	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental work Products
ENG.1.3 Software design (component)	PA 03 Design; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 02
ENGLARDI D. I. G. Liv. III.	Requirements
ENG.1.3.BP1: Develop software architectural design.	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
ENG.1.3.BP2 : Design interfaces.	BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications
ENG.1.3.BP3: Verify the software design.	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental work Products
ENG.1.3.BP4: Develop detailed design.	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
ENG.1.3.BP5: Establish Traceability.	BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability
ENG.1.4 Software construction (component)	PA 06 Design Implementation; PA 08
ENC 1 4 DD1 - Develop and	Evaluation; PA 02 Requirements
ENG.1.4.BP1 : Develop software units.	BP 06.02 Formulate product or service
	components RP 06 03 Develop Documentation
ENC 1 4 PD2 · Dayalan unit varification procedures	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation
ENG.1.4.BP2: Develop unit verification procedures.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
ENG.1.4.BP3: Verify the software units.	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental work Products
ENG. 1.4.BP4: Establish traceability. ENG. 1.5 Software integration (component)	BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability
ENG. 1.5 PD1 - Develop software integration strategy	PA 07 Integration; PA 08 Evaluation
ENG. 1.5 BP2 : Develop software integration strategy.	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy
ENG.1.5.BP2: Develop integrated software item	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
regression test strategy.	DD 00 01 Develor Evolution Strategy
ENG.1.5.BP3 : Develop tests for integrated software	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
items.	DD 00 04 Evolvoto Ingraes and 1 Wards Duals (
ENG.1.5.BP4 : Test integrated software items.	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and
and Practices	Practices
ENG.1.5.BP5 : Integrate software item.	BP 07.04 Assemble Product and Service
	Elements
	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
ENG.1.5.BP6: Regression test integrated software	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
items.	
ENG.1.6 Software testing (component)	PA 08 Evaluation
ENG.1.6.BP1 : Develop integrated software test	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
strategy, including regression strategy.	
ENG.1.6.BP2: Develop tests for integrated software.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
ENG.1.6.BP3: Test integrated software.	BP 08.05 Verify End Products
ENG.1.6.BP4: Regression test integrated software.	BP 08.05 Verify End Products
ENG.1.7 System integration and testing (component)	PA07 Integration; PA08 Evaluation
ENG.1.7.BP1 : Develop system integration and test	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy
strategy.	
ENG.1.7.BP2 : Develop system regression test	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
strategy.	
ENG.1.7.BP3 : Build aggregates of system units.	BP 07.04 Assemble Product and Service
	Elements
ENG.1.7.BP4 : Develop tests for system aggregates.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
ENG.1.7.BP5 : Test system aggregates.	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
ENG.1.7.BP6 : Develop tests for system.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
ENG.1.7.BP7: Test integrated system.	BP 08.05 Verify End Products
ENG.1.7.BP8: Regression test system aggregates or	BP 08.05 Verify End Products
integrated system.	
ENG.2 System and software maintenance (basic)	All life cycle PAs; PA 11 Project Management
ENG.2.BP1 : Determine maintenance requirements.	BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability
	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements
ENGARRA D. 1	and Constraints
ENG.2.BP2 : Develop maintenance strategy.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope and
	Outputs RR 00 01 Develop Deploy and Maintain a
	BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and
	Disposal Activities
ENG 2.BP3 : Analyze user problems and	BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements
enhancements.	change requests
ENG.2.BP4 : Determine modifications for next	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope and
upgrade.	Outputs
ENG.2.BP5 : Implement and test modifications.	BP 08.05 Verify End Products
r	(all life cycle PAs to implement)
ENG.2.BP6: Upgrade user system.	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
ENG.2.BP7 : Retire user system.	BP 09.03 Oversee Configuration of Product or
, ·	Service
	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced
	Product and/or Dispense with Service
SUP Support process category	
SUP.1 Documentation (extended)	PA 17 Information Management; PA 08
	Evaluation
SUP.1.BP1 : Develop documentation policy.	GP 2.1 Establish Organizational Policy
SUP.1.BP2 : Establish standards for documents.	BP 17.06 Establish Information Standards
SUP.1.BP3 : Specify documentation requirements.	BP 17.06 Establish Information Standards
SUP.1.BP4 : Develop document.	(done in applicable process areas)
SUP.1.BP5 : Check document.	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and
and Practices	Practices
SUP.1.BP6 : Distribute document.	BP 17.04 Share Information
SUP.1.BP7 : Maintain document.	BP 17.03 Store Information
SUP.2 Configuration management (basic)	PA 16 Configuration Management
SUP.2.BP1 : Develop configuration management	BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration
strategy.	Management Strategy
SUP.2.BP2 : Establish configuration management	BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration
system.	Management Strategy
system.	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository
	for Work Product Baselines
SUP.2.BP3 : Identify configuration items.	BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration
a contact of the cont	Items and Interim Work Products
SUP.2.BP4 : Maintain configuration item description.	BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration
g	Items and Interim Work Products
	BP16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository
	for Work Product Baselines
	BP 16.04 Control Changes
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration
	Status
SUP.2.BP5 : Manage changes.	BP 16.04 Control Changes
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration
	Status
SUP.2.BP6: Manage product releases.	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository
	for Work Product Baselines
	BP 16.04 Control Changes
SUP.2.BP7: Maintain configuration item history.	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository
	for Work Product Baselines
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration
	Status
SUP.2.BP8 : Report configuration status.	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration
	Status
SUP.2.BP9: Manage the release and delivery of	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository
configuration items.	for Work Product Baselines
SUP.3 Quality assurance (basic)	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
SUP.3.BP1 : Develop quality assurance strategy.	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management
	System
SUP.3.BP2 : Establish quality standards.	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management
GLID 2 DD2 D C' 1' 1	System
SUP.3.BP3 : Define quality records.	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management
CLID 2 DD4 4 11 C	System
SUP.3.BP4 : Assure quality of process activities.	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
SUP.3.BP5 : Assure quality of work products.	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality
SUP.3.BP6: Report quality results	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
SUP.3.BP7: Handle deviations.	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
SUP.4 Verification (basic)	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 11 Project Management
SUP.4.BP1: Develop verification strategy.	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
SUP.4.BP2 : Conduct verification.	BP 08.05 Verify End Products
SUP.4.BP3 : Determine actions for verification	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
results.	DD 11 10 T. 1. C
SUP.4.BP4: Track actions for verification results.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
SUP.5 Validation (basic)	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 11 Project Management
SUP.5.BP1 : Develop validation strategy.	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
SUP.5.BP2 : Perform validation.	BP 08.06 Validate End Products

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and
and Practices	Practices
SUP.5.BP3 : Determine actions for validation results.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
SUP.5.BP4 : Track actions for validation results.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
SUP.6 Joint review (basic)	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 11 Project
	Management; PA 00 Integrated Enterprise
	Management; PA 21 Process Improvement
SUP.6.BP1 : Prepare joint review.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
SUP.6.BP2: Establish review criteria.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
SUP.6.BP3 : Conduct joint management review.	GP 2.13 Review Performance with Higher Level
	Management
	BP 00.05. Review performance
	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project
	Performance
SUP.6.BP4 : Conduct joint technical review.	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project
	Performance
SUP.6.BP5 : Conduct joint process review.	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project
	Performance
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
SUP.6.BP6 : Conduct joint system acceptance review.	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project
	Performance
SUP.6.BP7 : Determine actions for review results.	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project
CLUD C DDO TO 1 1 1 C	Performance
SUP.6.BP8: Track actions for review results.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
SUP.7 Audit (basic)	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
SUP.7.BP1 : Develop and implement audit strategy.	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management
CLID 7 DD2 · Dl-··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	System CR 2.3 Plan the Process
SUP.7.BP2 : Plan an audit. SUP.7.BP3 : Audit software development activities.	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
SUP.7.BP4 : Audit software development activities.	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
SUP.7.BP5 : Audit process performance.	•
CLID 7 DD6 . Audit final meduate and existent	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
SUP.7.BP6: Audit final products and system.	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality
SUP.7.BP7 : Identify corrective actions from the audit report.	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
SUP.7.BP8 : Track actions for audit report.	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic)	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management;
SOL STroblem resolution (basic)	PA 10 Operation and Support
SUP.8.BP1 : Establish problem report system.	GP 2.14 Take Corrective Action
301.6.Bi 1. Establish problem report system.	BP 10.07 Provide customer support
SUP.8.BP2 : Prioritize problems.	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
SUP.8.BP3 : Determine actions for problems.	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
SUP.8.BP4: Track actions for problems.	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
SUP.8.BP5 : Review and distribute solutions.	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
SUP.8.BP6 : Analyze problem trends.	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
MAN Management process category	Di 15.05 / Harry Ze Quanty
MAN.1 Management (basic)	PA 11 Project Management
MAN.1.BP1 : Identify activities and tasks.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope and
WANTED 1 . Identity activities and tasks.	Outputs
MAN.1.BP2 : Evaluate feasibility of achieving	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope and
process.	Outputs
MAN.1.BP3 : Plan and allocate resources and	BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource
infrastructure.	Requirements
mirastructure.	requirements

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and
and Practices	Practices Practices
MAN.1.BP4 : Implement activities.	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
MAN.1.BP5 : Monitor performance.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
MAN.1.BP6 : Review work products and evaluate	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project
results.	Performance
MAN.1.BP7 : Take action on performance deviation.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
MAN.1.BP8 : Demonstrate successful achievement.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
MAN.2 Project management (new)	PA 11 Project Management; PA 14 Integrated
	Teaming
MAN.2.BP1 : Define the scope of work.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope and
1	Outputs
MAN.2.BP2 : Determine development strategy.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope and
	Outputs
MAN.2.BP3 : Select software life cycle model.	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle
	Approach
MAN.2.BP4 : Size and estimate tasks and resources.	BP 11.03 Estimate Planning Parameters
MAN.2.BP5 : Develop work breakdown structure.	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle
	Approach
MAN.2.BP6 : Identify infrastructure requirements.	BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource
-	Requirements
MAN.2.BP7: Establish project schedule.	BP 11.05 Establish Schedules
MAN.2.BP8 : Allocate responsibilities.	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment
MAN.2.BP9: Identify interfaces.	BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative
	Workplace
MAN.2.BP10: Establish and implement project plans.	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans
MAN.2.BP11 : Track progress against plans.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
MAN.2.BP12 : Act to correct deviations.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
MAN.3 Quality management (new)	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
MAN.3.BP1 : Establish quality goals.	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management
	System
MAN.3.BP2 : Define overall strategy.	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management
	System
MAN.3.BP3 : Identify quality activities.	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
MAN.3.BP4 : Perform quality activities.	GP 2.8 Consistently Use and Manage the
	Process
MAN.3.BP5 : Assess quality.	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
MAN.3.BP6: Take corrective action.	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
MAN.4 Risk management (new)	PA 13 Risk Management
MAN.4.BP1 : Establish risk management scope.	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
MAN.4.BP2 : Identify risks.	BP 13.02 Identify Risks
MAN.4.BP3 : Analyze and prioritize risks.	BP 13.03 Assess Risks
MAN.4.BP4 : Define risk management strategies.	BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans
MAN.4.BP5 : Define risk metrics.	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk
MANAGER	Mitigation Plans
MAN.4.BP6 : Implement risk management strategies.	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk
MANIARDZ A 10 C.11	Mitigation Plans
MAN.4.BP7 : Assess results of risk management	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk
strategies.	Mitigation Plans
MAN.4.BP8 : Take corrective action.	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk
OPC O west attacks to	Mitigation Plans
ORG Organization process category	Di col i di
ORG.1 Organizational alignment (new)	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management;
	PA 14 Integrated Teaming

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and	
and Practices	Practices	
ORG.1.BP1 : Develop a strategic vision.	BP 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision	
ORG.1.BP1: Develop a strategic vision.	BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision	
ORG.1.BP3: Develop a quality culture.	BP 00.02 Arigin to achieve the vision BP 00.01. Establish and maintain strategic	
OKO.1.BF3 . Develop a quality culture.	vision.	
ORG.1.BP4 : Build and empower teams.	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Teams	
OKG.1.B14. Build and empower teams.	BP 14.04 Define Project Teams	
ORG.1.BP5 : Provide incentives.	BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision	
ORG.2 Improvement process (basic)	PA 20 Process Definition; PA 21 Process	
OKG.2 Improvement process (busic)	Improvement	
ORG.2.BP1 : Define organizational processes.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes	
ORG.2.BP2: Deploy the processes.	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement	
ORG.2.Bi 2. Deploy the processes.	Gains	
ORG.2.BP3 : Assess the deployed processes.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.BP4 : Improve the standard processes.	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan	
Orto,2.B1 1. Improve the standard processes.	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements	
ORG.2.1 Process establishment (component)	PA 20 Process Definition; PA 21 Process	
	Improvement; PA 04 Alternatives Analysis; PA	
	18 Measurement and Analysis	
ORG.2.1.BP1 : Define goals.	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals	
ORG.2.1.BP2 : Identify activities, roles, authorities &	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes	
responsibilities.		
ORG.2.1.BP3 : Define and document the processes	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes	
performed in the organization.	BP 04.01 Establish Analysis Strategy	
ORG.2.1.BP4 : Establish organisational policies.	GP 2.1 Establish Organizational Policy	
ORG.2.1.BP5 : Establish performance expectations.	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals	
ORG.2.1.BP6 : Deploy the process.	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement	
	Gains	
ORG.2.1.BP7: Check the standard processes	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance	
deployment.		
ORG.2.1.BP8 : Capture process data.	BP 18.03 Store data and results	
ORG.2.1.BP9: Maintain the standard processes.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes	
ORG.2.2 Process assessment (component)	PA 21 Process Improvement; PA 20 Process	
	Definition	
ORG.2.2.BP1 : Determine the assessment method.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.2.BP2 : Define assessment goals.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.2.BP3 : Define the assessment inputs.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.2.BP4 : Plan the assessment.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.2.BP5 : Perform the assessment to collect data.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.2.BP6 : Validate the data.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.2.BP7 : Identify strengths and weaknesses.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.2.BP8 : Maintain the assessment results.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets	
ORG.2.2.BP9: Exploit the assessment result.	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan	
ORG.2.2.BP10: Report the assessment result.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.3 Process improvement (component)	PA 21 Process Improvement; PA 15 Quality	
ODC 2.2 DD1 . Id-wife inv	Assurance and Management	
ORG.2.3.BP1 : Identify improvement opportunities.	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals	
ODC 2.2 DD2 - D-Fire C'	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement	
ORG.2.3.BP2 : Define scope of improvement	BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement	
activities.	Program PD 21 02 Appraise process	
ORG.2.3.BP3: Understand the process.	BP 21.03 Appraise process	
ORG.2.3.BP4 : Identify improvements.	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan	
ORG.2.3.BP5 : Prioritize improvements.	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan	

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and
and Practices	Practices
ORG.2.3.BP6 : Define measures of impact.	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
ORG.2.3.BP7 : Change the process.	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
ORG.2.3.BP8 : Confirm the improvement.	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
ORG.2.3.BP9 : Deploy improvement.	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement
	Gains
ORG.3 Human resource management (extended)	PA 22 Training; PA 14 Integrated Teaming
ORG.3.BP1 : Identify human resource needs.	(beyond v2.0 scope)
ORG.3.BP2 : Develop or acquire training.	BP 22.03 Establish Training Mechanism
ORG.3.BP3: Train personnel.	BP 22.04 Train Individuals
ORG.3.BP4 : Recruit qualified staff.	(beyond v2.0 scope)
ORG.3.BP5 : Define evaluation criteria.	(beyond v2.0 scope)
ORG.3.BP6: Evaluate staff performance.	(beyond v2.0 scope)
ORG.3.BP7 : Provide feedback on performance.	(beyond v2.0 scope)
ORG.3.BP8 : Maintain staff records.	(beyond v2.0 scope)
ORG.3.BP9 : Define project teams.	BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Teams
	BP 14.04 Define Project Teams
	BP 14.05 Establish Resolution Methods
ORG.3.BP10 : Empower project teams.	BP 14.01 Develop and Communicate Team
	Goals
	BP 14.04 Define Project Teams
ORG.3.BP11 : Maintain project team interactions.	BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative
	Workplace
ORG.4 Infrastructure (basic)	PA 23 Innovation; PA 02 Requirements; PA 10
	Operation and Support; PA 17 Information Management
ORG.4.BP1 : Identify software engineering	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance
environment requirements.	Requirements
•	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements
	and Constraints
ORG.4.BP2 : Provide a software engineering	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation
environment.	
ORG.4.BP3 : Provide support for individuals using	BP10.07. Provide customer support
the software engineering infrastructure.	
ORG.4.BP4 : Maintain software engineering	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation
environment.	
ORG.4.BP5 : Provide a workspace conductive to	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation
productive performance.	
ORG.4.BP6 : Ensure data integrity and security.	BP 17.05 Protect Information
ORG.4.BP7 : Provide remote access facility.	BP 23.05 Manage Innovation
ORG.5 Measurement (new)	PA 18 Measurement and Analysis; PA 15
	Quality Assurance and Management: PA 21
	Process Improvement
ORG.5.BP1 : Establish metrics for process	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
management.	PP 10 01 F . 111 1
ORG.5.BP2 : Establish metrics for the quality of work	BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals
products.	
ORG.5.BP3 : Conduct quantitative process	Generic practices, levels 2, 3, 4, 5
management.	DD 10.02 G H
ORG.5.BP4 : Measure the quality of work products.	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*)	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and
and Practices	Practices
ORG.5.BP5 : Make measurement data available for	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
decision-making.	BP 18.03 Store data and results
	BP 18.05 Communicate results
ORG.5.BP6 : Define benchmark.	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.03 Store data and result
ORG.5.BP7 : Benchmark processes.	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	BP 21.03 Appraise process
ORG.6 Reuse (new)	PA 20 Process Definition; PA 17 Information
	Management
ORG.6.BP1 : Define organizational reuse strategy.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
ORG.6.BP2 : Establish reuse library.	BP 17.02 Establish Information Management
	Capability
	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets
ORG.6.BP3 : Identify reusable entities.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
ORG.6.BP4 : Develop reusable entities.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
ORG.6.BP5 : Keep reusable entities stable and	BP 17.06 Establish Information Standards
consistent.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets
ORG.6.BP6: Report and certify reusable entities and	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate Process
domain knowledge.	Definition
ORG.6.BP7 : Inform potential users about reusable	BP 17.04 Share Information
entities and domain knowledge.	BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate Process
	Definition
Capability Levels and Management Practices	Capability Levels and Generic Practices
Level 0: Incomplete process	Capability Level 0: Incomplete
Level 1: Performed process	Capability Level 1: Performed
PA 1.1 Process performance attribute	
MP 1.1.1 Identify	1.1 Identify Work Scope
MP 1.1.2 Ensure that the scope of work is identified	1.1 Identify Work Scope
MP 1.1.3 Ensure that base practices are implemented	1.2 Perform the Process
Level 2: Managed process	Capability Level 2: Managed: Planned and
DA 2.1 D. C.	Tracked
PA 2.1 Performance management attribute	228 4 8
MP 2.1.1 Identify the objectives	2.3 Plan the Process
MP 2.1.2 Plan the performance of the process	2.3 Plan the Process
MP 2.1.3 Plan and assign the responsibility and	2.3 Plan the Process
authority MP 2.1.4 Manage the execution of the activities	2.5 Assign Responsibility
wir 2.1.4 Manage the execution of the activities	2.12 Measure Performance 2.14 Take Corrective Actions
PA 2.2 Work product management attribute	2.17 Take Contentive Actions
MP 2.2.1 Identify the requirements	2.7 Establish Work Product Requirements
MP 2.2.2 Manage	2.9 Manage Work Products
MP 2.2.3 Identify and define	2.7 Establish Work Product Requirements
MP 2.2.4 Manage the quality of work products	2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products
Level 3: Established process	Capability Level 3: Defined
PA 3.1 Process definition attribute	Cap down, Dorot of Dojatou
MP 3.1.1 Identify the standard process	3.1 Standardize the Process
MP 3.1.2 Implement and/or tailor the standard process	3.2 Establish and Use a Defined Process
MP 3.1.3 Gather process performance data	3.3 Improve Processes
MP 3.1.4 Establish and refine the understanding of the	3.3 Improve Processes
process behaviour	5.5 Improve i rocesses
MP 3.1.5 Refine	3.3 Improve Processes
	c.c improve freedom
PA 3.2 Process resource attribute	I

ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type*) and Practices	FAA-iCMM (v2.0) Process Areas and Practices	
MP 3.2.1 Identify and document the roles,	2.5 Assign Responsibility	
responsibilities and competencies	2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge	
MP 3.2.2 Identify and document the process	2.3 Plan the Process	
infrastructure requirements		
MP 3.2.3 Provide, allocate and use the resources	2.4 Provide Adequate Resources	
	2.8 Consistently Use and Manage the Process	
MP 3.2.4 Provide, allocate and use an adequate	2.4 Provide Adequate Resources	
process infrastructure	2.8 Consistently Use and Manage the Process	
Level 4: Predictable process	Capability Level 4: Quantitatively Managed	
PA 4.1 Measurement attribute	~ ~ ~	
MP 4.1.1 Identify product and process goals and	2.3 Plan the Process	
measures	3.2 Establish and Use a Defined Process	
measures	4.1 Stabilize Process Performance	
MP 4.1.2 Collect the specified product and process	3.3 Improve Processes	
measures	4.1 Stabilize Process Performance	
MP 4.1.3 Analyze trends in the performance of the	3.3 Improve Processes	
process	3.5 Improve Frocesses	
1	4.1 Stabilize Process Performance	
MP 4.1.4 Measure the process capability	4.1 Stabilize Flocess Fellormance	
PA 4.2 Process control attribute	2 12 M D	
MP 4.2.1 Identify suitable measurement techniques	2.12 Measure Performance	
	3.3 Improve Processes 4.1 Stabilize Process Performance	
MD 4 2 2 G-114		
MP 4.2.2 Collect measures and identify process	4.1 Stabilize Process Performance	
control parameters	416.17. 5. 5.	
MP 4.2.3 Control the process performance using the	4.1 Stabilize Process Performance	
analysis measures	5.1 Pursue Process Optimization	
Level 5: Optimizing process	Capability Level 5: Optimizing	
PA 5.1 Process change attribute		
MP 5.1.1 Identify changes to the standard process definition	3.3 Improve Processes	
MP 5.1.2 Assess the impact of all proposed changes	3.3 Improve Processes	
MP 5.1.3 Define an implementation strategy for the	3.3 Improve Processes	
approved change	1	
MP 5.1.4 Implement the approved changes	3.3 Improve Processes	
MP 5.1.5 Evaluate the effectiveness of process change	3.3 Improve Processes	
2.1.2 2.1.6 2.1.6 die effectiveness of process change	5.1 Pursue Process Optimization	
PA 5.2 Continuous improvement attribute	2.1.2 alone 110ccss optimization	
MP 5.2.1 Define the process improvement goals for	5.1 Pursue Process Optimization	
the process	3.11 disac 110ccss Optimization	
MP 5.2.2 Analyse the source of real and potential	3.3 Improve Processes	
problems in the current process	5.1 Pursue Process Optimization	
MP 5.2.3 Implement changes to selected areas	3.3 Improve Processes	
	*	
MP 5.2.4 Validate the effectiveness of process change	3.3 Improve Processes	
	5.1 Pursue Process Optimization	

^{*}Process types are:

Basic – processes identical in intent to the processes in ISO/IEC 12207

Extended – processes that are expansions of ISO/IEC 12207 processes

New – processes that are outside the scope of ISO/IEC 12207

Component – processes (a group of one or more ISO/IEC 12207's activities from the same process)

Extended Component – processes that are one or more of ISO/IEC 12207's activities from the same process, with additional material. These would normally be Component processes of Extended processes.

ISO/IEC 12207 to FAA iCMM V2.0

ISO/IEC 12207 Software life cycle	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes, Activities, and Tasks	
5 Primary life cycle processes	
5.1 Acquisition process	PA 01 Needs; PA 02 Requirements; PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 12
•	Supplier Agreement Management; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 13
	Risk Management
5.1.1 Initiation.	PA 01 Needs; PA 02 Requirements; PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 13
	Risk Management
5.1.1.1	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs.
	BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need.
	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services.
5.1.1.2	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services.
	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements.
	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements and Constraints.
	BP 02.04 Derive requirements.
	BP 02.05 Identify external interface requirements.
	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements.
5.1.1.3	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking.
5.1.1.4	GP2.5 Assign Responsibility
5.1.1.5	GP2.8 Consistently use and mange the process
5.1.1.6	BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services.
5.1.1.7	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
5.1.1.8	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
	BP 13.02 Identify Risks.
	BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans.
5.1.1.9	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
5.1.2 Request-for-proposal [-tender]	PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 02 Requirements;
preparation.	1 /
5.1.2.1	BP 05.03 Prepare for Solicitation or Tasking
5.1.2.2	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements or Constraints.
	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
5.1.2.3	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements or Constraints.
	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
5.1.2.4	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements or Constraints.
	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
5.1.3 Contract preparation and update.	PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management
5.1.3.1	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking.
5.1.3.2	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier.
5.1.3.3	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier.
5.1.3.4	BP 05.04 Choose Supplier.
5.1.3.5	BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity
5.1.4 Supplier monitoring.	PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management
5.1.4.1:	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance
5.1.4.2:	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance
5.1.5 Acceptance and completion.	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management
5.1.5.1	BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service Acceptance
0.110.1	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures.
	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment
5.1.5.2	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products.
5.1.5.3	BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service Acceptance
J.1.J.J	DI 12.00 Determine I roduct of Service Acceptance

ISO/IEC 12207 Software life cycle	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes, Activities, and Tasks	
5.2 Supply process	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 11 Project
	Management; PA 02 Requirements; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 09
	Deployment, Transition, and Disposal; PA 12 Supplier
5.2.1 Initiation.	Agreement Management; PA 04 Alternatives Analysis PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 02 Requirements;
5.2.1 Inutation.	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; FA 02 Requirements; PA 04 Alternatives Analysis
5.2.1.1	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements:
5.2.1.1	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements:
	BP 00.04 Develop and Deploy Action Plans
5.2.1.2	BP 00.04 Develop and Deploy Action Plans
3.2.1.2	BP 04.06 Select Solution:
5.2.2 Preparation of response.	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management
5.2.2 .1	BP 00.04. Develop and deploy action plans
5.2.3 Contract.	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 11 Project
	Management; PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management
5.2.3.1	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment:
5.2.3.2	BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity
	BP 11.09 Direct the Project.
5.2.4 Planning.	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 11 Project
	Management; PA 02 Requirements; PA 04 Alternatives Analysis
5.2.4.1	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements:
	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements:
	BP 00.04 Develop and Deploy Action Plans
5.2.4.2	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach
5.2.4.3	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
5.2.4.4	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach:
5045	BP 04.06 Select Solution
5.2.4.5 5.2.5 Execution and control.	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans: PA 11 Project Management; PA 12 Supplier Agreement
5.2.3 Execution and control.	Management
5.2.5.1	BP 11.09 Direct the Project:
5.2.5.2	GP 2.8 Consistently Use and Manage the Process
5.2.5.3	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance:
5.2.5.4	BP 12.01 Use Planning documents:
5.2.5.5	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
5.2.5.6	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
5.2.6 Review and evaluation.	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management
5.2.6.1	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative Environment.
5.2.6.2	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products.
5.2.6.3	Mapping N/A
5.2.6.4	BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service Acceptance
5.2.6.5	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative Environment.
5.2.6.6	See 6.3
5.2.7 Delivery and completion.	PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
5.2.7.1	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
5.2.7.2	BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability
5.3 Development process	PA 11 Project Management; PA 02 Requirements; PA 03
	Design; PA 06 Design Implementation; PA 07 Integration;
	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and
	Disposal; PA 16 Configuration Management

ISO/IEC 12207 Software life cycle	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes, Activities, and Tasks	
5.3.1 Process implementation.	PA 11 Project Management; PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
5.3.1.1	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach
5.3.1.2	see 6.1, 6.2, 6.8
5.3.1.3	GP 3.2 Establish and Use a Defined Process
5.3.1.4	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
5.3.1.5	BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment
	BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability
	(practices address the presumed intent to prove the needed
	environment for operation and maintenance of delivered items)
5.3.2 System requirements analysis.	PA 02 Requirements
5.3.2.1	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements and Constraints.
	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements.
	BP 02.05 Identify external interface requirements.
	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
5.3.2.2	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements.
	BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability.
5.3.3 System architectural design.	PA 03 Design; PA 08 Evaluation
5.3.3.1	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure.
	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements.
	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description.
5.3.3.2	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
5.3.4 Software requirements analysis.	PA 02 Requirements
5.3.4.1	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements.
	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements and Constraints.
5.3.4.2	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements.
	BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability.
5.3.4.3	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements.
5.3.5 Software architectural design.	PA03 Design; PA 06 Design Implementation; PA 08 Evaluation;
	PA 11 Project Management
5.3.5.1	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements.
	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description.
	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure.
5.3.5.2	BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications.
5.3.5.3	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure.
5.3.5.4	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation:
5.3.5.5	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
	BP 11.05 Establish Schedules.
5.3.5.6	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
5.3.5.7	See 6.6
5.3.6 Software detail design.	PA 03 Design; PA 06 Design Implementation; PA 08 Evaluation
5.3.6.1	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements.
	BP 03.06 Establish Component Specifications.
5.3.6.2	BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications:
	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description.
5.3.6.3	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description
5.3.6.4	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation:
5.3.6.5	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy.
	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
5.3.6.6	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
5.3.6.7	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
5.3.6.8	See 6.6

ISO/IEC 12207 Software life cycle Processes, Activities, and Tasks	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
5.3.7 Software coding and testing.	PA 06 Design Implementation; PA 08 Evaluation
5.3.7.1	BP 06.02 Formulate product or service components.
5.5.7.1	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation.
	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures.
5.3.7.2	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
5.3.7.3	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation
5.3.7.4	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
5.3.7.5	BP 08.07 Develop Evaluation Strategy BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
5.3.8 Software integration.	PA 07 Integration; PA 06 Design Implementation; PA 08
5.5.6 Software integration.	Evaluation
5.3.8.1	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy.
5.3.8.2	
	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy.
5.3.8.3	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation:
5.3.8.4	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures:
5.3.8.5	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
5.3.8.6	See 6.6
5.3.9 Software qualification testing.	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 16 Configuration Management
5.3.9.1	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
5.3.9.3	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
5.3.9.4	See 6.6
5.3.9.5	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product
	Baselines.
7.2.10.0 · · · · · · · ·	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
5.3.10 System integration.	PA 07 Integration; PA 08 Evaluation
5.3.10.1	BP 07.04 Assemble Product and Service Elements.
5.3.10.2	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
5.3.10.3	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products.
5.3.11 System qualification testing.	PA 07 Integration; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 16 Configuration Management
5.3.11.1	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products.
5.3.11.2	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products.
5.3.11.3	BP 08.05 Verify end-Products.
5.3.11.4	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product
3.3.11.1	Baselines.
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
5.3.12 Software installation.	PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
5.3.12.1	BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for
3.3.12.1	Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities
5.3.12.2	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
5.3.13 Software acceptance support.	PA 11 Project Management; PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and
cicize zejen an e acceptantee zappeta	Disposal
5.3.13.1	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
5.3.13.2	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
5.3.13.3	BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability
5.4 Operation process	PA 10 Operation and Support; PA 08 Evaluation
5.4.1 Process implementation.	PA 10 Operation and Support; PA 08 Evaluation
5.4.1.1	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
5.4.1.2	BP10.07. Provide customer support
	GP 2.2 Document the Process
5.4.1.3	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedure
	GP 2.2 Document the Process
5.4.2 Operational testing.	PA 08 Evaluation
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ISO/IEC 12207 Software life cycle	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes, Activities, and Tasks	The Tollier valorious and ractices
5.4.2.1	BP 08.06 Validate end-products.
5.4.2.2	BP 08.06 Validate end-products.
5.4.3 System operation.	PA 10 Operation and Support
5.4.3.1	BP10.01. Operate the system, product or service
5.4.4 User support.	PA 10 Operation and Support
5.4.4.1	BP10.07. Provide customer support
5.4.4.2	BP10.07. Provide customer support
5.4.4.3	BP10.06. Take or initiate corrective action
5.5 Maintenance process	PA 02 Requirements; PA 03 Design; PA 06 Design
-	Implementation; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 09 Deployment,
	Transition, and Disposal; PA 16 Configuration Management;
	PA 17 Information Management
5.5.1 Process implementation.	PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal; PA 16
	Configuration Management
5.5.1.1	BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for
	Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities
5.5.1.2	GP 2.2 Document the Process
5.5.1.3	BP 16.04 Control Changes
5.5.2 Problem and modification analysis.	PA 02 Requirements; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 03 Design
5.5.2.1	BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements change requests.
5.5.2.2	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
5.5.2.3	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
5.5.2.4	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
5.5.2.5	BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements change requests.
5.5.3 Modification implementation.	PA 06 Design Implementation; PA 08 Evaluation
5.5.3.1	BP 06.02 Formulate product or service components.
5.5.3.2	BP 06.02 Formulate product or service components.
	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures.
5.5.4 Maintenance review/acceptance.	PA 08 Evaluation
5.5.4.1	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
5.5.4.2	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
5.5.5 Migration.	PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal; PA 17 Information
	Management
5.5.5.1	Mapping N/A
5.5.5.2	BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for
	Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities
5.5.5.3	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
5.5.5.4	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
5.5.5.5	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
5.5.5.6	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
5.5.5.7	BP 17.05 Protect Information.
	BP 17.04 Share Information.
5.5.6 Software retirement.	PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
5.5.6.1	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or
	Dispense with Service
5.5.6.2	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or
	Dispense with Service
5.5.6.3	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or
	Dispense with Service
5.5.6.4	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or
	Dispense with Service

ISO/IEC 12207 Software life cycle	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes, Activities, and Tasks	TIME TOTAL VALVE I TOTAL MINE I TROUTED
5.5.6.5	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or
	Dispense with Service
6 Supporting life cycle processes	
6.1 Documentation process	PA 17 Information Management; PA 16 Configuration
	Management; PA 08 Evaluation
6.1.1 Process implementation.	PA 17 Information Management
6.1.1.1	BP 17.01 Establish Information Management Strategy.
6.1.2 Design and development.	PA 17 Information Management; PA 08 Evaluation
6.1.2.1	BP 17.06 Establish Information Standards.
6.1.2.2	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.1.2.3	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.1.3 Production.	PA 17 Information Management; PA 16 Configuration
	Management
6.1.3.1	BP 17.05 Protect Information.
6.1.3.2	BP 16.04 Control Changes
6.1.4 Maintenance.	
6.1.4.1	See 5.5 and 6.2
6.2 Configuration management process	PA 16 Configuration Management
6.2.1 Process implementation.	PA 16 Configuration Management
6.2.1.1	BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration Management Strategy
6.2.2 Configuration identification.	PA 16 Configuration Management
6.2.2.1	Goal 16.2. Configuration items are controlled and managed
	throughout the life cycle.
6.2.3 Configuration control.	PA 16 Configuration Management
6.2.3.1	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product
	Baselines
	BP 16.04 Control Changes
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections
6.2.4 Configuration status accounting.	PA 16 Configuration Management
6.2.4.1	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
6.2.5 Configuration evaluation.	PA 16 Configuration Management
6.2.5.1	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections
6.2.6 Release management and delivery.	PA 16 Configuration Management; PA 17 Information
	Management
6.2.6.1	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product
	Baselines PR 17 07 Provide August 1 Company 1
(20 11)	BP 17.05 Protect Information
6.3 Quality assurance process	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management; PA 20 Process
	Definition; PA 11 Project Management; PA 12 Supplier
(21 Process in the second of the second	Agreement Management; PA 16 Configuration Management
6.3.1 Process implementation.	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management; PA 20 Process Definition
6.3.1.1	
	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System
6.3.1.2	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
	GP 2.15 Coordinate With Participants and Stakeholders
6313	•
6.3.1.4	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System RP 15.04 Pagerd and Papert Pagelts
6.3.1.4	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
6.3.1.5	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
6.3.1.6	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance

ISO/IEC 12207 Software life cycle	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes, Activities, and Tasks	
6.3.2 Product assurance.	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management; PA 16
	Configuration Management
6.3.2.1	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
6.3.2.2	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
6.3.2.3	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections
6.3.3 Process assurance.	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management; PA 12 Supplier
	Agreement Management
6.3.3.1	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
6.3.3.2	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
6.3.3.3	BP 12.07 Administer Supplier Agreement
6.3.3.4	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
6.3.3.5	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality
6.3.3.6	GP 2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge
6.3.4 Assurance of quality systems.	PA 11 Project Management
6.3.4.1	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
6.4 Verification process	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 05 Outsourcing
6.4.1 Process implementation.	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 05 Outsourcing
6.4.1.1	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
6.4.1.2	GP 2.2 Document the Process
6.4.1.3	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
6.4.1.4	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
6.4.1.5	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
6.4.1.6	GP 2.8 Consistently Use and Manage the Process
6.4.2 Verification.	PA 08 Evaluation
6.4.2.1	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.4.2.2	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.4.2.3	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.4.2.4	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.4.2.5	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.4.2.6	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.4.2.7	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.5 Validation process	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 05 Outsourcing
6.5.1 Process implementation.	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 05 Outsourcing
6.5.1.1	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
6.5.1.2	GP 2.2 Document the Process
6.5.1.3	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
6.5.1.4	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
6.5.1.5	GP 2.8 Consistently Use and Manage the Process
6.5.2 Validation.	PA 08 Evaluation
6.5.2.1	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures:
6.5.2.2	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.5.2.3	See 6.5.2.1 and 6.5.2.2
6.5.2.4	BP 08.06 Validate end-products.
6.5.2.5	BP 08.06 Validate end-products.
6.6 Joint review process	PA 08 Evaluation; PA 11 Project Management
6.6.1 Process implementation.	PA 08 Evaluation
6.6.1.1	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.6.1.2	GP 2.15 Coordinate With Participants and Stakeholders
6.6.1.3	GP 2.15 Coordinate With Participants and Stakeholders
6.6.1.4	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.6.1.5	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
	non production

ISO/IEC 12207 Software life cycle	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes, Activities, and Tasks	
6.6.1.6	GP 2.15 Coordinate With Participants and Stakeholders
6.6.2 Project management reviews.	PA 11 Project Management
6.6.2.1	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance:
6.6.3 Technical reviews.	PA 08 Evaluation
6.6.3.1	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
6.7 Audit process	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
6.7.1 Process implementation.	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
6.7.1.1	BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System
6.7.1.2	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality
6.7.1.3	2.15 Coordinate With Participants and Stakeholders
6.7.1.4	2.15 Coordinate With Participants and Stakeholders
6.7.1.5	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
6.7.1.6	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
6.7.1.7	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
6.7.2 Audit	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
6.7.2.1	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
	BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality
6.8 Problem resolution process	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
6.8.1 Process implementation.	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
6.8.1.1	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
	BP 15.07 Evaluate the Effect of Changes
6.8.2 Problem resolution.	PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
6.8.2.1	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
7 Organizational life cycle processes	
7.1 Management process	PA 11 Project Management; PA 13 Risk Management
7.1.1 Initiation and scope definition.	PA 11 Project Management
7.1.1.1	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
7.1.1.2	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
7.1.1.3	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
7.1.2 Planning.	PA 11 Project Management; PA 13 Risk Management
7.1.2.1	BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource Requirements.
7.1.2.1	BP 11.05 Establish Schedules.
	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans.
	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment.
	BP 13.03 Assess Risks
7.1.3 Execution and control.	PA 11 Project Management
7.1.3.1	BP 11.09 Direct the Project.
7.1.3.2	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance.
7.1.3.3	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance.
7.1.3.4	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance.
7.1.4 Review and evaluation.	PA 11 Project Management
7.1.4.1	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance
	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
7.1.4.2	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance.
7.1.5 Closure.	PA 11 Project Management
7.1.5.1	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance.
	1

ISO/IEC 12207 Software life cycle	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes, Activities, and Tasks	
7.1.5.2	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance.
7.2 Infrastructure process	PA 23 Innovation
7.2.1 Process implementation.	PA 23 Innovation
7.2.1.1	GP 2.2 Document the Process
	BP23.05 Manage Innovation:
7.2.1.2	GP 2.3 Plan the Process
	GP 2.2 Document the Process
7.2.2 Establishment of the infrastructure.	PA 23 Innovation
7.2.2.1	BP23.05 Manage Innovation:
7.2.2.2	BP23.05 Manage Innovation
7.2.3 Maintenance of the infrastructure.	PA 23 Innovation
7.2.3.1	BP23.05 Manage Innovation
7.3 Improvement process	PA 20 Process Definition; PA 21 Process Improvement; PA 18
•	Measurement and Analysis
7.3.1 Process establishment.	PA 20 Process Definition
7.3.1.1	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
7.3.2 Process assessment.	PA 21 Process Improvement
7.3.2.1	BP 21.03 Appraise process
7.3.2.2	BP 21.03 Appraise process
7.3.3 Process improvement process	PA 21 Process Improvement; PA 18 Measurement and
•	Analysis
7.3.3.1	BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan
7.3.3.2	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.03 Store data and results
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	BP 18.05 Communicate results
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
7.3.3.3	BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data
	BP 18.03 Store data and results
	BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data
	BP 18.05 Communicate results
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
7.4 Training process	PA 22 Training
7.4.1 Process implementation.	PA 22 Training
7.4.1.1	BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs
	BP 22.02 Establish Training Plan
7.4.2 Training material development.	PA 22 Training
7.4.2.1	BP 22.03 Establish Training Mechanism
7.4.3 Training plan implementation.	PA 22 Training
7.4.3.1	BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records
	BP 22.04 Train Individuals
7.4.3.2	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
Annex G	
G.10 Management process	PA13 Risk Management
k)	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach.
1)	BP 13.02 Identify Risks.
m)	BP 13.03 Assess Risks.
n)	BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans.
0)	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk Mitigation Plans.

ISO/IEC CD 15288 CD3 to FAA-iCMM v2.0

ISO/IEC CD 15288 CD3	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes and Activities	
5. System Life Cycle Processes	
5.1 Agreement Processes	
5.1.1 Acquisition Process	PA 05 Outsourcing; PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management
5.1.1.3 Acquisition Process	
Activities	
1.	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
2.	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
3.	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers
	BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking
	BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers
	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance
4.	BP 5.04 Choose Supplier
5.	BP 5.04 Choose Supplier
6.	BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance
	BP 12.06 Analyze and Direct Agreement Activities
7.	BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service Acceptance
5.1.2 Supply Process	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 11 Project
51226 1 5	Management
5.1.2.3 Supply Process Activities	PRODUCE I II I I I
1.	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
2.	BP 00.04 Develop and deploy action plans
3.	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment
4.	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance
	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
5.	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans
5.	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance.
5.2 Enterprise Processes	
5.2.1 Enterprise Environment	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management; PA 21 Process
Management Process	Improvement
5.2.1.3 Enterprise Environment	
Management Activities	
1.	BP 00.03. Establish and maintain strategy
	BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals
2.	BP 00.04. Develop and deploy action plans
3.	GP 2.1 Establish Organizational Policy
	GP 2.2 Document the Process
4.	BP 00.04. Develop and deploy action plans
	GP 2.1 Establish Organizational Policy
	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
5.	BP 00.05. Review performance
	BP 00.06. Act on results of review
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
6.	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
7.	BP 00.06. Act on results of review
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements

ISO/IEC CD 15288 CD3	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Processes and Activities	
5.2.2 Investment Management	PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management
Process	
5.2.2.3 Investment Management	
Activities	
1.	BP00.04. Develop and deploy action plans
2.	BP00.04. Develop and deploy action plans
3.	BP00.04. Develop and deploy action plans
4.	BP00.04. Develop and deploy action plans
5.	BP00.04. Develop and deploy action plans
6.	BP00.05. Review performance
7.	BP00.05. Review performance
8.	BP00.06. Act on results of review
9.	BP00.06. Act on results of review
5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes	PA 20 Process Definition; PA 21 Process Improvement; PA 18
Management Process	Measurement and Analysis; PA 00 Integrated Enterprise
	Management; PA 15 Quality Assurance and Management
5.2.3.3 System Life Cycle	
Processes Management Activities	
1.	BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes
2.	BP 20.02 Develop Tailoring Guidelines
3.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets
	BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains
4.	BP 18.01 Analyze Measurement Data
5.	BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance
	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
	BP 21.08 Monitor Performance
6.	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement
	BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements
7.	BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets
	BP 21.05 Implement Improvements
8.	BP 00.02 Align to Achieve the Vision
5.2.4 Resource Management	PA 22 Training; PA 17 Information Management; PA 14
Process	Integrated Teaming
5.2.4.3 Resource Management	
Activities	CD22D 11 A1
1.	GP 2.3 Provide Adequate Resources
2.	GP 2.3 Provide Adequate Resources
3.	(Out of Model Scope)
4.	BP 22.04 Train Personnel
	("recruit" and "retain" are not within the scope of this model.)
5.	BP 22.04 Train Individuals
	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment
6.	BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records
7.	BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment
8	GP 2.1 Document the Process
	BP 17.03 Store Information
9.	BP 17.01 Establish Information Management Strategy
10.	BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative Workplace
5.3 Project Processes	DA 11 Decical Management
5.3.1 Project Planning Process	PA 11 Project Management
5.3.1.3 Project Planning Process	

ISO/IEC CD 15288 CD3 Processes and Activities	FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and Practices
Activities	
1.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
2.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Output
۷.	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach
3.	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach
4.	BP 11.05 Establish Schedule
5.	BP 11.05 Establish Schedule
6.	BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource Requirements
	BP 11.07 Establish Commitment
7.	
0	BP 11.08 Organize to Meet Project Objectives
8.	BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource Requirements BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans
9.	
10.	BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans
11.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
12.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Output
5.3.2 Project Assessment Process	PA 11 Project Management; PA 01 Needs; PA 18 Measurement and
5000 D 1 1 1	Analysis; PA 07 Integration
5.3.2.3 Project Assessment Process	
Activities	PD 11 10 M '
1.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
2.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
3.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
4.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
5.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
6.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
	BP 07.02 Confirm Readiness of Product and Service Elements
7.	BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance
8.	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance
9.	BP 11.11 Review and Analyze Project Performance
	BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction
10.	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
	BP 18.05 Communicate Results
5.3.3 Project Control Process	PA 11 Project Management
5.3.3.3 Project Control Process	
Activities	
1.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
2.	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
3.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
4.	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
5.	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
6.	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
7	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
7.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
8.	BP 11.12 Take Corrective Action
9.	BP 11.09 Direct the Project
5.3.4 Decision Making Process	PA 04 Alternatives Analysis
5.3.4.3 Decision Making Process	
Activities	

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Processes and Activities	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.
1.	BP 04.01 Establish Analysis Strategy
2.	BP 04.02 Define the Problem
	BP 04.04 Identify Alternative Solutions
3.	BP 04.04 Identify Alternative Solutions
4.	BP 04.02 Define the Problem
	BP 04.03 Select Analysis Method
5.	BP 04.05 Analyze Alternative Solutions
6.	BP 04.07 Communicate Analysis Results
7.	BP 04.07 Communicate Analysis Results
<i>'</i> .	BP 04.01 Establish Analysis Strategy
5.3.5 Risk Management Process	PA 13 Risk Management
5.3.5.3 Risk Management	
Activities	
1.	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
2.	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
3.	BP 13.02 Identify Risks
	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
4.	BP 13.03 Assess Risks
5.	BP 13.03 Assess Risks
	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach
6.	BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans
7.	BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk Mitigation Plans
5.3.6 Configuration Management	PA 16 Configuration Management
Process	
5.3.6.3 Configuration Management	
Process Activities	
1.	BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration Management Strategy
	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product
	Baselines
2.	BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration Items and Interim
	Work Products
3.	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product
	Baselines
4.	BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration Management Strategy
	BP 16.04 Control Changes
	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
5.	BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status
	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections
6.	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections
5.3.7 Information Management	PA 17 Information Management; PA 18 Measurement and Analysis
Process	
5.3.7.3 Information Management	
Process Activities	
1.	BP 17.01 Establish Information Management Strategy
2.	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility
3.	BP 17.05 Protect Information
	BP 18.03 Store Data and Results
4.	BP 17.02 Establish Information Management Capability
	BP 17.05 Protect Information
	BP 17.04 Share Information
	BP 17.06 Establish Information Standards
5.	BP 17.03 Store Information

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Processes and Activities	11111111111111111111111111111111111111
6.	BP 17.03 Store Information
7.	BP 17.04 Share Information
8.	BP 17.03 Store Information
	BP 17.05 Protect Information
9.	BP 17.05 Protect Information
5.4 Technical Processes	
5.4.1 Stakeholder Requirements	PA 01 Needs; PA 02 Requirements
Definition Process	
5.4.1.3 Stakeholder Requirements	
Definition Activities	
1.	BP 01.01 Identify Customers and Stakeholders
2.	BP 01.02 Elicit Needs
3.	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
	BP 02.04 Derive requirements
4.	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
5.	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
6.	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
7.	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
8.	BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need
9.	BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need
10.	BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need
11.	BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need
5.4.2 Requirements Analysis	PA 02 Requirements; PA 01 Needs
Process	
5.4.2.3 Requirements Analysis	
Process Activities	DD 01 02 A 1 N 1
1.	BP 01.03 Analyze Needs
	BP 02.05 Identify external interface requirements: BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements
2.	BP 02.03 Identify Functional and Ferformance Requirements
3.	BP 02.03 Identify Key requirements BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements
4.	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements
5.	BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements
6.	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements
7.	BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability
8.	BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements
5.4.3 Architectural Design Process	PA 03 Design; PA 08 Evaluation
5.4.3.3 Architectural Design Process	
Activities	
1.	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements
2.	BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements
3.	BP 03.07 Establish and Use a Strategy for Non- developmental Items
4.	BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure
5.	BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications
6.	BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products.
7.	BP 03.06 Establish Component Specifications
8.	BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description
5.4.4 Implementation Process	PA 06 Design Implementation; PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and
•	Disposal; PA 08 Evaluation; PA 17 Information Management
5.4.4.3 Implementation Process	-
Activities	

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Processes and Activities	FAA-ICMINI V2.0 Process Areas and Fractices
	DD 00 01 E-t-lill the Line leaves of the English was the
1.	BP 06.01 Establish the Implementation Environment
2.	BP 06.01 Establish the Implementation Environment
3.	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
4.	BP 06.01 Establish the Implementation Environment
5.	BP 06.02 Formulate product or service components
6.	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections
	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
7.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
	BP 17.04 Share Information
8.	BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
5.4.5 Integration Process	PA 07 Integration; PA 17 Information Management; PA 12
	Supplier Agreement Management; PA 15 Quality Assurance &
	Management
5.4.5.3 Integration Process	
Activities	
1.	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy
2.	BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy
3.	BP 17.05 Protect Information
	BP 07.02 Confirm Readiness of Product and Service Elements
4.	BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service Acceptance
	BP 08.05 Verify End-Products
5.	BP 07.04 Assemble Product and Service Elements
6.	BP 07.05 Confirm Integrated Product or Service Operation
	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results
	BP 15.05 Analyze Quality
5.4.6 Verification Process	PA 08 Evaluation
5.4.6.3 Verification Process	
Activities	
1.	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
2.	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy
	2 91
	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures
3	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment
3.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment
3. 4.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
4.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products
	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products
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4.5.6.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
 4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment,
4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 1.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities
4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 1.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment
4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 1. 2. 3.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment
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4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 1. 2. 3. 4.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability
4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
 4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 5.4.8 Validation Process	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 5.4.8 Validation Process 5.4.8.3 Validation Process Activities	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service
4. 5. 6. 5.4.7 Transition Process 5.4.7.3 Transition Process Activities 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 5.4.8 Validation Process	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.05 Verify End-Products BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service

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Processes and Activities	
3.	BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedure
	BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment
4.	BP 08.04 Evaluate Incremental Work Products
	BP 08.06 Validate End-products
5.	BP 08.06 Validate end-products.
6.	BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results
5.4.9 Operation Process	PA 10 Operation and Support; PA 11 Project Management
5.4.9.3 Operation Process Activities	
1.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
	BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach:
2.	BP 6.03 Develop Documentation
3.	GP 2.4 Provide Adequate Resources
	GP 2.5 Assign Responsibility
	GP 2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge
4.	BP10.01 Operate the System, Product or Service
5.	BP10.02 Monitor and evaluate capacity, service, and performance
6.	BP10.05 Analyze failures
7.	BP10.06 Take or initiate corrective action
8.	BP10.06 Take or initiate corrective action
5.4.10 Maintenance Process	PA 10 Operation and Support; PA 11 Project Management; PA 02
	Requirements
5.4.10.3 Maintenance Process	
Activities	
1.	BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs
2.	BP 06.03 Develop Documentation
3.	BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements and Constraints:
4.	BP10.02 Monitor and Evaluate Capacity, Service and Performance
	BP10.07 Provide Customer Support
5.	GP 2.2 Document the Process
6.	BP10.03 Confirm availability of parts and personnel
7.	BP10.04 Perform preventive maintenance
8.	BP10.05 Analyze failures
9.	BP10.06 Take or initiate corrective action
10.	BP10.06 Take or initiate corrective action
11.	BP10.06 Take or initiate corrective action
5.4.11 Disposal Process	PA 09 Deployment, Transition, and Disposal
5.4.11.3 Disposal Process Activities	
1.	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or Dispense
	with Service
2.	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or Dispense
	with Service
3.	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or Dispense
	with Service
4.	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or Dispense
	with Service
5.	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or Dispense
	with Service
6.	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or Dispense
	with Service
7.	BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or Dispense
	with Service

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Table GP: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Capability Levels and Generic Practices

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD (continuous) Capability Levels and Generic Practices	EIA/IS 731 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Capability Levels, Process Attributes, and Management Practices
Capability Level 0				
Capability Level 0: Incomplete One or more of the goals of the process area are not achieved. (No goal or generic practices at this level)	No level 0 – called "not implemented"	L0: Incomplete Not performed or partially performed. One or more of the specific goals of the process area are not satisfied.	Level 0: Initial Practices are not performed	Level 0: Incomplete process
Capability Level 1				
Capability Level 1: Performed L1 Goal: The process achieves the goals of the process area.	Capability Level 1 - Initial: Performed Informally (no goal)	L1: Performed L1 Generic Goal: Achieve Specific Goals	Level 1: Performed	Level 1: Performed process
1.1 Identify Work Scope		1.1 Identify Work Scope	(no generic practices at CL1)	MP 1.1-1 Identify input and output work products MP 1.1.2 Ensure that the scope of work is identified
1.2 Perform the Process	1.2 Perform the Process 1.1 Perform the Process			MP 1.1.3 Ensure that base practices are implemented
Capability Level 2				
Capability Level 2: Managed: Planned and Tracked L2 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a managed (planned and tracked) process.	Capability Level 2 - Repeatable: Planned and Tracked Level 2 Goal: The activities for the process are institutionalized to support a repeatable process.	L2: Managed L2 Generic Goal: The process is institutionalized as a managed process.	Level 2: Managed Activities are planned and tracked; performance verified; products conform; use measurement to track performance.	Level 2: Managed Process

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD (continuous) Capability Levels and Generic Practices	EIA/IS 731 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Capability Levels, Process Attributes, and Management Practices
2.1 Establish Organizational Policy	2.1 Establish Policy	2.1 Establish an Organizational Policy		
2.2 Document the Process	2.5 Document the Process	2.2 Plan the Process (includes subpractice to define and document the process description)	GP2.1 example activities: Document the approach to performing the activities of the FA; Reasonable processes are documented	MP 3.1.1 Identify the standard process
2.3 Plan the Process	2.6 Plan the Process	2.2 Plan the Process	GP 2.1 Follow recorded and approved plans and processes Example activity: Plan the performance of the process in accordance with the established program goals (such as profit, customer satisfaction, schedule delivery and quality goals)	MP 2.1.1 Identify the objectives MP 2.1.2 Plan the performance of the process MP 2.1.3 Plan and assign the responsibility and authority MP 3.2.2 Identify and document the process infrastructure requirements MP 4.1.1 Identify product and process goals and measures
2.4 Provide Adequate Resources	2.2 Allocate Adequate Resources	2.3 Provide Resources	(in 2.1 example activities) Allocate adequate resources including people, training, tools, budget, and time for performing the FA.	MP 3.2.3 Provide, allocate and use the resources MP 3.2.4 Provide, allocate and use an adequate process infrastructure
2.5 Assign Responsibility	2.3 Assign Responsibility	2.4 Assign Responsibility	(in 2.1 example activities) Assign responsibilities for developing the work products and providing the services of the FA	MP 2.1.3 Plan and assign the responsibility and authority MP 3.2.1 Identify and document the roles, responsibilities and competencies
2.6 Ensure Skill and Knowledge	2.4 Ensure Training	2.5 Train people		MP 3.2.1 Identify and document the roles, responsibilities and competencies

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2.7 Establish Work Product Requirements	(new GP)	2.2 Plan the process		MP 2.2-1 Identify the requirements MP 2.2-3 Identify and define
2.8 Consistently Use and Manage the Process	2.7 Use a Repeatable Process		2.1 Example activity "Use the documented plans, standards, or procedures in implementing the process for the program"	2.1 Performance management attribute: result 3? MP 3.2.3 Provide, allocate and use the resources MP 3.2.4 Provide, allocate and use an adequate process infrastructure
2.9 Manage Work Products	2.8 Manage Configurations	2.6 Manage Configurations:		MP 2.2.2 Manage
2.10 Objectively Assess Process Compliance.	2.9 Assess Process Compliance	2.9 Objectively Evaluate Adherence	GP 2.2 Verify compliance with approved plans and processes, and take appropriate action when performance deviates from plan or when processes are not followed.	
2.11 Objectively Verify Work Products	2.10 Verify Work Products 3.3 Perform Reviews with Peers	2.9 Objectively Evaluate Adherence		MP 2.2.4 Manage the quality of work products
2.12 Measure Performance	2.11 Measure Process	2.8 Monitor and Control the Process		MP 2.1.4 Manage the execution of the activities MP 4.1.2 Collect the specified product and process measures MP 4.2.1 Identify suitable measurement techniques
2.13 Review Performance with Higher-level Management	2.12 Review Status	2.10 Review Status with Higher-level Management		

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD (continuous) Capability Levels and Generic Practices	EIA/IS 731 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Capability Levels, Process Attributes, and Management Practices
2.14 Take Corrective Action	2.13 Take Corrective Action	2.8 Monitor and Control the Process 2.10 Review Status with Higher-level Management	GP 2.2 Verify compliance with approved plans and processes, and take appropriate action when performance deviates from plan or when processes are not followed.	MP 2.1.4 Manage the execution of the activities
2.15 Coordinate with Stakeholders	2.14 Coordinate Within the Project 3.4 Coordinate with Affected Groups	2.7 Identify and Involve Relevant Stakeholders.		
Capability Level 3				
Capability Level 3: Defined Level 3 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a defined process.	Capability Level 3: Defined; Well Defined Level 3 Goal: The activities of the process are institutionalized to support a defined process.	L3: Defined L3 Generic Goal: The process is institutionalized as a defined process.	Level 3: Defined Activities are performed according to a well-defined process using approved, tailored versions of standard, documented processes.	Level 3: Established process
3.1 Standardize the Process	3.1 Standardize the Process	3.1 Establish a Defined Process (includes standardization of the process)	GP 3.1 Standardize and record a well-defined FA process for the organization that is designed to meet specific business goals, and is based on experiences captured from previous programs.	MP 3.1-1 Identify the standard process

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD (continuous) Capability Levels and Generic Practices	EIA/IS 731 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Capability Levels, Process Attributes, and Management Practices
3.2 Establish and Use a Defined Process	3.2 Use Defined Process	3.1 Establish a Defined Process	GP 3.2 Tailor the organization's standard process using standard guidelines to meet specific program or organizational needs. GP 3.3 Implement and improve the FA activities (i.e., tailored process) per established and approved formal procedures.	MP 3.1.2 Implement and/or tailor the standard process [MP 4.1.1 Identify product and process goals and measures (Note: also required at iCMM CL2)]
3.3 Improve Processes	5.1 Perform Continual Process Improvement on the Organizational Standard and Tailored Processes	3.2 Collect Improvement Information	GP 3.3 Implement and improve the FA activities (i.e., tailored process) per established and approved formal procedures. GP 3.4 Improve the organization's standard process using information from work product reviews and process compliance reviews.	MP 3.1.3 Gather process performance data MP 3.1.4 Establish and refine the understanding of the process behavior MP 3.1 5 Refine [MP 4.1.2 Collect the specified product and process measures (Note: also required at iCMM CL2)] MP 4.1.3 Analyze trends in the performance of the process [MP 4.2.1 Identify suitable measurement techniques (Note: also required at iCMM CL2)] MP 5.1.1 Identify changes to the standard process definition MP 5.1.2 Assess the impact of all proposed changes

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD (continuous) Capability Levels and Generic Practices	EIA/IS 731 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Capability Levels, Process Attributes, and Management Practices
3.3 Improve processes (continued)	5.2 Implement Improved Processes		GP 5.3 Improve the organization's standard process based on data and metrics collected from a continuing program of process compliance reviews and work product reviews. GP 5.4 Perform causal analysis of process and work product defects and eliminate causes of variation in quality, cost, and cycle time by changing the standard process.	MP 5.1.3 Define an implementation strategy for the approved change MP 5.1.4 Implement the approved changes MP 5.1.5 Evaluate the effectiveness of process change MP 5.2.2 Analyze the source of real and potential problems in the current process MP 5.2.3 Implement changes to selected areas of the tailored process according to the implementation strategy. MP 5.2.4 Validate the effectiveness of process change
Capability Level 4				
Capability Level 4: Quantitatively Managed Level 4 Goal: The process is institutionalized as a quantitatively managed process.	Capability Level 4: Managed; Quantitatively Controlled Level 4 Goal: The activities of the processes are institutionalized to support quantitative management of defined processes.	L4: Quantitatively Managed L4 Generic Goal: The process is institutionalized as a quantitatively managed process.	Level 4: Measured Metrics are defined for the organization and programs, and mechanisms are in place to track program and organizational performance quantitatively, and to take corrective actions on the basis of those measures.	Level 4: Predictable Process

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD (continuous) Capability Levels and Generic Practices	EIA/IS 731 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Capability Levels, Process Attributes, and Management Practices
4.1 Stabilize Process Performance	4.1 Establish Quality Objectives for Product and Process 4.2 Select Processes for Measurement. 4.3 Select Measures for the Process 4.4 Determine Quantitative Process Capability 4.5 Use Quantitative Process Capability	4.1 Establish Quality Objectives 4.2 Stabilize Subprocess Performance	GP 5.1 Identify FA activities for which it is appropriate, and inappropriate, to quantify process repeatability. GP 5.2 Establish quantitative goals for improving the effectiveness of the standard process. GP 4.1 Collect and analyze metrics to determine the performance of the tailored FA activities. GP 4.2 Take appropriate action to align tailored FA performance and expectations.	[MP 4.1.1 Identify product and process goals and measures (Note: also required at iCMM CL2 and CL3)] MP 4.1.4 Measure the process capability [MP 4.2.1 Identify suitable measurement techniques (Note: also required at iCMM CL2 and CL3)] MP 4.2.2 Collect measures and identify process control parameters MP 4.2.3 Control the process performance using the analysis measures [MP 4.1.2 Collect the specified product and process measures (Note: also required at iCMM) CL2 and CL3]
Capability Level 5				
Capability Level 5: Optimizing Level 5 Goal: The process is institutionalized as an optimizing process	Capability Level 5: Optimizing; Continuously improving Level 5 Goal: Continually improving processes are deployed throughout the organization.	L5: Optimizing L5 Generic Go al: The process is institutionalized as an optimizing process.	Level 5: Optimizing The organization establishes quantitative performance goals (targets) for process effectiveness and efficiency based on its business goals. The organization is able to continuously improve its process by gathering quantitative data from performing the processes and from piloting innovative ideas and technologies.	Level 5: Optimizing Process

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD (continuous) Capability Levels and Generic Practices	EIA/IS 731 Capability Levels and Generic Practices	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Capability Levels, Process Attributes, and Management Practices
5.1 Pursue Process Optimization	(CL5 GPs moved to CL3)	5.1 Ensure Continuous Process Improvement 5.2 Correct Common Cause of Problems	GP 5.3 Improve the organization's standard process based on data and metrics collected from a continuing program of process compliance reviews and work product reviews. GP 5.4 Perform causal analysis of process and work product defects and eliminate causes of variation in quality, cost, and cycle time by changing the standard process.	MP 5.2.1 Define the process improvement goals for the process [MP 5.2.2 Analyze the source of real and potential problems in the current process (Note: also required at iCMM CL3)] [MP 4.2.3 Control the process performance using the analysis measures (Note: also required at iCMM CL4)] [MP 5.1.5 Evaluate the effectiveness of process change (Note: also required at iCMM CL3)] [MP 5.2.4 Validate the effectiveness of process change (Note: also required at iCMM CL3)]

Table PA 00: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Integrated Enterprise Management Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management	PA 10 Product Evolution PA 18 Measurement	5.1 Management commitment 5.3 Quality policy 5.4.1 Quality objectives 5.5.3 Internal communication		Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI) Organizational Process Performance (OPP)	1.1 Organizational Leadership 1.2 Public Responsibility and Citizenship 2.1 Strategic Development 2.2 Strategy Deployment 7. Business Results
Goals					
1. Vision, mission, values, performance goals and objectives are established, maintained, and communicated to all employees.				SG 1. Provide IPPD Infrastructure (OEI) SG 2. Manage People for Integration (OEI)	Leadership - Clear values and high performance expectations are set and deployed that address the needs of all stakeholders. 1.1 Organizational Leadership - Directions are set and future opportunities are sought. Strategic Planning - Work processes are aligned with the organization's strategic directions, thereby ensuring that improvement and learning reinforce organizational priorities.
2. Strategies are developed and projects are launched that visibly support goal achievement.	1. Strategies that support disciplined product evolution are established and maintained.				2. Strategic Planning - Strategies are developed and deployed for goal achievement
3. Projects are continued, changed, or terminated based on performance, within the capability of the organization, and with acceptable risk and potential					

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management	Process Area PA 10 Product Evolution PA 18 Measurement	5.1 Management commitment 5.3 Quality policy 5.4.1 Quality objectives 5.5.3 Internal communication	Focus Area	Process Area Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI) Organizational Process Performance (OPP)	Category/item 1.1 Organizational Leadership 1.2 Public Responsibility and Citizenship 2.1 Strategic Development 2.2 Strategy Deployment 7. Business Results
benefit to the organization.					
Practices					
BP 00.01 Establish and maintain strategic vision	BP 10.01 Define Product Evolution	5.1 Management commitment 5.3 Quality policy 4.2.1 General		SP 1.1-1 Establish the Organization's Shared Vision. (OEI) SP 1.1-1 Select Processes (OPP)	1.1.a-1 Set organizational values, performance expectations, and a focus on creating and balancing value for customers and other stakeholders 1.1a-3 Set directions and seek future opportunities. 1.1a-2 Establish and reinforce environment for empowerment and innovation, and encourage and support organizational and employee learning 5.3b-1 Enhance work climate via services, benefits, and policies
BP 00.02 Align to achieve the vision		5.1 Management commitment 5.3 Quality policy 5.4.1 Quality objectives 5.5.3 Internal communication 6.2.2 Competence, awareness, and training d)		SP 2.1-1 Establish Leadership Mechanisms (OEI) SP 2.2-1 Establish Incentives for Integration (OEI)	1.1a-1 Communicate, and deploy organizational values, performance expectations, and a focus on creating and balancing value for customers and other stakeholders. 5.1a-4 Reinforce high performance through compensation, recognition, rewards/incentives
BP 00.03. Establish and maintain strategy		5.1 Management commitment 5.4.1 Quality objectives 5.5.3 Internal communication		SP 1.3-1 Establish Quality and Process Performance Objectives (OPP)	2.1a and b Develop strategy, strategic objectives, and strategic plan including timetable for accomplishing objectives; consider/evaluate the following key factors in setting strategic direction:

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 00 Integrated	PA 10 Product	5.1 Management		Organizational	1.1 Organizational Leadership
Enterprise	Evolution	commitment		Environment for	1.2 Public Responsibility and
Management		5.3 Quality policy		Integration (OEI)	Citizenship
	PA 18	5.4.1 Quality objectives		Organizational Process	2.1 Strategic Development
	Measurement	5.5.3 Internal		Performance (OPP)	2.2 Strategy Deployment
		communication			7. Business Results
					- customer and market/ mission needs/ expectations, including new product/service opportunities - competitive and mission environment and capabilities, including use of new technology - financial, societal, and other potential risks - human resource capabilities and needs - operational capabilities and needs, including resource availability - supplier and/or partner capabilities and needs 2.2b Performance Projection (use PA 18) project key performance measures/ indicators, compare projected performance with competitors, key benchmarks, past performance, as appropriate
BP 00.04. Develop and deploy action plans		5.1 Management commitment 5.5.3 Internal communication			2.2a-1 Develop short- and longer-term action plans that address key strategic objectives.
		6.1 Provision of resources			2.2a-2 Identify key human resource requirements and plans, based on
					strategic objectives and action plans.
					2.2a-3 Allocate resources to ensure
					accomplishment of overall action plan.
					2.2a-4 Identify key performance measures
					and/or indicators for tracking progress
					relative to action plans.

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 00 Integrated	PA 10 Product	5.1 Management		Organizational	1.1 Organizational Leadership
Enterprise	Evolution	commitment		Environment for	1.2 Public Responsibility and
Management		5.3 Quality policy		Integration (OEI)	Citizenship
	PA 18	5.4.1 Quality objectives		Organizational Process	2.1 Strategic Development
	Measurement	5.5.3 Internal		Performance (OPP)	2.2 Strategy Deployment
		communication			7. Business Results
					2.2a-5 Communicate and deploy strategic objectives, action plans, and performance measures/indicators to achieve overall organizational alignment. 2.2a Assure alignment and consistency in order to provide a basis for setting and communicating priorities for ongoing improvement activities—part of the daily work of all work units.
BP 00.05. Review		5.1 Management commitment			1.1b-1 Review organizational
performance		5.6.Management Review			performance and capabilities to assess
		5.6.1 General			organizational health, competitive
		8.2.3 Monitoring and			performance, and progress relative to
		measurement of processes			performance goals and changing
		8.2.4 Monitoring and			organizational needs.
		measurement of product			1.1b-1 Use key performance measures as
		5.3 Quality Policy			part of regular review. Include employee
		5.6.3 Review Output			feedback. 4.2a 3-analyze performance to support
					operations and align with action plans
BP 00.06. Act on	BP 18.04 Take	5.1 Management commitment			1.1b-2,3 Translate organizational
results of review	corrective action	5.1 Management commitment			performance review findings into
results of feview	(from PA 18				priorities for improvement and
	Measurement in				opportunities for innovation and
	v1.0)				reinvention, and deploy them throughout
	,				the organization and, as appropriate, to
					suppliers/partners and key customers to
					ensure organizational alignment.
					1.1b-4 Use organizational performance

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area PA 10 Product Evolution PA 18	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause 5.1 Management commitment 5.3 Quality policy 5.4.1 Quality objectives	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI) Organizational Process	MBNQA/PQA Category/item 1.1 Organizational Leadership 1.2 Public Responsibility and Citizenship 2.1 Strategic Development
	Measurement	5.5.3 Internal communication		Performance (OPP)	2.2 Strategy Deployment 7. Business Results
					review findings and employee feedback to improve leadership effectiveness and the effectiveness of management throughout the organization.
BP 00.07. Fulfill public responsibility					1.2a-1 Address the impacts on society of products, services, and operations considering regulatory and legal requirements and risks associated with products, services, and operations. (Consider health and safety) 1.2a-2 Anticipate and proactively prepare for public concerns with current and future products, services, and operations. 1.2a-3Ensure ethical business practices in all stakeholder transactions and interactions. 1.2b Support and strengthen key communities in selected areas of emphasis.

Table PA 00: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Integrated Enterprise Management Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management	ORG.1 Organizational alignment (new) CUS.2 Supply – respond to request	5.2 Supply	5.2.1 Enterprise Environment Mgmt 5.2.2 Investment Management 5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Mgmt 5.2.4 Resource Management (partially) 5.1.2 Supply – evaluate request	IPD-CMM (v0.98) PA18 Shared Vision PA19 Organizational Leadership
Goals				
1. Vision, mission, values, performance goals and objectives are established, maintained, and communicated to all employees.	ORG.1 outcomes			
2. Strategies are developed and projects are launched that visibly support goal achievement.			5.2.2.2	
3. Projects are continued, changed, or terminated based on performance, within the capability of the organization, and with acceptable risk and potential benefit to the organization.			5.2.2.2 2,3, and 4	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management	ORG.1 Organizational alignment (new) CUS.2 Supply – respond to request	5.2 Supply	5.2.1 Enterprise Environment Mgmt 5.2.2 Investment Management 5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Mgmt 5.2.4 Resource Management (partially) 5.1.2 Supply – evaluate request	IPD-CMM (v0.98) PA18 Shared Vision PA19 Organizational Leadership
Practices				
BP 00.01. Establish and maintain strategic vision	ORG.1.BP1 : Develop a strategic vision. ORG.1.BP3 : Develop a quality culture.			BP18.1 Align mental models of the members of the group with reality. BP18.2 Develop the group's shared vision with collaboration by stakeholders. BP18.4 Periodically reinforce the clarity and reality of the vision. BP19.1 Develop visions for the organization and its projects using PA18 Shared vision as guidance
BP 00.02. Align to achieve the vision	ORG.1.BP2 : Deploy vision. ORG.1.BP5 : Provide incentives.		5.2.3.3 - 8	BP18.3 Deploy the group's shared vision. BP19.2 Establish and perform a plan for developing and deploying an organizational structure consistent with the organizational vision. BP19.3 Maintain an organizational structure that supports IPD concepts and principles. BP19.4 Establish and maintain an integrated support structure by tying together people, processes, tools and facilities BP19.5 Ensure employees have

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 00 Integrated Enterprise Management	ORG.1 Organizational alignment (new) CUS.2 Supply – respond to request	5.2 Supply	5.2.1 Enterprise Environment Mgmt 5.2.2 Investment Management 5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Mgmt 5.2.4 Resource Management (partially) 5.1.2 Supply – evaluate request	IPD-CMM (v0.98) PA18 Shared Vision PA19 Organizational Leadership
				incentives to display desired behaviors and make decisions consistent with achieving the organization vision.
BP00.03. Establish and maintain strategy			5.2.1.3 - 1.	
BP 00.04. Develop and deploy action plans	CUS.2.BP1 : Prepare response. CUS.2.BP2 : Negotiate contract.	5.2.2 .1	5.2.1.3-2 5.2.1.3-4 5.2.2.3-1 5.2.2.3-2 5.2.2.3-3 5.2.2.3-4 5.2.2.3-5 5.1.2.3-1 5.1.2.3-2	
BP 00.05. Review performance	SUP.6.BP3 : Conduct joint management review.		5.2.1.3-5 5.2.2.3-6 5.2.2.3-7	
BP 00.06. Act on results of review			5.2.1.3-5 5.2.1.3-7 5.2.2.3-8 5.2.2.3-9	
BP 00.07. Fulfill public responsibility				

Table PA 01: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Needs Practices – Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 01 Needs	PA01 Needs PA24 Human Factors Engineering PA02 Requirements	5.2 Customer Focus 7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to the product 7.2.3 Customer communication 8.2.1 Customer satisfaction 8.4 Analysis of data	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements	Requirements Development (RD) Technical Solution (TS)	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 6.1 Product and Service Processes
Goals					
A statement of customer and other stakeholder needs and expectations is established and maintained. A description of the interaction of needed products and				SG 1 Develop Customer Requirements (RD)	
services with users in the intended environment is defined.					
3. Communication with the customer and other stakeholders is established and maintained.					
4. Customer satisfaction with products and services is					

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 01 Needs	PA01 Needs PA24 Human Factors Engineering PA02 Requirements	5.2 Customer Focus 7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to the product 7.2.3 Customer communication 8.2.1 Customer satisfaction 8.4 Analysis of data	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements	Requirements Development (RD) Technical Solution (TS)	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 6.1 Product and Service Processes
determined and monitored.					
Practices					
BP 01.01 Identify Customers and Stakeholders	New	5.2 Customer Focus			3.1a -Identify customers
BP 01.02 Elicit Needs	BP 01.01 Elicit Needs	5.2 Customer Focus 7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to the product. b)	SP 1.1-1-1 Identify, collect and baseline stakeholder needs, expectations and constraints. SP 1.1-1-2a Elicit or stimulate stakeholder needs.	SP 1.1-1. Collect Stakeholder Needs (RD) SP 1.1-2. Elicit Needs (RD)	3.1a- Listen and learn, analyze and use data and information obtained 5.3c 1-Determine key factors that affect employee well-being, satisfaction, and motivation
BP 01.03 Analyze Needs	BP 01.02 Analyze Needs BP 02.01 Develop detailed operational concept Human Factors Engineering Addendum	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to the product.	SP 1.1-2-2a Develop operational concepts and scenarios, which include functionality, performance, maintenance, support and disposal as appropriate. SP 1.1-2-2c Review operational concepts and scenarios to refine and discover requirements.	SP 3.1-1. Establish Operational Concepts and Scenarios (RD) SP 1.2-2 Evolve Operational Concepts and Scenarios (TS)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 01 Needs	PA01 Needs PA24 Human Factors Engineering PA02 Requirements	5.2 Customer Focus 7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to the product 7.2.3 Customer communication 8.2.1 Customer satisfaction 8.4 Analysis of data	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements	Requirements Development (RD) Technical Solution (TS)	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 6.1 Product and Service Processes
			SP 1.1-2-2e Define the environment the system will operate in, including boundaries and constraints. SP 1.2-1-1a Develop a detailed operational concept of the interaction of the system, the user, and the environment, that satisfies the operational, support, maintenance, and disposal needs.		
BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need			SP 1.1-1-2b Prioritize stakeholder needs, expectations and constraints. SP 1.1-1-3a Review, coordinate, and deconflict stakeholder needs and constraints.	SP 1.2-1. Transform stakeholder needs, expectations, constraints, and interfaces into customer requirements. (RD)	3.1a-Determine or project key product/service features and their relative importance to customers
BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers	BP 01.05 Inform Customer	7.2.3 Customer Communication	SP 1-1-1-3b Inform stakeholders on a regular basis about the status and disposition of needs, expectations, or measures of effectiveness. SP 1.2-5-2a Involve stakeholders in the process of requirements development. SP 1.2-5-2c Capture records of		3.2a-Build relationships with customers

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 01 Needs	PA01 Needs PA24 Human Factors Engineering PA02 Requirements	5.2 Customer Focus 7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to the product 7.2.3 Customer communication 8.2.1 Customer satisfaction 8.4 Analysis of data	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements	Requirements Development (RD) Technical Solution (TS)	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 6.1 Product and Service Processes
			communications with stakeholders relative to requirements trade studies and allocations.		
BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction: Determine customer satisfaction with products and services.	New	5.2 Customer Focus 8.2.1 Customer satisfaction 8.4 Analysis of data a) 7.2.3 Customer Communication			3.2b- Determine customer satisfaction 3.2b-Follow-up with customers with prompt, actionable feedback 5.3c 2-assess/ determine employee wellbeing, satisfaction, and motivation

Table PA 01: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Needs Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
PA 01 Needs	CUS.1 Acquisition (basic) CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (comp) CUS.3 Requirements elicitation (new) CUS.4 Customer Support ENG1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component)	Software life cycle processes 5.1 Acquisition	5.4.1 Stakeholder Requirements Definition 5.4.2 Requirements Analysis 5.3.2.3 Project Assessment	
Goals				
1. A statement of customer and other stakeholder needs and expectations is established and maintained.	CUS.3 results 2, 6, 3		5.4.1.2 Outcomes 1) 2) 4) 5) 6)	
2. A description of the interaction of needed products and services with users in the intended environment is defined.			5.4.1.2 Outcomes 1) 5)	
3. Communication with the customer and other stakeholders is established and maintained.	CUS.3 results 4, 1, 5			
4. Customer satisfaction with products and services is determined and monitored.				
Practices				
BP 01.01 Identify Customers and Stakeholders			5.4.1.3-1	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 01 Needs	CUS.1 Acquisition (basic) CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (comp) CUS.3 Requirements elicitation (new) CUS.4 Customer Support ENG1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component)	5.1 Acquisition	5.4.1 Stakeholder Requirements Definition 5.4.2 Requirements Analysis 5.3.2.3 Project Assessment	
BP 01.02 Elicit Needs	CUS.3.BP1 : Obtain customer requirements and requests. CUS.3.BP5 : Understand customer expectations.		5.4.1.3-2	
BP 01.03 Analyze Needs		5.1.1.1	5.4.1.3-3 5.4.1.3-4 5.4.1.3-5 5.4.1.3-6 5.4.1.3-7 5.4.2.3-1	
BP 01.04 Establish and Maintain a Statement of Need		5.1.1.1	5.4.1.3-10 5.4.1.3-11 5.4.1.3-8 5.4.1.3-9	
BP 01.05 Communicate with Customers	CUS.3.BP6: Establish customer query mechanism. ENG.1.1.BP6: Communicate system requirements. CUS.4.2.BP6: Communicate customer satisfaction.			
BP 01.06 Determine Customer Satisfaction	CUS.4.2.BP4 : Determine customer satisfaction level. CUS.4.2.BP5 : Compare with competitors. CUS.4.2.BP6: Communicate customer satisfaction.		5.3.2.3- 9	

Table PA 02: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Requirements Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
PA 02 Requirements	Process Area PA 02 Requirements PA 24 Human Factors Engineering PA 01 Needs PA 03 Architecture	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to product 7.2.2 Review of requirements related to the product 7.3.2 Design and development inputs 5.2 Customer Focus	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements 1.2 Define Technical Problem	Process Area (**CMMI-A) Requirements Development (RD) Requirements Management (RQM) Supplier Selection and Monitoring (**SSM) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	Category/item 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 6.1 Product and Service Processes
Goals					
1. Requirements are derived from customer and other stakeholder needs.	Requirements are derived from customer needs and other appropriate sources. (PA 02) Customer needs are represented in a statement of system requirements. (PA 01)			SG 2 Develop Product Requirements (RD)	
2. Requirements are unambiguous, complete, traceable, feasible, and verifiable.	Requirements are unambiguous, traceable, and verifiable (PA 02)			SG 3 Analyze and Validate Requirements (RD)	
3. All requirements information is recorded and controlled to establish a baseline that is maintained throughout the life cycle.	Requirements are controlled to establish a baseline for engineering and management use. (PA 02) Changes to system requirements are communicated to the customer for agreement (PA 01)			SG 1 Manage Requirements (RQM)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 02 Requirements	PA 02 Requirements PA 24 Human Factors Engineering PA 01 Needs PA 03 Architecture	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to product 7.2.2 Review of requirements related to the product 7.3.2 Design and development inputs 5.2 Customer Focus	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements 1.2 Define Technical Problem	Requirements Development (RD) Requirements Management (RQM) Supplier Selection and Monitoring (**SSM) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 6.1 Product and Service Processes
4. Plans, products, activities, and agreements are checked for consistency with requirements, and any inconsistencies are identified for correction.	5. Plans products and activities are kept consistent with requirements (PA 02)			SG 1 Manage Requirements (RQM)	
Practices					
BP 02.01 Identify Functional and Performance Requirements	-	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to the product 7.3.2 Design and development inputs	SP 1.1-2-1a Analyze and quantify functionality required by users. SP 1.1-2-3c Analyze and quantify functionality indicated by stakeholder requirements. SP 1.2-2-1b Consider the sequencing of time-critical functions both initially and subsequently during system component development. SP 1.2-2-1a Partition requirements into groups, based on established criteria (such as similar functionality, performance, or coupling) to facilitate and focus the requirements analysis.	SP 3.2-1.Establish a definition of required functionality (RD)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 02 Requirements	PA 02 Requirements PA 24 Human Factors Engineering PA 01 Needs PA 03 Architecture	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to product 7.2.2 Review of requirements related to the product 7.3.2 Design and development inputs 5.2 Customer Focus	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements 1.2 Define Technical Problem	Requirements Development (RD) Requirements Management (RQM) Supplier Selection and Monitoring (**SSM) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 6.1 Product and Service Processes
BP 02.02 Identify Nonfunctional Requirements and Constraints	-	7.2.1 Identification of requirements related to the product c) d) 7.3.2 Design and/or development inputs b)	SP 1.2-1-2a Identify and manage non-technical requirements concurrently with operational, functional, support, maintenance and disposal requirements.		
BP 02.03 Identify key requirements	BP 02.02 Identify key requirements		SP 1.2-1-1c Identify key stakeholder requirements and constraints that have a strong influence on cost, schedule, functionality, risk, or performance. SP 1.1-2-2d Record system requirement decisions that have a significant effect on cost, technical or schedule performance, and the rationale for the decisions.	SP 2.1-1. Establish Product and Product Component Requirements (RD)	3.1a-3 Determine or project key product/service features and their relative importance to customers
BP 02.04 Derive requirements	BP 02.03 Derive and partition requirements (partition moved to BP 02.07) BP 03.01 Derive system architecture requirements	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to product 7.3.2 Design and development inputs c) d)	SP 1.2-1-1b Derive, from the system and other (e.g., environmental) requirements, requirements that may be logically inferred and implied as essential to system effectiveness.		

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 02 Requirements	PA 02 Requirements PA 24 Human Factors Engineering PA 01 Needs PA 03 Architecture	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to product 7.2.2 Review of requirements related to the product 7.3.2 Design and development inputs 5.2 Customer Focus	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements 1.2 Define Technical Problem	Requirements Development (RD) Requirements Management (RQM) Supplier Selection and Monitoring (**SSM) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 6.1 Product and Service Processes
BP 02.05 Identify external interface requirements	BP 02.04 Identify interface requirements (internal interfaces moved to PA 03)	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to product	SP 1.2-2-1c Identify interface requirements associated with things external to the system and internally between functional partitions or objects.	SP 2.3-1.Identify Interface Requirements: (RD)	
BP 02.06 Analyze requirements	BP 02.06 Analyze requirements	7.3.2 Design and development inputs	SP 1.2-3-1a Analyze requirements to ensure that they are complete, correct, realizable and verifiable. SP 1.2-3-1b Develop and document system and subsystem verification criteria concurrently with requirements development. SP 1.2-3-2 Formally review or inspect requirements for quality attributes including stability, lack of ambiguity, and traceability to the customer baseline. SP 1.1-2-4 Perform analyses, simulations or prototypes to assure that system requirements will satisfy stakeholder needs and expectations. SP 1.1-2-3b Allow for expansion and growth in system requirements.	SP 3.3-1 Analyze Requirements (RD) SP 3.4-3 Evaluate Product Cost, Schedule and Risk (RD)	
BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements	BP 01.03 Develop System Requirements	7.3.2 Design and development inputs	SP 1.1-2-1b Transform customer/user requirements into a set of system level requirements.	SP 1.2-1. Transform Stakeholder Needs, Expectations, Constraints,	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 02	PA 02 Requirements	7.2.1 Determination of	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System	Requirements	3.1 Customer
Requirements	PA 24 Human	requirements related to	Level Requirements	Development (RD)	and Market
	Factors Engineering	product	1.2 Define Technical Problem	Requirements	Knowledge
		7.2.2 Review of		Management (RQM)	6.1 Product and
	PA 01 Needs	requirements related to		Supplier Selection and	Service Processes
	PA 03 Architecture	the product		Monitoring (**SSM)	
		7.3.2 Design and		Quantitative Supplier	
		development inputs 5.2 Customer Focus		Management (**QSM)	
	BP 01.04 Obtain	5.2 Customer focus	SP 1.1-2-1c Define a system	and Interfaces into	
	Customer Agreement	3.2 Customer rocus	requirements baseline.	Customer Requirements.	
	Customer Agreement	7.2.2 Review of	SP 1.1-2-1d Obtain an agreement	(RD)	
	BP 02.07 Capture and	requirements related to the	between acquirer and developer that	SP 1.1-1.Obtain an	
	baseline requirements	product	system level requirements reflect	Understanding of	
	1		their needs and expectations.	Requirements (RQM)	
			SP 1.1-2-2b Review adequacy of	SP 1.2-2.Obtain	
			system requirements to meet	Commitment to	
			stakeholder needs with key	Requirements (RQM)	
			stakeholders.		
			SP 1.1-2-3a Negotiate an agreement	SP 1.1-1 Determine	
			between stakeholders and developers	Quantitative Objectives	
			that system level requirements	(QSM – ** CMMI-A)	
			represent an optimum balance of their needs and expectations.	SP 1.3-1 Establish and	
			SP 1.1-2-4 Perform analyses,	Maintain Requirements	
			simulations or prototypes to assure	(SSM – ** CMMI-A)	
			that system requirements will satisfy		
			stakeholder needs and expectations.		
			SP 1.2-5-1 Formally review		
			requirements with stakeholders.		
			SP 1.2-1-2c Capture relationships		
			between requirements for		
			consideration during change		
			management and requirements		
			allocation.		

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 02 Requirements	PA 02 Requirements PA 24 Human Factors Engineering PA 01 Needs PA 03 Architecture	7.2.1 Determination of requirements related to product 7.2.2 Review of requirements related to the product 7.3.2 Design and development inputs 5.2 Customer Focus	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System Level Requirements 1.2 Define Technical Problem	Requirements Development (RD) Requirements Management (RQM) Supplier Selection and Monitoring (**SSM) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 6.1 Product and Service Processes
			SP 1.2-1-2d Maintain this status of requirements. SP 1.2-2-1d Establish a derived requirements baseline, including the allocation of requirements to subsystems and system components. SP 1.2-2-3 Capture rationale for system level requirements, derived requirements, allocations, and traceability. SP 1.2-5-2b Baseline (describe, capture, and control) and communicate requirements and functional architectures to all stakeholders. (CM also) SP 1.2-2-1a Partition requirements into groups, based on established criteria (such as similar functionality, performance, or coupling) to facilitate and focus the requirements analysis.		
BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements change requests	BP 02.08 Analyze and incorporate requirements changes	7.2.2 Review of product requirements	SP 1.2-4-1 Document changes to requirements. SP 1.2-4-2a Establish a process for formally and proactively controlling and managing changes to requirements, considering impact	SP 1.3-1. Manage Requirements Changes (RQM)	6.1a 2-include changing requirements in product/service designs and production/

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 02	PA 02 Requirements	7.2.1 Determination of	1.1 Define Stakeholder and System	Requirements	3.1 Customer
Requirements	PA 24 Human	requirements related to	Level Requirements	Development (RD)	and Market
	Factors Engineering	product 7.2.2 Review of	1.2 Define Technical Problem	Requirements Management (RQM)	Knowledge 6.1 Product and
	PA 01 Needs	requirements related to		Supplier Selection and	Service Processes
	PA 03 Architecture	the product		Monitoring (**SSM)	bervice Frocesses
		7.3.2 Design and		Quantitative Supplier	
		development inputs		Management (**QSM)	
		5.2 Customer Focus			
			prior to commitment to change,		delivery systems
			gaining stakeholder buy-in, and		and processes
			tracking and closing out the actions		
			and results.		
			SP 1.2-4-2b Evaluate the impact of		
			requirement changes from the		
			standpoint of all stakeholders.		
			SP 1.2-5-3 Periodically review		
			requirements and their relationship with system functional and physical		
			architectures.		
BP 02.09 Maintain	BP 02.09 Maintain		SP 1.2-2-2a Maintain requirements	SP 1.4-2. Maintain Bi-	
consistency and	consistency and		traceability to ensure that lower level	directional Traceability of	
traceability	traceability		(derived) requirements are necessary	Requirements (RQM)	
	 		and sufficient to meet the objectives	SP 1.5-1. Identify	
			of higher level requirements, and are	Inconsistencies between	
			consistent with the product's	Project Work and	
			functional architecture.	Requirements (RQM)	

Table PA 02: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Requirements Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Area PA02 Requirements	CUC 1 Acquisition	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes 5.4.1 Stakeholder	Sources
FA02 Kequirements	CUS.1 Acquisition CUS.3 Requirements elicitation (new) ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component) ENG.1.2 Software requirements analysis (comp)	5.1 Acquisition 5.3 Development – system requirements analysis; soft- ware requirements analysis 5.5 Maintenance – problem and modification analysis 7.1 Management	Requirements Definition 5.4.2 Requirements Analysis 5.4.3 Architectural Design 5.4.10 Maintenance	
Goals				
1. Requirements are derived from customer and other stakeholder needs.			5.4.2.2 Requirements Analysis Outcomes 1) 2)	
2. Requirements are unambiguous, complete, traceable, feasible, and verifiable.			5.4.2.2 Requirements Analysis Outcomes 5)	
3. All requirements information is recorded and controlled to establish a baseline that is maintained throughout life cycle.	CUS.3 Result 3			
4. Plans, products, activities, and agreements are checked for consistency with requirements, and any inconsistencies are identified for correction.			5.4.2.2 Requirements Analysis Outcomes 3) 4) 5.4.3.2 Architectural Design Outcomes 4)	
Practices				
BP 02.01 Identify functional and performance requirements	ENG.1.1.BP1 : Identify system requirements. ENG.1.2.BP1 : Specify software requirements. ORG.4.BP1 : Identify software engineering environment requirements.	5.1.1.2 5.3.2.1 5.3.4.1	5.4.2.3-2 5.4.2.3-4 5.4.2.3-5 5.4.2.3-6	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA02 Requirements	CUS.1 Acquisition CUS.3 Requirements elicitation (new) ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component) ENG.1.2 Software requirements analysis (comp)	5.1 Acquisition 5.3 Development – system requirements analysis; soft- ware requirements analysis 5.5 Maintenance – problem and modification analysis 7.1 Management	5.4.1 Stakeholder Requirements Definition 5.4.2 Requirements Analysis 5.4.3 Architectural Design 5.4.10 Maintenance	
BP 02.02 Identify nonfunctional requirements and constraints	ENG.2.BP1: Determine maintenance requirements ENG.1.2.BP4: Develop validation criteria for software. ORG.4.BP1: Identify software engineering environment requirements.	5.1.1.2 5.3.4.1 5.3.2.1	5.4.10.3-3	
BP 02.03 Identify key requirements			5.4.2.3-3	
BP 02.04 Derive requirements		5.1.1.2	5.4.1.3-3	
BP 02.05 Identify external interface requirements	ENG.1.1.BP1 : Identify system requirements. ENG.1.2.BP2 : Determine operating environment impact.	5.1.1.2 5.3.2.1	5.4.2.3-1	
BP 02.06 Analyze requirements		5.1.1.2 5.3.2.2 5.3.4.2	5.4.2.3-7 5.4.1.3-8	
BP 02.07 Record and baseline requirements	CUS.3.BP2 : Agree on requirements CUS.3.BP3 : Establish customer requirements baseline ENG.1.2.BP7 : Communicate software requirements.	5.1.1.3 5.3.2.1 5.3.4.3	5.4.2.3-9	
BP 02.08 Analyze and resolve requirements change requests	CUS.3.BP4: Manage customer requirements changes. ENG.2.BP3: Analyze user problems and enhancements. ENG.1.2.BP6: Update requirements.	5.5.2.1 5.5.2.5 7.1.1.3		
BP 02.09 Maintain consistency and traceability	ENG.1.1.BP7: Establish traceability ENG.1.BP2: Define and implement the traceability process. ENG.1.3.BP5: Establish traceability ENG.1.4.BP4: Establish traceability.	5.3.2.2 5.3.4.2	5.4.2.3-8	

Table PA 03: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Design Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA
PA 03 Design	PA 03 Architecture PA 06 Software Development and Maintenance	7.3 Design and development	1.3 Define Solution	Technical Solution (TS) Requirements Development (RD)	Category/item 6.1 Product and Service Processes
Goals					
1. A product or service design that will meet the defined requirements is established and maintained.	1. A system architecture that will meet the defined requirements is established and maintained. 2. The architecture evolves to meet changing requirements.	7.3.3 Design and development outputs a)	1.3-1 Design Synthesis	SG 1 Select Product Component Solutions (TS) SG 2 Develop the Design (TS)	
2. The established product or service design is based on an evaluation of alternatives against criteria that represent the requirements.				SG 1 Select Product Component Solutions (TS)	
Practices	DD 02 02 11 4'C 1		CD1212 II de la		
BP 03.01 Identify and Prioritize Design Issues	BP 03.02 Identify key design issues		SP 1.3-1-2a Identify architectural or design issues that must be resolved to support successful development of the system. SP 1.3-2-3d Identify evolving requirement issues and their impacts to ongoing programs as inputs to the requirement management practices of FA 1.2 – Define Technical Problem SP 1.3-1-3f Establish a mechanism to identify design issues which should be subjected to decision analysis		

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 03 Design	PA 03 Architecture PA 06 Software Development and Maintenance	7.3 Design and development	1.3 Define Solution	Technical Solution (TS) Requirements Development (RD)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
			or trade studies throughout system development. SP 1.3-1-3g Capture the rationale for key (i.e., significant effect on cost, schedule or technical performance) decisions taken or defined. SP 1.3-2-3b Identify key requirements and design issues for separate tracking per the requirement management practices of FA 1.2 - Define Technical Problem, and for consideration by the practices of FA 2.5 - Manage Risk.		
BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure	BP 03.03 Develop architectural structure BP 06.03 Design Software		SP 1.3-1-1b Generate alternative system concepts physical architectures, and design solutions and select a solution in accordance with FA 1.4 - Assess and Select. SP 1.3-1-3c Develop system design alternatives which consider cost drivers, technology limitations and risk. SP 1.3-1-4b Develop system design alternatives which consider life cycle cost, complexity, system expansion, and growth. SP 1.3-1-4c Consider the evolution of requirement drivers and technology in selecting a preferred solution. SP 1.2-2-2b Conduct trade studies or decision analyses to select between competing alternatives in all phases of the requirements process, including initial architecture development and subsequently in allocating requirements to lower levels of functional and physical architectures.	SP 1.1-1 Develop Alternative Solutions and Selection Criteria (TS) SP 1.1-2 Develop Detailed Alternative Solutions and Selection Criteria (TS) SP 1.3-1 Select Product Component Solutions (TS)	
BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications	BP 03.04 Develop architectural interface requirements		SP 1.3-1-1c Identify interfaces between design components and their requirements for specification and management in accordance with the practices of FA 1.5 - Integrate System.	SP 2.3-3 Design Comprehensive Interface (TS) SP 2.3-1 Establish	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 03 Design	PA 03 Architecture PA 06 Software Development and Maintenance	7.3 Design and development	1.3 Define Solution	Technical Solution (TS) Requirements Development (RD)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
	BP 06.03Design Software		SP 1.3-1-3a Fully define interfaces in terms of origination, destination, stimulus and data characteristics for software, and electrical and mechanical characteristics for hardware.	Interface Descriptions (TS)	
BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements	BP 03.05 Allocate architecture requirements BP 06.03 Design Software		SP 1.3-2-1a Identify the assignment or allocation of requirements to design components and interfaces for recording and maintenance in accordance with requirement management practices of FA 1.2 - Define Technical Problem. SP 1.3-2-2a Identify requirement performance and functional allocations to design components and interfaces for recording and maintenance in accordance with the requirement management practices of FA 1.2 - Define Technical Problem. SP 1.3-2-2b Allocate key requirements to alternative solution components. SP 1.3-2-3a Identify and allocate appropriate derived requirements that address the effectiveness and cost of life-cycle phases following development, such as production and operation, to the extent they are compatible with business objectives. SP 1.3-2-3f Capture the rationale for requirement allocation decisions. SP 1.2-2-1e Allocate requirements to functional partitions, objects, people, or support elements to support synthesis of solutions.	SP 2.2-1 Allocate Product Component Requirements (RD)	
BP 03.05 Define	BP 06.03 Design		SP 1.3-1-2b Evolve the operational concept to a level	SP 1.2-2 Evolve	
Interactions among Design Elements	Software		of detail appropriate to each level of physical decomposition and input to the practices of FA 1.2 - Define Technical Problem for maintenance. SP 1.3-1-3d Develop timeline scenarios for system	Operational Concepts and Scenarios (TS)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 03 Design	PA 03 Architecture PA 06 Software Development and Maintenance	7.3 Design and development	1.3 Define Solution	Technical Solution (TS) Requirements Development (RD)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
			operation and user interaction for each alternative system design.		
BP 03.06 Establish Component Specifications	BP 06.03 Design Software	7.3.3 Design and development outputs a) b)	SP 1.3-2-3e Identify design constraints as requirements for each level of design.		
BP 03.07 Establish and Use a Strategy for Non- developmental Items			SP 1.3-1-3bPlan f or evolutionary use of purchased or non-developmental (COTS, GOTS, and reuse) items. SP 1.3-1-4a Establish a mechanism to identify components which should be designed for reuse. SP 3.3-2-2 Establish formal criteria for the reuse and COTS/internal development decision process. SP 3.3-2-3a Establish a mechanism for applying business goals to the evaluation of internal development of technologies versus those externally available. SP 3.3-2-3b Establish a mechanism for assessing existing designs and specifications for reuse in new applications.	SP 2.4-3 Perform Make, Buy, or Reuse Analyses (TS)	
BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description	BP 03.06 Capture system architecture BP 06.03 Design Software	7.3.3 Design and development outputs a) b) c) d)	SP 1.3-1-1a Capture and maintain a description of solution component features and constraints. SP 1.3-1-2c Record and maintain the solution description and rationale in a way that is accessible to all stakeholders. SP 1.3-1-5 Identify key architectural features which guide future system/product versions and upgrades. SP 1.5-2-3a Capture all interface designs in a common interface control format. SP 1.5-2-3b Capture interface design rationale. SP 1.5-2-3c Store interface data in a commonly accessible repository	SP 2.2-1 Develop a Technical Data Package (TS) SP 2.2-3 Establish a Complete Technical Data Package (TS)	

Table PA 03: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Design Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
PA 03 Design	(with process type) ENG1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component) ENG.1.3 Software design	Development – system architectural design; software architectural design; software detailed design	5.4.3.3 Architectural Design Process Outcomes/Activities	EIA-632 4.3.2 Solution Definition IEEE Std 1220 6.5 Synthesis
Goals				
1. A product or service design that will meet the defined requirements is established and maintained.	ENG.1.1 System requirements analysis and design process. ENG.1.3 Software design process.		5.4.3.2 Architectural Design Process Outcomes 1) 2) 3) 5) 6)	EIA-632 Requirement 18—Physical Solution Representations
2. The established product or service design is based on an evaluation of alternatives against criteria that represent the requirements.				
Practices				
BP 03.01 Identify and Prioritize Design Issues				
BP 03.02 Develop Design Structure	ENG.1.1.BP2 : Analyze system requirements. ENG.1.1.BP3 : Describe system architecture. ENG.1.3.BP1 : Develop software architectural design. ENG.1.3.BP4 : Develop detailed design.	5.3.3.1 5.3.5.1 5.3.5.3 5.5.2.3 5.5.2.4	5.4.3.3 Architectural Design Process Activities 4.	EIA-632 Requirement 18— Physical Solution Representations

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 03 Design	ENG1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component) ENG.1.3 Software design	Development – system architectural design; software architectural design; software detailed design	5.4.3.3 Architectural Design Process Outcomes/Activities	EIA-632 4.3.2 Solution Definition IEEE Std 1220 6.5 Synthesis
BP 03.03 Develop Interface Specifications	ENG.1.3.BP2 : Design interfaces.	5.3.5.2 5.3.6.2	5.4.3.3 Architectural Design Process Activities 5.	
BP 03.04 Allocate Requirements	ENG.1.1.BP4: Allocate requirements.	5.3.3.1 5.3.5.1 5.3.6 Software detailed design 5.3.6.1	5.4.3.3 Architectural Design ProcessActivities1.2.	
BP 03.05 Define Interactions among Design Elements				
BP 03.06 Establish Component Specifications		5.3.6.1.	5.4.3.3 Architectural Design ProcessActivities7.	EIA-632 Requirement 19—Specified Requirements
BP 03.07 Establish and Use a Strategy for Non- developmental Items			5.4.3.3 Architectural Design Process Activities 3.	EIA-632 Requirement 18—Physical Solution Representations
BP 03.08 Establish and Maintain Design Description		5.3.3.1. 5.3.5.1 5.3.6 Software detailed design. 5.3.6.2 5.3.6.3	5.4.3.3 Architectural Design Process Activities 8.	EIA-632 Requirement 19—Specified Requirements

Table PA 04: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Alternatives Analysis Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 04 Alternatives	PA 04	-	1.4 Assess and Select	Decision Analysis	6.2 Support Processes
Analysis	Alternatives			and Resolution	2. Strategic Planning
Goals					
1. Strategies are established and maintained that support the analysis of alternatives and structured decisionmaking.	1. An evaluation strategy is established and maintained.		Theme 1.4-1 Selection of Appropriate Decision-Making Techniques		2. Strategic Planning – An effective improvement system combines improvements of many types and degrees of involvement. This requires clear strategic guidance, particularly when improvement alternatives compete for limited resources.
2. Alternative solutions to selected issues are analyzed and solutions selected or recommended in accordance with established strategy and criteria. 3. Results and rationale of alternatives analysis	2. Alternatives are identified, analyzed and selected in accordance with the established strategy. 3. Results of the evaluation are		Theme 1.4-2 Consideration of Alternatives Theme 1.4-3 Evaluation Criteria Theme 1.4-4 Selection and Communication of Alternatives	SG 1 Evaluate Alternatives	
are documented and communicated.	recorded for each alternative.				
Practices					
BP 04.01 Establish Analysis Strategy	BP04.01 Establish Evaluation Criteria		SP 1.4-1-1 Use structured decision making techniques to resolve technical issues. SP 1.4-3-1 Use established, documented evaluation criteria.	SP 1.1-1 Establish and Use Guidelines for Decision Analysis	
BP 04.02 Define the Problem			SP 1.2-1-2b Balance system and development cost and complexity, schedule,	SP 1.3-1 Establish Evaluation Criteria	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area PA 04	Subclause	Focus Area 1.4 Assess and Select	Process Area	Category/item
PA 04 Alternatives Analysis	Alternatives	-	1.4 Assess and Select	Decision Analysis and Resolution	6.2 Support Processes2. Strategic Planning
			performance, and capabilities of existing designs and products in all trade studies using established criteria.		
BP 04.03 Select Analysis Method	BP04.02 Define Analysis Approach		SP 1.4-1-2 Select appropriate decision-making technique and record rationale for choice.	SP 1.2-1 Select Decision-Making Techniques	
BP 04.04 Identify Alternative Solutions	BP04.03 Identify Alternatives		SP 1.4-2-1 Consider all alternatives presented when making a decision. SP 1.4-2-2 Identify alternatives for consideration in addition to those supplied with the problem statement.	SP 1.4-1 Identify Alternative Solutions	
BP 04.05 Analyze Alternative Solutions	BP04.04 Analyze Alternatives		SP 1.4-3-2a Evaluate the reasonableness and validity of assumptions. SP 1.4-3-2b Consider sensitivity of analysis results when establishing evaluation criteria. SP 1.4-3-3a Include technology limitations, environmental impact, and risks in evaluation criteria. SP 1.4-3-3b Include total ownership and lifecycle costs in evaluation criteria.	SP 1.5-1 Evaluate Alternatives	2.1 b) Strategic Objectives - describe strategic objectives and timetable for implementing them; - evaluate options to assess relative to key factors
BP 04.06 Select Solution	BP04.05 Select Solution		SP 1.4-4-1a Select a balanced solution based on established criteria. SP 1.4-4-1b Involve affected parties in the selection of preferred alternatives.	SP 1.6-1 Select Solutions	
BP 04.07 Communicate Analysis Results	BP04.06Capture the Disposition of Each Alternative		SP 1.4-4-2 Capture and communicate decisions and their rationale to affected parties. SP 1.4-4-3 Record alternative solutions and the rationale for rejection. SP 1.4-3-3c Capture the rationale for the selection and rejection of evaluation criteria. SP 1.5-1-4b Capture rationale for decisions taken and deferred.		

Table PA 04: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Alternatives Analysis Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	(with process type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 04 Alternatives Analysis		-	5.3.4 Decision Making	EIA-632 4.5.1 Systems Analysis Process
Goals			Outcomes	
1. Strategies are established and maintained that support the analysis of alternatives and structured decisionmaking.				
2. Alternative solutions to selected issues are analyzed and solutions selected or recommended in accordance with established strategy and criteria.			5.3.4.2 Decision Making Process Outcomes 1) 2) 3) 4)	EIA-632 4.5.1 Systems Analysis Process Requirement 23
3. Results and rationale of alternatives analysis are documented and communicated.				
Practices			Activities	
BP 04.01 Establish Analysis Strategy	ORG.2.1.BP3 : Define and document the processes performed in the organization		5.3.4.3 - Decision Making Process Activities 1. 7.	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	(with process type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 04 Alternatives		-	5.3.4 Decision Making	EIA-632
Analysis				4.5.1 Systems Analysis Process
BP 04.02 Define the			5.3.4.3- Decision Making Process	
Problem			Activities	
			2.	
			4.	
BP 04.03 Select			5.3.4.3 - Decision Making Process	
Analysis Method			Activities	
			4.	
BP 04.04 Identify			5.3.4.3 - Decision Making Process	
Alternative Solutions			Activities	
			2.	
			3.	
BP 04.05 Analyze			5.3.4.3 - Decision Making Process	
Alternative Solutions			Activities	
			5.	
BP 04.06 Select		5.2.1.2		
Solution		5.2.4.4		
BP 04.07			5.3.4.3- Decision Making Process	EIA-632
Communicate			Activities	Requirement 23
Analysis Results			6.	
			7.	

Table PA 05: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Outsourcing Practices – Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
PA 05 Outsourcing	PA 05 Outsourcing	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Process Area (**CMMI-A) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	Category/item 6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 5.1 Work Systems
Goals				The state of the s	
1. Needs for outsourcing are determined.			2.4-1 Outsourced Work Product Identification	SG-1. Analyze Needs and Requirements Determined by the Project (SAM)	
2. Qualified suppliers are selected to provide solution or process components.	1. Qualified suppliers are selected to provide product or process components.	7.4 Purchasing	2.4-1 Outsourced Work Product Identification 2.4-2 Supplier Selection 3.3-2 Technology Re-use and Commercial-Off-The-Shelf Technology	SG-1. Establish and Maintain Supplier Requirements (SSM) SG-2. Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements (SSM) SG-2. Appraise custom-made Product Suppliers (ISM)	
3. A productive communications environment is established and maintained with potential suppliers.	2. A productive communications environment is established and maintained with suppliers.			SG 1. Establish Supplier Agreements. (SAM) SG 1. Establish Supplier Agreements. (SAM) SG-2. Select Suppliers and Establish Agreements (SSM) SG-2. Establish a Cooperative Environment (ISM)	
Practices					
BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services	BP 05.01 Identify Needed System or Process Components	4.1 General requirements	SP 2.4-1-1 The organization identifies system components or services that will be provided by internal & external suppliers SP 2.4-1-2 The organization performs trade studies to determine	SP 1.1-1 Analyze needs and requirements Determined by the project. (SAM) SP 1.1-1 Determine Customer Needs (SSM) SP 1.1-1 Determine	5.1a - 6 How do you identify characteristics and skills needed by potential employees; how do you recruit and hire new employees?

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
		Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 05 Outsourcing	PA 05 Outsourcing	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 5.1 Work Systems
			make-vs-buy decisions based on business needs. SP 3.4-2-2b Perform cost-benefit analysis for commercial off-the-shelf versus in-house developed environments. SP 3.3-2-3b Establish a mechanism for assessing existing designs and specifications for reuse in new applications.	Quantitative Objectives (QSM)	How do you take into account key performance requirements, diversity of your community, and fair work force practices? N1. The term employees refers to as well as any contract employees supervised by your organization. 6.3-1 What key products/services do you acquire from suppliers and/or partners?
BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers	BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers	7.4.1 Purchasing Control	SP 2.4-2-1 Capable suppliers are chosen according to FA 1.4 - Assess and Select. SP 2.4-2-3 Suppliers are selected based on an evaluation of the supplier's ability to perform the work.	SP 1.2- Determine Sourcing Options (SSM) SP 1.1-1 Analyze Off-the- Shelf Products (ISM) SP 2.1-1 Appraise the Supplier's Engineering Process (ISM)	5.1a. (6) How do you identify characteristics and skills needed by potential employees; how do you recruit and hire new employees? How do you take into account key performance requirements, diversity of your community, and

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
DA 05 O december	DA 05 O 4			, , ,	•
PA 05 Outsourcing	PA 05 Outsourcing	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 5.1 Work Systems
					fair work force practices? N1. The term employees refers to as well as any contract employees supervised by your organization.
BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking	BP 05.03 Prepare for the solicitation BP 08.03 Incorporate Evaluation Requirements into the Solicitation and Contract	7.4.2 Purchasing Information	SP 2.4-2-2a Criteria are established to evaluate potential suppliers that meet program and organization objectives. SP 2.4-3-2a When suppliers are used on the program, requirements for the work are formally documented. SP 3.3-2-2 Establish formal criteria for the reuse and COTS/internal development decision process. SP 3.3-2-3a Establish a mechanism for applying business goals to the evaluation of internal development of technologies versus those externally available.	SP 2.1-1 Conduct the Solicitation (SSM) SP 2.1-1 Acquire COTS Products (SAM) SP 1.2-1 Incorporate Quantitative Objectives into Acquisition Documents (QSM)	5.1a. (6) How do you identify characteristics and skills needed by potential employees; how do you recruit and hire new employees? How do you take into account key performance requirements, diversity of your community, and fair work force practices? N1. The term employees refers to as well as any contract employees supervised by your organization. 6.3 (2) How do you incorporate performance

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
D. 0 = 0	D. 0.5.0.	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 05 Outsourcing	PA 05 Outsourcing	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 5.1 Work Systems
					requirements into supplier management? What key performance requirements must your suppliers meet? 6.3 (3) How do you ensure that your performance requirements are met? How do you provide timely and actionable feedback to suppliers and/or partners? Include the key performance measures and/or indicators 6.3 (5) How do you provide assistance and/or incentives to suppliers and/or partners to help them improve their overall performance and to improve their abilities to contribute to your current and longer-term performance?

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
		Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 05 Outsourcing	PA 05 Outsourcing	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 5.1 Work Systems
BP 05.04 Choose	BP 05.04 Choose	7.4.1 Purchasing	SP 2.4-2-1 Capable suppliers are	SP 2.2-1 Select Suppliers	5.1a. (6) How do you
Supplier	Supplier	Control (second paragraph.)	chosen according to FA 1.4 - Assess and Select. SP 2.4-2-2b Suppliers are selected based upon input from the systems engineering team leader. SP 2.4-2-3 Suppliers are selected based on an evaluation of the supplier's ability to perform the work.	(SSM) SP 1.2-1 Analyze Custommade Sources (ISM) SP 1.3-1 Determine Acquisition Sources (ISM)	identify characteristics and skills needed by potential employees; how do you recruit and hire new employees? How do you take into account key performance requirements, diversity of your community, and fair work force practices? N1. The term employees refers to as well as any contract employees supervised by your organization. 6.3 (6) How do you improve your supplier and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? How are improvements shared

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 05 Outsourcing	PA 05 Outsourcing	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 5.1 Work Systems
					throughout your organization, as appropriate?
BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers	BP 05.05 Communicate with Suppliers		SP 2.4-3-1 provides the supplier with the needs, expectations, and measures of effectiveness . SP 2.4-3-2b Requirements changes are re-negotiated with the supplier and the changes documented. SP 2.4-3-3 clearly documented agreement statement of work, specification, terms and conditions, a list of deliverables, a schedule, budget, and a defined acceptance process. SP 2.4-3-4 supplier is involved early in the program to assist in development and definition. SP 2.4-4-4b mechanism for establishing and nurturing long term relationships with preferred suppliers.	SP 1.3-1 Establish supplier agreements. (SAM) SP 2.3-1 Establish and Maintain Agreements (SSM) SP 2.1-1 Acquire COTS Products (SAM CMM-A)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes (6) How do you improve your supplier and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? How are improvements shared throughout your organization, as appropriate?

Table PA 05: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Outsourcing Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 05 Outsourcing	CUS.1 Acquisition (basic) CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (component) CUS.1.2 Supplier selection (component) ENG.1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component)	5.1 Acquisition 6.4 Verification 6.5 Validation	5.1.1 Acquisition Process	Sources
Goals				
1. Needs for outsourcing are determined.	CUS.1			
2. Qualified suppliers are selected to provide solution or process components.			5.1.1.2	
3. A productive communications environment is established and maintained with potential suppliers.	CUS.1			
Practices				
BP 05.01 Identify Needed Products or Services	CUS.1.1BP1: Identify the need. CUS.1.1.BP1: Identify the need. CUS.1.1.BP2: Define the requirements.	5.1.1.1 5.1.1.2 5.1.1.6	5.2.4.3 4)	
BP 05.02 Identify Competent Suppliers		5.1.1.7 6.4.1.3 6.5.1.3	5.1.1.3 3)	
BP 05.03 Prepare for the Solicitation or Tasking	CUS.1.1.BP3 Prepare acquisition strategy. CUS.1.1.BP4 Define acceptance criteria. CUS.1.2.BP1 Define acquisition requirements.	5.1.1.3 5.1.1.8 5.1.1.9 5.1.2 5.1.3.1	5.1.1.3	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 05 Outsourcing	CUS.1 Acquisition (basic) CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (component) CUS.1.2 Supplier selection (component) ENG.1.1 System requirements analysis and design (component)	5.1 Acquisition 6.4 Verification 6.5 Validation	5.1.1 Acquisition Process	
		5.1.2.4		
BP 5.04 Choose Supplier:	CUS.1.BP2 Select a supplier. CUS.1.2.BP3 Prepare and negotiate contract.	5.1.3.2 5.1.3.3 5.1.3.4	5.1.1.3 4) 5)	
BP 5.05 Communicate with Suppliers:	ENG.1.1.BP6 : Communicate system requirements.		5.1.1.3 3)	

Table PA 06: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Design Implementation Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 06 Design Implementation	PA 06 Software Development and Maintenance	7.3 Design and development	-	Technical Solution (TS)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
Goals					
1. Solution component(s) are developed.	1. The software engineering tasks are defined, integrated, and consistently performed to produce the software.			SG 3:Implement the Product Design (TS)	
2. Documentation to support solution component(s) is established and maintained.	2. Software work products are kept consistent with each other.				
Practices					
BP 06.01 Establish the Implementation Environment	BP 06.01 Integrate Methods and Tools	7.5.1 Control of production and service provision a) b) c) d) e) f)			
BP 06.02 Formulate product or service components	BP 06.04 Implement Software	7.3.3 Design and development outputs a)		SP3.1-1: Implement the Design (TS)	
BP 06.03 Develop Documentation	BP 06.04 Implement Software BP 06.07 Develop Documentation	7.3.3Design and development outputs b) c) d) 7.5.1 Control of production and service provision a) b) c) d) e) f)		SP3.2-1: Establish Product Support Documentation (TS) SP 2.2-1 Develop a Technical Data Package (TS) SP 2.2-3 Establish a Complete Technical Data Package (TS)	

Table PA 06: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources - Part 2 $\,$

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA06 Design Implementation	ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.1.4 Software construction (component)	5.3 Development 5.5 Maintenance	Implementation	EIA-632: Product Realization
Goals			Outcomes	
1. Solution component(s) are developed.			5.4.4.1:Implementation Process	
2. Documentation to support solution component(s) is established and maintained.				
Practices				
BP 06.01 Establish the Implementation Environment			5.4.4.3-2 5.4.4.3-4	
BP 06.02 Formulate product or service components	ENG.1.4.BP1 : Develop software units.	5.3.7 Software coding and testing. 5.3.7.1 a) 5.5.3 Modification implementation. 5.5.3.1 5.5.3.2 b)	5.4.4.3-5: a) b) 5.4.4.2-2:	EIA 632 Requirement 20
BP 06.03 Develop Documentation	ENG.1.4.BP1 : Develop software units.	5.3.7 Software coding and testing. 5.3.7.1 a) 5.3.5.4 5.3.7.3 5.3.8.3 5.3.6.4	5.4.4.2-2:	

Table PA 07: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Integration Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 07 Integration	PA 07 Integration	-	1.5 Integrate System	Product Integration (PI)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
Goals	Goals		Themes		
1. A strategy for integrating the product and service elements is defined.	A strategy for integrating the system elements is defined. Interfaces are defined in accordance with the system architecture.		Integration Strategy Integration Preparation Interface Coordination	SG 1 The strategy for conducting product integration is established and maintained (PI) SG 2 The product component interfaces, both internal and external, are compatible (PI)	
2. Readiness of product and service elements for integration is verified.	System elements are verified.				
3. The product or service is integrated in accordance with the integration strategy.	4. The system is integrated in accordance with the integration strategy.		System Element Integration	SG 3 Verified product components are assembled and the integrated, verified, and validated product is delivered. (PI)	
Practices					
BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy.	BP 07.07 Develop Integration Strategy		SP 1.5-1-1 Develop an integration strategy. SP 1.5-1-2 Document the integration strategy as part of an integration plan. SP 1.5-1-3a Develop the integration plan early in the program.	SP 1.1-1 Establish a Product Integration Strategy (PI) SP 1.2-2 Establish the Product Integration Environment (PI) SP 1.3-3 Define Detailed Product Integration Procedures (PI)	
BP 07.02 Confirm Readiness of Product and Service Elements.	BP 07.02 Verify Receipt of System Elements		SP 1.5-3-1a Verify the receipt of each system element (component) required to assemble the system in accordance with the physical architecture. SP 1.5-3-2 Coordinate the receipt of	SP 3.1-1 Confirm Readiness of Product Components for Integration (PI)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 07 Integration	PA 07 Integration	-	1.5 Integrate System	Product Integration (PI)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
			system elements for system integration according to the planned integration strategy.		
BP 07.03 Review and Coordinate Interface Definitions.			SP 1.5-2-1a Coordinate interface definition, design, and changes between affected groups and individuals throughout the life cycle. SP 1.5-2-2a Review interface data. SP 1.5-2-2b Ensure complete coverage of all interfaces. SP 1.5-2-4 Review the adequacy of interface documentation periodically.	SP 2.1-1 Review Interface Descriptions for Completeness (PI) SP 2.2-1 Manage Interfaces (PI)	
BP 07.04 Assemble Product and Service Elements.	BP 07.05 Assemble Aggregates of System Elements		SP 1.5-4-1a Assemble aggregates of system elements in accordance with the integration plan.	SP 3.2-1 Assemble Product Components (PI)	
BP 07.05 Confirm Integrated Product or Service Operation	BP 07.06 Test System Level Integration		SP 1.5-4-1b Checkout assembled aggregates of system elements.	SP 3.3-1 Checkout Assembled Product Components (PI)	

Table PA 07: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Integration Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
PA 07 Integration	process type) ENG.1.7 System integration & testing (comp) ENG.1.5 Software integration (component)	5.3 Development 5.3.8 Software integration 5.3.10 System integration	System Life Cycle Processes 5.4.5 Integration	EIA-632 System Design, Product Realization, Application Key Concepts
Goals				
1. A strategy for integrating the product and service elements is defined.	5.1.2.8 ENG.1.7 System integration and testing process. 5.1.2.6 ENG.1.5 Software integration process.		5.4.5.2 Integration Process Outcomes 1) 2)	
2. Readiness of product and service elements for integration is verified.				
3. The product or service is integrated in accordance with the integration strategy.	5.1.2.8 ENG.1.7 System integration and testing process.		5.4.5.2 Integration Process Outcomes 1) 2)	
Practices				
BP 07.01 Develop Integration Strategy.	ENG.1.7.BP1 : Develop system integration and test strategy. ENG.1.5.BP1 : Develop software integration strategy.	5.3.8 Software integration. 5.3.8.1 5.3.8.2	5.4.5.3 Integration Process Activities 1. 2.	EIA 632 Requirement 32
BP 07.02 Confirm Readiness of Product and Service Elements.			5.4.5.3 Integration Process Activities 3.	
BP 07.03 Review and Coordinate Interface Definitions.				

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 07 Integration	ENG.1.7 System integration & testing (comp) ENG.1.5 Software integration (component)	5.3 Development 5.3.8 Software integration 5.3.10 System integration	5.4.5 Integration	EIA-632 System Design, Product Realization, Application Key Concepts
BP 07.04 Assemble Product and Service Elements.	ENG.1.7.BP3 : Build aggregates of system units. ENG.1.5.BP5 : Integrate software item.	5.3.10 System integration. 5.3.10.1	5.4.5.3 Integration Process Activities 5.	EIA 632 Requirement 20
BP 07.05 Confirm Integrated Product or Service Operation			5.4.5.3 Integration Process Activities6.	EIA 632 Requirement 20

Table PA 08: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Evaluation Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 08 Evaluation	PA 08 System Test and Evaluation PA 17 Peer Review	8.3 Control of nonconforming product 7.3.4 Design and development review 7.3.5 Design and development verification 7.3.6 Design and development validation	1.6 Verify System 1.7 Validate System	Verification (VER) Validation (VAL) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) Requirements Development (RD) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM)	Product and Service Processes 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships
Goals		•		<u>, </u>	
1. The evaluation approach, requirements, methods, and environment are established to provide an objective basis for determining whether the products and services meet requirements and can be accepted.	1. The evaluation approach, requirements and methods are defined to provide an objective basis to support the decision for acceptance of the system products and services.		1.6-1 Integrated Verification Planning 1.6-2 Preparation for Verification 1.7-1 Validation Strategy	SG 1 Preparation for verification is conducted. (VER) SG 1 Preparation for validation is conducted. (VAL)	
2. Evaluations are	2. Evaluations are		1.6-3 Incremental Verification	SG 2 Peer reviews are	
performed as planned.	performed as planned.		1.7-3 Product Validation	performed on selected work products. (VER) SG 3 Selected work products are verified against their specified requirements. (VER) SG 2 The product or product components are validated to ensure that they are suitable for use in	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 08 Evaluation	PA 08 System Test and Evaluation PA 17 Peer Review	8.3 Control of nonconforming product 7.3.4 Design and development review 7.3.5 Design and development verification 7.3.6 Design and development validation	1.6 Verify System 1.7 Validate System	Verification (VER) Validation (VAL) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) Requirements Development (RD) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM)	Product and Service Processes 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships
				their intended operating environment. (VAL)	
3. Analyses are conducted on results of evaluations to support acceptance or corrective actions.	3. Analyses are conducted on results of evaluations and developer performance.		Analysis and Actions 1.7-4 Analysis and Actions		
Practices					
BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy.	BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy and Requirements.	7.3.1 Design and development planning a) b)	SP 1.6-1-1 Plan the set of comprehensive, integrated verification activities, addressing all certification requirements, objectives, resources, facilities, special equipment, and schedules applicable to the system development. SP 1.6-1-2a Include realistic operational and environmental scenarios in system verification plans. SP 1.7-1-1 Develop a strategy for system validation. SP 1.7-1-2 Define requirements for a realistic operational, maintenance, and support environment.	SP 1.1-1 Establish a Verification Strategy. (VER) SP 1.1-1 Establish a Validation Strategy. (VAL)	3.2 b. (1) What processes, measurement methods, and data do you use to determine customer satisfaction and dissatisfaction? Include how your measurements capture actionable information that reflects customers' future business and/or potential for positive referral. 6.1 a (6) How do you coordinate and test design and

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 08 Evaluation	PA 08 System Test and Evaluation PA 17 Peer Review	8.3 Control of nonconforming product 7.3.4 Design and development review 7.3.5 Design and development verification 7.3.6 Design and development validation	1.6 Verify System 1.7 Validate System	Verification (VER) Validation (VAL) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) Requirements Development (RD) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM)	Product and Service Processes 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships
					production/ delivery processes to ensure capability for trouble- free and timely introduction of products/services?
BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures	BP 08.02 Define Evaluation Procedures		SP 1.6-2-1 Define the methods, process, and evaluation criteria by which the systems, subsystems and work products are verified against their requirements in a written plan. SP 1.6-2-3c Validate test or analysis procedures and support facilities. SP 1.7-1-3 Formally document the environment, operational scenario, test procedures, inputs, outputs, expected results, and evaluation criteria for system validation plan.	SP 1.3-3 Establish Detailed Verification Plans (VER) SP 1.3-3 Define Detailed Validation Procedures (VAL)	
BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment	BP 08.05 Perform Planned Evaluations		SP 1.7-3-2b Provide appropriate tools to support system validation activities, both simulations and actual systems. SP 1.7-2-2 Provide appropriate tools to support system requirement validation activities (e.g., rapid prototyping, simulation, decision	SP 1.2-2 Establish the Verification Environment (VER) SP 1.2-2 Establish the Validation Environment (VAL) SP 2.1-1 Prepare for Peer Reviews (VER)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 08 Evaluation	PA 08 System Test and Evaluation PA 17 Peer Review	8.3 Control of nonconforming product 7.3.4 Design and development review 7.3.5 Design and development verification 7.3.6 Design and development validation	1.6 Verify System 1.7 Validate System	Verification (VER) Validation (VAL) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) Requirements Development (RD) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM)	Product and Service Processes 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships
			making, etc.) SP 1.6-2-3b Acquire test equipment and software and items to be tested according to a comprehensive strategy that enables reuse.		
BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products	BP 08.05 Perform Planned Evaluations BP 17.01 Conduct Peer Reviews BP 06.03 Design Software:	7.2.2 Review of requirements related to the product a) b) c) 7.3.2 Design and development inputs a) b) c) d) 7.3.4 Design and development review a) b) 7.4.3 Verification of purchased product 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product	SP 1.7-4-3b Include system validation issues (e.g., unanticipated or unintended functions or behavior) as an integral part of all formal, system level design reviews. SP 1.6-3-2a Test new and unproven designs (i.e., highest risk) at the lowest assembly level to verify their compliance with established requirements early in the development life cycle. SP 1.6-3-2b Review the incremental verification results vis -à-vis requirements with key stakeholders on an on-going basis. SP 1.6-3-2c Verify system, subsystem, and work products against requirements established in an earlier phase. SP 1.6-3-2d Perform incremental verification on systems, subsystems, and work products.	SP 2.2-1 Conduct Peer Reviews (VER) SP 3.2-1 Perform Reviews (SSM) SP 3.3-1 Conduct In Progress Evaluations (SSM) SP 3.5-1 Validate Requirements (RD) SP 3.5-2 Validate Requirements with Comprehensive Methods (RD)	6.1 Describe how your organization manages key product and service design and delivery processes. 6.1a -5-ensure process design accommodates key operational performance requirements

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 08 Evaluation	PA 08 System Test and Evaluation PA 17 Peer Review	8.3 Control of nonconforming product 7.3.4 Design and development review 7.3.5 Design and development verification 7.3.6 Design and development validation	1.6 Verify System 1.7 Validate System	Verification (VER) Validation (VAL) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) Requirements Development (RD) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM)	Product and Service Processes 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships
			sp 1.6-2-3a Adjust system requirements and development plans appropriately according to risks of failing system verification. Sp 1.5-3-1b Verify that the system element interfaces comply with the interface documentation prior to assembly. Sp 1.3-2-3c Review derived and allocated requirements for completeness and correctness against established criteria and in the context of operational concept threads or scenarios in accordance with the practices of FA 1.6 - Verify System. Sp 1.6-1-2b Review verification plans early with peers within the developer's organization and with other system stakeholders to assess risky aspects of system development and to agree on alternative courses of action in the event of failures while conducting verification. Sp 1.7-2-1 Conduct early requirements validation in some fashion on the program to reduce the risk of failing system validation.		

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 08 Evaluation	PA 08 System Test and Evaluation PA 17 Peer Review	8.3 Control of nonconforming product 7.3.4 Design and development review 7.3.5 Design and development verification 7.3.6 Design and development validation	1.6 Verify System 1.7 Validate System	Verification (VER) Validation (VAL) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) Requirements Development (RD) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM)	Product and Service Processes 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships
			SP 1.1-2-4 Perform analyses, simulations or prototypes to assure that system requirements will satisfy stakeholder needs and expectations.		
BP 08.05 Verify end- Products	BP 08.05 Perform Planned Evaluations	7.3.5 Design and development verification 7.4.3 Verification of purchased product 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.3 Control of nonconforming product	SP 1.6-3-1b Inspect implemented, purchased, and reused components to verify they meet requirements.	SP 3.1-1 Perform Verification (VER) SP 4.1-1 Conduct Acceptance Evaluations (SSM) SP 2.3-1 Conduct Acceptance Testing (SSM)	6.3a. (3) How do you ensure that your performance requirements are met? How do you provide timely and actionable feedback to suppliers and/or partners? Include the key performance measures and/or indicators and any targets you use for supplier and/or partner assessment.
BP 08.06 Validate end-products	BP 08.05 Perform Planned Evaluations	7.3.6 Design and development validation	SP 1.7-3-1 Perform operational test and evaluation in some manner. SP 1.7-3-2a Perform operational, maintenance, and support test and evaluation.	SP 2.1-1 Perform Validation (VER)	
BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results	BP 08.06 Analyze Evaluation Results	4.2.4 Control of records	SP 1.6-4-1 Compare the collected test, inspection, or review results	SP 2.3-2 Analyze Peer Review Data (VER)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
				(** <i>CMMI-A</i>)	
PA 08 Evaluation	PA 08 System Test	8.3 Control of	1.6 Verify System	Verification (VER)	Product and Service
	and Evaluation	nonconforming product	1.7 Validate System	Validation (VAL)	Processes
	PA 17 Peer Review	7.3.4 Design and	·	Supplier Agreement	3.2 Customer
		development review		Management (SAM)	Satisfaction and
		7.3.5 Design and		Requirements	Relationships
		development verification		Development (RD)	
		7.3.6 Design and		**Supplier Selection and	
		development validation		Monitoring (SSM)	
		8.1 General	with established evaluation criteria to	SP 2.2-1 Capture and	
	BP 17.02 Record		assess the degree of success.	Analyze Validation	
	and Analyze Peer	8.4 Analysis of data	SP 1.6-4-2a Involve all product	Results (VAL)	
	Review Data.		stakeholders in the review of system	SP 3.2-2 Analyze	
			verification results and issues.	Verification Results and	
			SP 1.6-4-2b Inform stakeholders of	Identify Corrective Action	
			the results of verification activities.	(VER)	
			SP 1.6-4-3 Use verification results to		
			compare actual measurements and	SP 3.3-1 Perform Re-	
			performance to technical	Verification	
			performance parameters.	(VER)	
			SP 1.7-2-4 Review the results of		
			early validation periodically to assess		
			the adequacy of the system design as		
			it matures, with corrective action		
			taken as necessary.		
			SP 1.7-4-1 Assess system validation		
			issues for their impact on the		
			program.		
			SP 1.6-3-1a Perform re-verification		
			of corrected deficiencies and		
			changed requirements and designs.		
			SP 1.7-4-2a Coordinate the		
			resolution of validation issues among		
			affected projects within the program.		

Table PA 08: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Evaluation Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	process type)	life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 08 Evaluation	CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance (component) ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.1.6 Software testing (component) ENG.1.7 System integration and testing (component) SUP.4 Verification (basic) SUP.5 Validation (basic) SUP.6 Joint review (basic)	5.1 Acquisition 5.3 Development – software testing; software qualification testing; system qualification testing; software acceptance support 5.4 Operation – operational testing 5.5.4 Maintenance – review/ acceptance 6.4 Verification 6.5 Validation 6.6 Joint review	5.4.6 Verification 5.4.8 Validation 5.4.3 Architectural Design	EIA-632
Goals				
1. The evaluation approach, requirements, methods, and environment are established to provide an objective basis for determining whether the products and services meet requirements and can be accepted. 2. Evaluations are performed as planned.				
3. Analyses are conducted on results of evaluations to support acceptance or corrective actions.				

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 08 Evaluation	CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance (component) ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.1.6 Software testing (component) ENG.1.7 System integration and testing (component) SUP.4 Verification (basic) SUP.5 Validation (basic) SUP.6 Joint review (basic)	5.1 Acquisition 5.3 Development – software testing; software qualification testing; system qualification testing; software acceptance support 5.4 Operation – operational testing 5.5.4 Maintenance – review/ acceptance 6.4 Verification 6.5 Validation 6.6 Joint review	5.4.6 Verification 5.4.8 Validation 5.4.3 Architectural Design	EIA-632
Practices				
BP 08.01 Develop Evaluation Strategy	SUP.4.BP1 : Develop verification strategy. SUP.5.BP1 : Develop Validation Strategy. ENG.1.6.BP1 : Develop integrated software test strategy, including regression strategy. ENG.1.BP3 : Define and implement the testing process. ENG.1.5.BP2 : Develop integrated software item regression test strategy. ENG.1.5.BP3 : Develop tests for integrated software items. ENG.1.7.BP2 : Develop system regression test strategy.	5.3.5.5 5.3.6.5 5.3.7.4 6.4.1.1. 6.4.1.4	5.4.6.3 Verification Process Activities 1. 2. 5.4.8.3 Validation Process Activities 1.	EIA-632 Requirement 31 – End Product Verification
BP 08.02 Develop Evaluation Procedures	ENG.1.6.BP2: Develop tests for integrated software. ENG.1.7.BP4: Develop tests for system aggregates. ENG.1.7.BP6: Develop tests for system. SUP.6.BP1: Prepare joint review. SUP.6.BP2: Establish review criteria. ENG.1.BP3: Define and implement the	5.1.5 Acceptance and completion. 5.1.5.1 5.3.7.1 b) 5.3.8.4 6.5.2.1 5.3.10.2 5.4.1.3	5.4.8.3 Validation Process Activities 2. 3.	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 08 Evaluation	CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance (component) ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.1.6 Software testing (component) ENG.1.7 System integration and testing (component) SUP.4 Verification (basic) SUP.5 Validation (basic) SUP.6 Joint review (basic)	5.1 Acquisition 5.3 Development – software testing; software qualification testing; system qualification testing; software acceptance support 5.4 Operation – operational testing 5.5.4 Maintenance – review/ acceptance 6.4 Verification 6.5 Validation 6.6 Joint review	5.4.6 Verification 5.4.8 Validation 5.4.3 Architectural Design	EIA-632
	testing process. ENG.1.4.BP2 : Develop unit verification procedures.	5.5.3.2 b)		
BP 08.03 Establish and Maintain Evaluation Environment		5.1.5 Acceptance and completion. 5.1.5.1	5.4.8.3 Validation Process Activities 3.	EIA-632 Requirement 30 Incremental Evaluation
BP 08.04 Evaluate incremental work products	ENG.1.5.BP4: Test integrated software items. ENG.1.5.BP5: Integrate software item. ENG.1.5.BP6: Regression test integrated software items. ENG.1.7.BP5: Test system aggregates. SUP.6.BP4: Conduct joint technical review. ENG.1.2.BP3: Evaluate and validate requirements with customer. ENG.1.2.BP8: Evaluate the software requirements. ENG.1.4.BP3: Verify the software units. SUP.1.BP5: Check document. ENG.1.4.BP3: Verify the software design.	5.5.4 Maintenance review/acceptance. 5.5.4.1 5.5.4.2 5.3.5.6 5.3.3.2 5.3.6. 6.4.2.1 Contract verification. 5.3.7.2. 5.3.8.5 5.3.9.1 5.3.9.3 6.1.2.3. 6.1.2.2 6.4.2.3 Requirements verification. a) b) 6.4.2.4 Design verification.	5.4.3.3. Architectural Design Process Activities 6. 5.4.6.3. Verification Process Activities 4.	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 08 Evaluation	CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance (component) ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.1.6 Software testing (component) ENG.1.7 System integration and testing (component) SUP.4 Verification (basic) SUP.5 Validation (basic) SUP.6 Joint review (basic)	5.1 Acquisition 5.3 Development – software testing; software qualification testing; system qualification testing; software acceptance support 5.4 Operation – operational testing 5.5.4 Maintenance – review/ acceptance 6.4 Verification 6.5 Validation 6.6 Joint review	5.4.6 Verification 5.4.8 Validation 5.4.3 Architectural Design	EIA-632
		a) 6.4.2.5 Code verification. a). b) 6.4.2.6 Integration verification. a) 6.4.2.7 Documentation verification. a) b) c) 6.5.2.2 6.6.1.1 6.6.1.4 6.6.1.5 6.6.3.1 a)		
BP 08.05 Verify end- Products	SUP.4.BP2 : Conduct verification. CUS.1.4.BP1 : Evaluate the delivered product. ENG.1.6.BP3 : Test integrated software. ENG.1.6.BP4 : Regression test integrated software. ENG.1.7.BP7 : Test integrated system. ENG.1.7.BP8 : Regression test system aggregates or integrated system.	5.1.5 Acceptance and completion. 5.1.5.2 5.3.11 System qualification testing. 5.3.11.1 5.3.11.2 a) b) c) 5.3.11.3	5.4.6.3 Verification ProcessActivities4.5.	EIA-632 Requirement 31 – End Product Verification

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	process type)	life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 08 Evaluation	CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance (component) ENG.1 Development (basic) ENG.1.6 Software testing (component) ENG.1.7 System integration and testing (component) SUP.4 Verification (basic) SUP.5 Validation (basic) SUP.6 Joint review (basic)	5.1 Acquisition 5.3 Development – software testing; software qualification testing; system qualification testing; software acceptance support 5.4 Operation – operational testing 5.5.4 Maintenance – review/ acceptance 6.4 Verification 6.5 Validation 6.6 Joint review	5.4.6 Verification 5.4.8 Validation 5.4.3 Architectural Design	EIA-632
	ENG.2.BP5 : Implement and test modifications. ENG.1.BP3 : Define and implement the testing process.	5.2.6.2 5.3.10.3		
BP 08.06 Validate end- products	SUP.5.BP2 : Perform validation. CUS.4.1.BP2 : Perform operational testing. ENG.1.BP3 : Define and implement the testing process.	5.4.2 Operational testing. 5.4.2.1 5.4.2.2 6.5.2.4 6.5.2.5	5.4.8.3 Validation Process Activities5.	EIA-632 Requirement 33 End Products Validation Process
BP 08.07 Analyze Evaluation Results	SUP.4.BP3 : Determine actions for verification results. SUP.5.BP3 : Determine actions for validation results.	5.3.7.5 a) b) c) d) e) f) g) 5.5.2.2	5.4.6.3 Verification Process Activities 5. 5.4.8.3 Validation Process Activities 6. 5.4.4.3. Implementation Process Activities 7.	EIA-632 Requirement 30 Incremental Evaluation

Table PA 09: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Deployment, Transition and Disposal Practices – Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 09 Deployment, Transition and Disposal	PA09 Transition	7.5 Production and service provision 7.5.5 Preservation of product	-	Supplier Selection and Monitoring (**SSM) Product Integration (PI) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
Goals					
1. Customer/ stakeholder operation and support facilities are prepared to accept the delivery, placement and transition of the product or service into use.	New	7.5.5 Preservation of product		SG 4 Accept and Transition Products (SSM)	
2. Customer/ stakeholder operation and support personnel are prepared to accept delivery, placement and transition of the product or service into use.	New	7.5.5 Preservation of product		SG 4 Accept and Transition Products (SSM)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 09 Deployment, Transition and Disposal	PA09 Transition	7.5 Production and service provision 7.5.5 Preservation of product	-	Supplier Selection and Monitoring (**SSM) Product Integration (PI) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
3. Customer/ stakeholder operation and support organizations demonstrate their capacity to support the product or service upon assumption of responsibility.	The system support organization demonstrates its capacity to provide the required support upon assumption of responsibility for the system. Continuity of configuration and requirements management is maintained during the transition.			SG 4 Accept and Transition Products (SSM)	
4. Continuity of operational performance is maintained.	New			SG 4 Accept and Transition Products (SSM)	
5. The replaced product or service is deactivated, disposed and/or dispensed of, as appropriate.	New				

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 09 Deployment, Transition and Disposal	PA09 Transition	7.5 Production and service provision 7.5.5 Preservation of product	-	Supplier Selection and Monitoring (**SSM) Product Integration (PI) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
Practices					
BP 09.01 Develop, Deploy, and Maintain a Strategy for Deployment, Transition and Disposal Activities	BP 09.02. Develop and follow transition to support strategy	7.5.1 Control of production and service provision f)			6.1 a (1) What are your design processes for products/services and their related production/delivery processes?
BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment	New	7.5.1 Control of production and service provision f)		SP 2.4-1 Transition Products (SAM) SP 4.2.1 Transition Products (SSM) 1. Ensure there are appropriate facilities to receive, store, use, and maintain the acquired products. 2. Ensure that appropriate training is provided for the people involved in receiving, storing, using, and maintaining the acquired products. 3. Ensure that storing, distributing, and using the acquired products is performed according to the terms and conditions specified in the supplier agreement or license.	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 09 Deployment, Transition and Disposal	PA09 Transition	7.5 Production and service provision 7.5.5 Preservation of product	-	Supplier Selection and Monitoring (**SSM) Product Integration (PI) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM)	6.1 Product and Service Processes
BP 09.03 Oversee Configuration of Product or Service	BP 09.01 Conduct Inventory BP 09.04 Oversee the Configuration Management of the System BP 09.05 Oversee the Requirements Management of the System	7.5.1 Control of production and service provision f)			
BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability	BP 09.03 Demonstrate Support Capability				
BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service	BP9.02 Develop and follow Transition to Support Strategy BP9.06 Transfer and Tailor Developer's Processes to Support Organization	7.5.1 Control of production and service provision f) 7.5.5 Preservation of product		SP 3.4-1 Package and Deliver the Product or Product Component (PI) SP 2.4-1 Transition Products (SAM) SP 4.2-1 Transition Products (SSM)	
BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or Dispense with Service	New	7.5.1 Control of production and service provision f)			

Table PA 09: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Deployment, Transition and Disposal Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area		Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 09 Deployment,	CUS.2 Supply (basic)	5.2 Supply – delivery, completion	5.4.7 Transition	EIA-632
Transition and	ENG.1 Development (basic)	5.3 Development – software	5.4.11 Disposal	Implementation;
Disposal		installation	5.4.4 Implementation	Transition to Use
		5.5 Maintenance – migration,		
~ .		retirement		
Goals				
1. Customer/				
stakeholder				
operation and				
support facilities are				
prepared to accept				
the delivery,				
placement and				
transition of the				
product or service				
into use.				
2. Customer/				
stakeholder				
operation and				
support personnel				
are prepared to				
accept delivery,				
placement and				
transition of the				
product or service				
into use.				

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area		Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 09 Deployment, Transition and	CUS.2 Supply (basic) ENG.1 Development (basic)	5.2 Supply – delivery, completion 5.3 Development – software	5.4.7 Transition 5.4.11 Disposal	EIA-632 Implementation;
Disposal	ENG.1 Development (basic)	installation	5.4.4 Implementation	Transition to Use
Disposai		5.5 Maintenance – migration,	3.4.4 implementation	Transition to osc
		retirement		
3. Customer/				
stakeholder				
operation and				
support				
organizations				
demonstrate their				
capacity to support				
the product or				
service upon				
assumption of responsibility.				
4. Continuity of			+	
operational				
performance is				
maintained.				
5. The replaced				
product or service is				
deactivated,				
disposed and/or				
dispensed of, as				
appropriate.				
Practices				
BP 09.01 Develop,	ENG.1.BP4. Define and implement the	5.5.1.1	5.4.7.3 1)	Requirement 19: (e)
Deploy, and	delivery process.	5.3.12.1		Establish projects that
Maintain a Strategy	ENG.2.BP2. Develop maintenance	5.5.5.2		will satisfy requirements for
for Deployment,	strategy.			installation related to
Transition and Disposal Activities				the system's end products. Requirement 21: (d) Prepare
Disposal Activities				sites where end products
	<u> </u>			sites where end products

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 09 Deployment, Transition and Disposal	CUS.2 Supply (basic) ENG.1 Development (basic)	5.2 Supply – delivery, completion 5.3 Development – software installation 5.5 Maintenance – migration, retirement	5.4.7 Transition 5.4.11 Disposal 5.4.4 Implementation	EIA-632 Implementation; Transition to Use
				will be stored, installed, used or maintained, or serviced. Requirement 30: (a)(3). Establish and checkout the environment in which verification will be implemented. Requirement 31: (a)(3) Establish and checkout the environment in which verification will be implemented. (a)(4) Assure that the test articles are on hand, assembled or integrated with the verification environment Requirement 32: (a)(3) Establish and checkout the environment in which verification will be implemented.

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area		Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 09 Deployment, Transition and Disposal	CUS.2 Supply (basic) ENG.1 Development (basic)	5.2 Supply – delivery, completion 5.3 Development – software installation 5.5 Maintenance – migration, retirement	5.4.7 Transition 5.4.11 Disposal 5.4.4 Implementation	FIA-632 Implementation; Transition to Use
BP 09.02 Prepare Facility and Infrastructure Environment	CUS.2.BP4. Identify attributes for successful delivery and installation.	5.3.1.5	5.4.7.3 2) 3)	EIA 632: 20: (a). Receive from suppliers or the acquirer the subsystem products that make up the system's end products or build the end products according to specified requirements. (c). Assemble the validated subsystem products, or physically integrate such products, into the respective test article or end product to be verified. EIA 632: 21: (a) Acquire and put in place appropriate enabling products to carry out relevant transition to use requirements. (b) Prepare end products for shipping and storage. (c) Store end products awaiting shipping and ship or transport to the acquirer at the intended usage sites. (e) Install end products at the appropriate sites.
BP 09.03 Oversee Configuration of Product or Service	CUS.4.2.BP1. Provide user training. ENG.2.BP7. Retire user system.			

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 09 Deployment, Transition and Disposal	CUS.2 Supply (basic) ENG.1 Development (basic)	5.2 Supply – delivery, completion 5.3 Development – software installation 5.5 Maintenance – migration, retirement	5.4.7 Transition 5.4.11 Disposal 5.4.4 Implementation	EIA-632 Implementation; Transition to Use
BP 09.04 Demonstrate Support Capability	CUS.2.BP4. Identify attributes for successful delivery and installation. CUS.2.BP5. Deliver and install software. ENG.2.BP1. Determine maintenance requirements.	5.2.7.2 5.3.13.3 5.3.1.5	5.4.7.3 4) 5)	EIA 632: Requirement 21: (h) Provide training for users, maintenance and other personnel.
BP 09.05 Transition Product or Service	CUS.2.BP5. Deliver and install software. ENG.2.BP5. Upgrade user system.	5.2.7.1 5.3.13.2 5.5.5.3 5.5.5.4 5.5.5.5 5.5.5.6 5.3.12.2 5.3.13.1	5.4.7.3 4) 6) 7) 5.4.4.3 6)	
BP 09.06 Deactivate and Dispose Replaced Product and/or Dispense with Service	ENG.2.BP7. Retire user system.	5.5.6.1 5.5.6.2 5.5.6.3 5.5.6.4 5.5.6.5	5.4.11.3	

Table PA 10: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Operation and Support Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 10 Operation and Support	-	7.5.1 Control of production and service provision 8.5.2 Corrective action 8.5.3 Preventive action 8.4 Analysis of data	-	-	6.1 Product and Service Processes b. Production/ Delivery Processes 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships
Goals					
1.The product, system, or service is operated and monitored.					
2. Methods are established and used to sustain required service levels and to detect the need for corrective action.					
3. Operational support is provided and needed corrective actions are deployed.					
Practices					
BP 10.01. Operate the system, product or service		7.5.1 Control of production and service provision a) b)			
BP 10.02. Monitor and evaluate capacity, service, and performance		7.5.1 Control of production and services provision c) d) e)			6.1b Identify and use measures for control and improvement of production/delivery processes

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 10 Operation and Support	-	7.5.1 Control of production and service provision 8.5.2 Corrective action 8.5.3 Preventive action 8.4 Analysis of data	-	-	6.1 Product and Service Processes b. Production/ Delivery Processes 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships
BP 10.03. Confirm availability of parts and personnel		7.5.5 Preservation of Product			
BP 10.04. Perform preventive maintenance		8.5.3 Preventive action			
BP 10.05. Analyze failures		8.4 Analysis of Data 8.5.2 Corrective action b) c)			
BP 10.06. Take or initiate corrective action		8.5.2 Corrective Action d)			
BP 10.07. Provide customer support		7.5.1Control of production and service provision f) 8.5.2 Corrective action a) e)			3.2a Customer Relationships-determine key methods for customer access; determine and deploy customer contact requirements; implement complaint management

Table PA 10: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Operation and Support Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 10 Operation and Support	CUS.4 Operation (extended) CUS.4.1 Operational use (ext. component) CUS.4.2 Customer support (ext. component) SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic) ORG.4 Infrastructure (basic)	5.4 Operation 5.5 Maintenance	5.4.9 Operation 5.4.10 Maintenance	
Goals				
1.The product, system, or service is operated and monitored.	CUS.4 Result 1 CUS.4.1 Result 2	G.11 Operation Process b) d)	5.4.9.2 Operation Process Outcomes 1) 2)	
2. Methods are established and used to sustain required service levels and to detect the need for corrective action.	CUS.4 Result 1	G.11 Operation Process a) c)	5.4.9.2 Operation Process Outcomes 3)	
3. Operational support is provided and needed corrective actions are deployed.	CUS.4 Result 3	G.11 Operation Process e) f) g)	5.4.9.2 Operation Process Outcomes 4)	
Practices				
BP 10.01. Operate the system, product or service	CUS.4.BP1: Software Operation CUS.4.1.BP3: Operate the software.	5.4.3 System operation 5.4.3.1	5.4.9.3-4	
BP 10.02. Monitor and evaluate capacity, service, and performance	CUS.4.1.BP8: Operation Evaluation CUS.4.1.BP8: Monitor system capacity and service. CUS.4.2.BP3. Monitor performance.		5.4.9.3-5 5.4.10.3-4	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 10 Operation and Support	CUS.4 Operation (extended) CUS.4.1 Operational use (ext. component) CUS.4.2 Customer support (ext. component) SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic) ORG.4 Infrastructure (basic)	5.4 Operation 5.5 Maintenance	5.4.9 Operation 5.4.10 Maintenance	
BP 10.03. Confirm availability of parts and personnel			5.4.10.3-6	
BP 10.04. Perform preventive maintenance			5.4.10.3-7	
BP 10.05. Analyze failures			5.4.10.3-8 5.4.9.3-6	
BP 10.06. Take or initiate corrective action	CUS.4.1.BP4: Review software operation problem. CUS.4.1.BP5: Resolve operational problems. CUS.4.1.BP7: Document temporary workarounds.	5.4.4 User support 5.4.4.3	5.4.10.3-9 5.4.10.3-10 5.4.10.3-11 5.4.9.3-7 5.4.9.3-8	
BP 10.07. Provide customer support	CUS.4.2.BP2: Establish product support. CUS.4.BP3: Support customer. CUS.4.2.BP1: Provide user training. CUS.4.1.BP6: Handle user requests. SUP.8.BP1: Establish problem report system. ORG.4.BP3: Provide support for individuals using the software engineering infrastructure.	5.4.4 User support 5.4.4.2 5.4.4.1	5.4.10.3-4.	

Table PA 11: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Project Management Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area PA 11 Project	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area PA11 Project	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause 7.1 Planning of	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area 2.1 Plan and Organize	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area Project Planning (PP)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item 6.2 Support
Management	Management	Product Realization 7.3.1 Design and Development Planning	2.2 Monitor and Control	Project Fraining (FF) Project Monitoring and Control (PMC) Integrated Project Management (IPM) Quantitative Project Management (QPM)	Processes 5.1 a) Work Systems and Job Design 6.1 Product and Service Processes
Goals					
1. Project plans are established, maintained and executed to provide required products and services that reflect customer and stakeholder needs.	1. Plans for managing the project are established early in the project lifecycle and maintained.		2.1-5 Technical Management Plan 2.1-2 Technical Approach 2.1-3 Work Breakdown Structure, Estimation, and Task Description 2.2-1 Degree of Formality	SG 2 Develop a Project Plan. (PP)	
2. Estimates of the project's planning parameters are established and maintained to support resource estimates.	2. Estimates of the project's planning parameters are established and maintained.		2.1-1 Critical Resources 2.1-4 Schedules	SG 1 Establish Estimates (PP)	
3. Commitments related to the project are established and maintained.	3. Commitments related to the project are established and maintained.		(EIA 731 addresses commitment in Technical Plans)	SG 3 Obtain Commitment to the Plan (PP)	
4. Progress of the project is evaluated against its plans.	4. Progress of the project is evaluated against the project's established plans.		2.2-2 Monitoring	SG 1 Monitor Project Against Plan (PMC)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 11 Project Management	PA11 Project Management	7.1 Planning of Product Realization 7.3.1 Design and Development Planning	2.1 Plan and Organize 2.2 Monitor and Control	Project Planning (PP) Project Monitoring and Control (PMC) Integrated Project Management (IPM) Quantitative Project Management (QPM)	6.2 Support Processes 5.1 a) Work Systems and Job Design 6.1 Product and Service Processes
5. Corrective actions are taken when appropriate and managed to closure	5. Corrective actions are taken appropriately and managed to closure.		Thresholds Exceeded	SG 2 Manage Corrective Action to Closure (PMC)	
Practices					
BP 11.01 Define Project Objectives, Scope, and Outputs		7.1 Planning of product realization a) b) c) d) 7.3.1 Design and development planning 7.2.2 Review of requirements related to the product a) b) c)	SP 2.1-3-2a Define systems engineering work products, including data requirements, and activities in a traceable and accountable manner, including data requirements. SP 2.1-5-3a Ensure the systems engineering activities and work products that are needed to establish and maintain control of the program are well defined.	SP 1.1-1 Establish and maintain a top-level work breakdown structure (WBS) to estimate of the scope of the project. (PP) SP 1.1-1 Establish the Project's Objectives (QPM)	
BP 11.02 Define the Activities and Life Cycle Approach	BP 11.01 Identify the Activities BP 11.02 Identify the Life Cycle Approach	7.3.1 Design and development planning a)	SP 2.1-2-2a Identify technical activities for the entire life cycle of the program. SP 2.1-3-1a Generate a work breakdown structure for the program that defines logical units of work to be managed at the program level. SP 2.1-3-2a Define systems engineering work products, including data requirements, and activities in a	SP 1.1-1 Establish and maintain a top-level work breakdown structure (WBS) to estimate of the scope of the project. (PP) SP 1.1-1 Establish and maintain the project's defined process. (IPM) (includes selecting the standard process	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 11 Project	PA11 Project	7.1 Planning of	2.1 Plan and Organize	Project Planning (PP)	6.2 Support
Management	Management	Product Realization 7.3.1 Design and Development Planning	2.2 Monitor and Control	Project Monitoring and Control (PMC) Integrated Project Management (IPM) Quantitative Project Management (QPM)	Processes 5.1 a) Work Systems and Job Design 6.1 Product and Service Processes
			traceable and accountable manner, including data requirements. SP 2.1-3-2c Ensure the work breakdown structure covers all the tasks and products necessary for the program. SP 2.1-3-3d Assure that the work breakdown structure reviewed is complete- and consistent with the system or product structure. SP 2.1-5-3a Ensure the systems engineering activities and work products that are needed to establish and maintain control of the program are well defined. SP 2.1-2-3 Identify and define a system life cycle with predefined stages of manageable size. SP 2.1-2-1a Determine a technical approach for the program.	and tailoring) SP 1.3-1 Define the project lifecycle phases upon which to scope the planning effort. (IPM)	
BP 11.03 Estimate Planning Parameters	BP 11.03 Establish Estimates		SP 2.1-2-1b Estimate the magnitude and technical feasibility of the program. SP 2.1-2-2b Identify key technical performance parameters. SP 2.1-2-2c Establish thresholds or profiles for key technical performance parameters.	SP 1.2-1 Establish and document estimates of the attributes of the work products and tasks. (PP) SP 1.2-1 Use the organization's process assets and measurement repository for estimating and planning the project's activities. (IPM) (includes estimating planning parameters)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 11 Project Management	PA11 Project Management	7.1 Planning of Product Realization 7.3.1 Design and Development Planning	2.1 Plan and Organize 2.2 Monitor and Control	Project Planning (PP) Project Monitoring and Control (PMC) Integrated Project Management (IPM) Quantitative Project Management (QPM)	6.2 Support Processes 5.1 a) Work Systems and Job Design 6.1 Product and Service Processes
BP 11.04 Estimate Project Resource Requirements	BP 11.03 Establish Estimates		SP 2.1-3-1b Develop cost estimates for the technical aspects of the program. SP 2.1-3-3a Derive estimates for the size and cost of the systems engineering work products and efforts based upon historical data. SP 2.1-3-3c Capture the basis or rationale for systems engineering planning and estimates. SP 2.1-3-3b Consider whether a system is precedented or unprecedented when generating estimates of the engineering effort. SP 2.1-1-1 Identify resources that are critical to the technical success of the program.	SP 1.4-1 Determine Estimates of Effort and Cost. (PP) SP 2.1-1 Establish the Budget and Schedule (PP)	
BP 11.05 Establish Schedules	BP 11.04 Establish Schedules		SP 2.1-4-1 Develop schedules for the current life cycle phase as a part of the planning activities. SP 2.1-4-2a Develop top level schedules for the remaining life cycle phases of the program. SP 2.1-4-2b Address task dependencies as a part of scheduling. SP 2.1-4-3 Provide traceability between the schedule (calendar-based plan) and the event-driven plan.	SP 2.1-1 Establish the Budget and Schedule (PP)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 11 Project	PA11 Project	7.1 Planning of	2.1 Plan and Organize	Project Planning (PP)	6.2 Support
Management	Management	Product Realization	2.2 Monitor and Control	Project Monitoring and	Processes
		7.3.1 Design and		Control (PMC)	5.1 a) Work
		Development		Integrated Project	Systems and Job
		Planning		Management (IPM)	Design
				Quantitative Project	6.1 Product and
				Management (QPM)	Service Processes
BP 11.06 Establish	BP 11.05 Establish	7.3.1 Design and	SP 2.1-5-1a Develop a technical	SP 1.3-1 Integrate the project	
and Maintain Plans	and Maintain Plans	development planning	management plan for the program.	plan and the subordinate	
		7.1 Planning of	SP 2.1-5-2b Include in the technical	plans to describe the project's	
		product realization	management plan provisions to maintain	defined process. (IPM)	
		a)	the plan and for recording deviations	SP 2.3-1 Plan for Data	
		b)	from the plan.	Management (PP)	
		c) d)	SP 2.1-5-2d Develop an event driven	SP 2.4-1 Plan for Project	
		(d)	plan for technical aspects of the	Resources (PP) SP 2.7-1 Establish the Project	
			program. SP 2.1-3-2b Ensure the technical	Plan (PP)	
			management plan provides form and	SP 2.6-1 Plan Stakeholder	
			context for the planned technical	Involvement (PP)	
			activities and identify products.	SP 1.3-1 Integrate Plans	
			SP 2.1-3-1c Generate documented and	(IPM)	
			approved statements of work for systems	(II IVI)	
			engineering activities.		
			SP 2.1-5-2c Document the program		
			roles, responsibilities, and objectives for		
			each organization or functional		
			discipline.		
			SP 2.2-1-1 Determine the degree of		
			oversight for programs needing		
			monitoring and controlling to promote		
			the organization's goals.		
			SP 2.2-1-2 Establish criteria against		
			which each program is evaluated to		
			determine if it should be under the		
			Monitor and Control FA activities.		

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 11 Project	PA11 Project	7.1 Planning of	2.1 Plan and Organize	Project Planning (PP)	6.2 Support
Management	Management	Product Realization	2.2 Monitor and Control	Project Monitoring and	Processes
		7.3.1 Design and		Control (PMC)	5.1 a) Work
		Development		Integrated Project	Systems and Job
		Planning		Management (IPM)	Design
				Quantitative Project	6.1 Product and
				Management (QPM)	Service Processes
BP 11.07 Establish	BP 11.06 Establish	7.3.1 Design and	SP 2.1-1-2a Reconcile the level of	SP 3.1-1 Review Subordinate	5.1.a. (1) How do
Commitment	Commitment	development	technical work required for the program	Plans (PP)	you design,
		planning	to the available level of funding or	SP 3.2-1 Reconcile Work and	organize, and
			projected market potential.	Resource Levels (PP)	manage work and
			SP 2.1-5-2e Review technical plans with	SP 3.3-1 Obtain Plan	jobs to promote
			stakeholders and obtain their	Commitment (PP)	cooperation and
			commitment. SP 2.1-5-3b Conduct formal reviews of	SP 3.1-1 Identify	collaboration, individual
			the technical management plan to assess	expectations, constraints, interfaces, and operational	initiative,
			its consistency with the top-level	conditions applicable to the	innovation and
			program management plan and with	project's shared vision.	flexibility, and to
			lower-level plans.	(IPM)	keep current with
			lower-rever prans.	SP 3.2-1 Establish and	business needs?
				maintain a shared vision for	business needs.
				the project. (IPM)	
BP 11.08 Organize			SP 2.1-5-2c Document the program	SP 4.1-1 Determine	
to meet Project			roles, responsibilities, and objectives for	Integrated Team Structure for	
Objectives			each organization or functional	the Project. (IPM)	
3			discipline.	SP 4.1-2 Develop a	
			SP 2.1-5-1b Ensure there are clear lines	preliminary distribution of	
			of responsibility and authority between	requirements to Integrated	
			systems engineering and program	Teams. (IPM)	
			management.		
BP 11.09 Direct the				SP 2.1-1 Manage the	
Project				involvement of the relevant	
				stakeholders in the project.	
				(IPM)	
				SP 2.2-1 Participate with	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 11 Project	PA11 Project	7.1 Planning of	2.1 Plan and Organize	Project Planning (PP)	6.2 Support
Management	Management	Product Realization	2.2 Monitor and Control	Project Monitoring and	Processes
		7.3.1 Design and		Control (PMC)	5.1 a) Work
		Development		Integrated Project	Systems and Job
		Planning		Management (IPM)	Design
				Quantitative Project	6.1 Product and
				Management (QPM)	Service Processes
				relevant stakeholders to	
				identify, negotiate, and track	
				critical dependencies. (IPM)	
				SP 2.3-1 Resolve issues with	
				relevant stakeholders. (IPM)	
				SP 1.4-1 Manage the Project	
				Using the Integrated Plans	
DD 11 10 M	DD 11.07 M		SD 2 2 2 1 T	(IPM)	C 11 2
BP 11.10 Monitor	BP 11.07 Monitor the		SP 2.2-2-1 Track the resources	SP 2.2-1 Participate with	6.1b – 2-ensure
Project Performance	Project according to Established Plans		expended, the program schedule, and the	relevant stakeholders to	operation of
	BP 11.08 Track		technical performance measurements against the plan.	identify, negotiate, and track critical dependencies. (IPM)	processes meets key performance
	Technical Process		SP 2.2-2-3 Evaluate and document the	SP 1.1-1 Monitor Project	requirements
	Technical Process		program's efforts for the lessons learned.	Planning Parameters (PMC)	6.1b 3-use in-
			SP 2.2-3-1a Periodically collect and	SP 1.2-1 Monitor	process
			analyze the measures of program and	Commitments (PMC)	measures/indicato
			technical performance.	SP 1.3-1 Monitor Project	rs to control and
			personal per	Risks	improve
				(PMC)	processes,
				SP 1.4-1 Monitor Data	including
				Management (PMC)	customer input as
				SP 1.5-1 Monitor	appropriate
				Stakeholder Involvement	6.1b-4-ensure
				(PMC)	operation meets
				SP 1.6-1 Conduct Progress	requirements; use
				Reviews (PMC)	in-process
				SP 1.4-1 Manage Project	measures and/or
				Performance (QPM)	customer
	1				feedback

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 11 Project	PA11 Project	7.1 Planning of	2.1 Plan and Organize	Project Planning (PP)	6.2 Support
Management	Management	Product Realization	2.2 Monitor and Control	Project Monitoring and	Processes
		7.3.1 Design and		Control (PMC)	5.1 a) Work
		Development		Integrated Project	Systems and Job
		Planning		Management (IPM)	Design
				Quantitative Project	6.1 Product and
				Management (QPM)	Service Processes
BP 11.11 Review	BP 11.09 Review	5.6.2 Review Input	SP 2.2-3-4 Analyze and use prediction	SP 1.7-1 Conduct Milestone	
and Analyze Project	Performance Against	c)	based on the program's measures to	Reviews. (PMC)	
Performance	Established Plans	d)	determine if the program's completion is		
	BP 13.04 Review and	e)	at risk and thus warrants corrective		
	Validate Risk	5.6.3 Review output	action.		
	Assessment	a)	SP 1.5-4-4 When multiple organizations		
		b)	are involved in system integration,		
		c)	periodically assess the quality of their		
			mutual interaction to improve the		
			program-level integration effort.		
BP 11.12 Take	BP 11.10 Take	5.6.3 Review output	SP 2.2-3-1b Implement corrective action	SP 2.1-1 Analyze Issues	
Corrective Action	Corrective Action	a)	when measures deviate from expected	(PMC)	
		b)	results.	SP 2.2-1 Take Correction	
		c)		Action (PMC)	
		8.3 Control of		SP 2.3-1 Manage Corrective	
		nonconforming		Action. (PMC)	
		product			
		a)			

Table PA 11: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Project Management Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 11 Project Management	MAN.1 Management (basic) MAN.2 Project management (new) SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic)	6.8 Problem Resolution 7.1 Management 5.2 Supply	5.3.1 Project Planning 5.3.2 Project Assessment 5.3.3 Project Control 5.1.2 Supply	SA-CMM V1.02 Acquisition Risk Management
Goals				
1. Project plans are established, maintained and executed to provide required products and services that reflect customer and stakeholder needs.			5.3.1.2 Project Planning Process Outcomes 1) 2) 3). 4) 5)	
2. Estimates of the project's planning parameters are established and maintained to support resource estimates.				
3. Commitments related to the project are established and maintained.				
4. Progress of the project is evaluated against its plans.			5.3.2.2 Project Assessment Process Outcomes 1) 2) 3) 4) 5)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
	process type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	CA CDADANIA
PA 11 Project Management	MAN.1 Management (basic) MAN.2 Project management (new)	6.8 Problem Resolution 7.1 Management	5.3.1 Project Planning 5.3.2 Project Assessment	SA-CMM V1.02 Acquisition
Management	SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic)	5.2 Supply	5.3.3 Project Control	Risk
		Seppendicular and the	5.1.2 Supply	Management
5. Corrective actions			5.3.3.2 Project Control Process Outcomes	
are taken when			1)	
appropriate and			2)	
managed to closure			3)	
Desations			4)	
Practices			Activities	
BP 11.01 Define	MAN.1.BP1 : Identify activities and tasks.	5.2.4 Planning.	5.3.1.3 Project Planning Process Activities	
Project Objectives,	MAN.1.BP2 : Evaluate feasibility of	5.2.4.3	1.	
Scope, and Outputs	achieving process.	5.2.4.4	2.	
	MAN.2.BP1 : Define the scope of work. MAN.2.BP2 : Determine development	7.1.1 Initiation and scope definition.	11. 12.	
	strategy.	7.1.1.1	12.	
	ENG.1.2.BP5 : Develop release strategy.	7.1.1.1	5.4.9.3	
	ENG.1.1.BP5 : Develop release strategy.		1.	
	ENG.2.BP4 : Determine modifications for			
	next upgrade.		5.4.10.3	
	ENG.2.BP2 : Develop maintenance		1.	
	strategy.			
BP 11.02 Define the	MAN.2.BP3 : Select software life cycle	5.2.4 Planning.	5.3.1.3 Project Planning Process Activities	
Activities and Life	model.	5.2.4.2	3.	
Cycle Approach	MAN.2.BP5 : Develop work breakdown	5.2.4.4	5.4.9.3	
BP 11.03 Estimate	structure. MAN.2.BP4 : Size and estimate tasks and		1.	+
Planning Parameters	resources.			
BP 11.04 Estimate	MAN.2.BP6 : Identify infrastructure	7.1.2 Planning.	5.3.1.3 Project Planning Process Activities	†
Project Resource	requirements.	7.1.2.1	6.	
Requirements	MAN.1.BP3 : Plan and allocate resources	b)	8.	
-	and infrastructure.	c)		
		h)		
		i)		

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 11 Project Management	MAN.1 Management (basic) MAN.2 Project management (new) SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic)	6.8 Problem Resolution 7.1 Management 5.2 Supply	5.3.1 Project Planning 5.3.2 Project Assessment 5.3.3 Project Control 5.1.2 Supply	SA-CMM V1.02 Acquisition Risk Management
BP 11.05 Establish Schedules	MAN.2.BP7 : Establish project schedule.	5.3.5.5 7.1.2 Planning. 7.1.2.1:	5.3.1.3 Project Planning Process Activities4.5.	
BP 11.06 Establish and Maintain Plans	MAN.2.BP10: Establish and implement project plans. ENG.1.BP1: Define and implement the software or system development process.	5.2.4 Planning. 5.2.4.5 7.1.2 Planning. 7.1.2.1	5.3.1.3 Project Planning Process Activities 9. 5.3.1.3. 10. 5.1.2.3	
BP 11.07 Establish Commitment	MAN.2.BP8 : Allocate responsibilities. CUS .2.BP2 Negotiate Contract.	7.1.2 Planning. 7.1.2.1 d) e) 5.2.3.1	5.3.1.3 Project Planning Process Activities7.5.1.2.3 Supply Process Activities3.	
BP 11.08 Organize to meet Project Objectives	MAN .2 BP9 : Identify interfaces.		5.3.1.3 Project Planning Process Activities 7.	
BP 11.09 Direct the Project	MAN.1.BP4: Implement activities.	5.2.5 Execution and control. 5.2.5.1 7.1.3 Execution and control. 7.1.3.1	5.3.3.3 Project Control Process Activities 2. 4. 5. 6. 5.3.2.3 Project Assessment Process 10. 5.3.3.3 9.	
BP 11.10 Monitor Project Performance	MAN.1.BP5 : Monitor performance. MAN.2.BP11 : Track progress against plans. SUP.5.BP4 : Track actions for validation	5.2.5 Execution and control. 5.2.5.3 7.1.3 Execution and control. 7.1.3.2.	5.3.2.3 Project Assessment Process 1. 2. 3.	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	process type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 11 Project	MAN.1 Management (basic)	6.8 Problem Resolution	5.3.1 Project Planning	SA-CMM V1.02
Management	MAN.2 Project management (new)	7.1 Management	5.3.2 Project Assessment	Acquisition
	SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic)	5.2 Supply	5.3.3 Project Control	Risk
			5.1.2 Supply	Management
	results.		4.	
	ENG.1.BP1 : Define and implement the		5.	
	software or system development process.		6.	
			7.	
			5.1.2.3	
			4.	
BP 11.11 Review	MAN.1.BP6: Review work products and	6.6.2.1	5.3.2.3 Project Assessment Process	Activity 7:
and Analyze Project	evaluate results.	7.1.3 Execution and control.	Activities	Project reviews
Performance	SUP.6.BP7 : Determine actions for review	7.1.3.3	8.	include the status
	results.	7.1.4 Review and evaluation.	9.	of identified
	SUP.6.BP3 : Conduct joint management	7.1.4.2	5.1.2.3	risks.
	review.	7.1.5 Closure.	4.	1101101
	SUP.6.BP4 : Conduct joint technical	7.1.5.1	5.	
	review.	7.1.5.1	3.	
	SUP.6.BP6 : Conduct joint system	7.1.3.2		
	acceptance review.			
	SUP.6.BP5 : Conduct joint process review.			
BP 11.12 Take	• • •		5 2 2 2 Duning Control Duning Anticities	
	MAN.1.BP7 : Take action on performance		5.3.3.3 Project Control Process Activities	
Corrective Action	deviation.		1.	
	MAN.2.BP12 : Act to correct deviations.		2.	
	SUP.6.BP8 : Track actions for review		3.	
	results.		4.	
	SUP.4.BP4 : Track actions for verification		5.	
	results.		6.	
	SUP.5.BP4: Track actions for validation		7.	
	results.		8.	
	MAN.1.BP8 : Demonstrate successful			
	achievement.			

Table PA 12: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Supplier Agreement Management Practices – Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	PA 12 Contract Management PA 08 System Test and Evaluation	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) **Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 7. 4 Supplier and Partner Results
Goals					
1. The documented agreement is kept consistent with the acquirer's requirements and relevant laws, policies, regulations, and other applicable guidance.	1. The contract is kept consistent with the requirements of the acquisition project and relevant laws, policies, regulations, and guidance.			SG 2 Select Suppliers and establish Agreements (SSM)	
2. Supplier performance, processes, products and services are reviewed and monitored to identify problems and to ensure that products and services conform to requirements.	2. Contractor performance, products, and services are reviewed throughout the project to identify risks, problems, and appropriate corrective actions.	7.4.3 Verification of purchased products	2.4-4: Supplier Management. The program and organization review and concur with the supplier's plans and procedures. The program should also monitor the supplier's conformance to these plans and procedures through appropriate reviews and audits.	SG 2 Satisfy Supplier Agreements (SSM) SG 3 Monitor Supplier Performance and Products (SSM) SG 2 Appraise Custom- Made product Suppliers (ISM)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	PA 12 Contract Management PA 08 System Test and Evaluation	7.4 Purchasing	Focus Area 2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Process Area (**CMMI-A) Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) **Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	Category/item 6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 7. 4 Supplier and Partner Results
3. Measurements are used to track the supplier's performance.	3. Measurements are used to track the contractor's performance.			SG 2 Quantitatively Manage the Acquisition Effort (QSM)	
4. Communications between the acquirer and the supplier are established and maintained to foster a cooperative and productive agreement environment.	4. Communications between the acquirer's project team and the contractor are established and maintained.	7.4.3 Verification of purchased products		SG 3 Establish a Cooperative Environment (ISM)	
5. Acceptance of deliverable products or services is based on the supplier meeting the terms and conditions described in the agreement.	New	7.4.3 Verification of purchased products	2.4-4 Supplier Management. Appropriate acceptance testing ensures that the delivered component satisfies the need.	SG 2 Satisfy Supplier Agreements (SSM)	
Practices	DD 12.01		CD 2.4.4.2. There is a markening for		7 4 - Wil - 4
BP 12.01 Use Planning documents:	BP 12.01 Review and Use Planning documents:		SP 2.4-4-3e There is a mechanism for assuring that all suppliers follow their defined engineering process.		7.4 a. What are your current levels and trends in key measures and/or indicators of supplier and partner performance?

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	PA 12 Contract Management PA 08 System Test and Evaluation	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) **Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 7. 4 Supplier and Partner Results
					Include your performance and/or cost improvements resulting from supplier and partner performance and performance management.
BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance	BP 12.02 Conduct Periodic Reviews BP 08.04 Monitor Developer Performance	7.4.3 Verification of purchased product	SP 2.4-4-1 The supplier's progress (schedule/cost/technical/performance) is managed. SP 2.4-4-2b The supplier's quality and configuration control activities are monitored. SP 2.4-4-2c Acceptance testing is conducted as part of the delivery of the supplier's products. SP 2.4-4-3a The documented agreement between the acquirer and the supplier basis for managing the supplier. SP 2.4-4-3b Periodic informal reviews, technical reviews, and interchanges are held with the supplier. SP 2.4-4-3c Formal reviews are conducted at selected milestones SP 2.4-4-3d Discrepancies discovered during acceptance testing are used to improve the supplier's processes and products. SP 2.4-4-3e There is a mechanism for assuring that all suppliers follow their defined engineering process	SP2.2-1 Execute the Supplier Agreement Sub practice 3: Sub practice 4: (SAM) SP3.2-1: Perform Reviews; (SAM)	6.3 a. How do you ensure that your performance requirements are met? How do you provide timely and actionable feedback to suppliers and/or partners? Include the key performance measures and/or indicators and any targets you use for supplier and/or partner assessment. 7.4 a. What are your current levels and trends in key measures and/or indicators of supplier and partner performance?

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
		Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	PA 12 Contract Management PA 08 System Test and Evaluation	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) **Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 7. 4 Supplier and Partner Results
BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity	BP 12.03 Main- tain Contract Integrity		SP 2.4-3-2b Requirements changes are renegotiated with the supplier and the changes documented.	SP2.2-1 Execute the Supplier Agreement: Sub practice 8: (SAM)	
BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products	BP 12.04 Monitor Contractor's Support Processes	4.1 General requirements 7.4.3 Verification of purchased product	SP 2.4-4-2b The supplier's quality and configuration control activities are monitored.	SP2.2-1 Execute the Supplier Agreement: Sub practice 2: (SAM) SP3.1-1: Monitor and evaluate supplier performance, sub practice 2: (SSM) SP2.1-1 Appraise the Supplier's Engineering Process: (ISM) SP 2.2-1 Appraise the Outputs of the Supplier's Engineering Process (ISM)	6.3 (6) How do you improve your supplier and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? How are improvements shared throughout your organization, as appropriate? 7.4 What are your current levels and trends in key measures and/or indicators of supplier and partner performance? Include your performance and/or cost improvements resulting from supplier and partner performance and performance management.

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
		Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	PA 12 Contract Management PA 08 System Test and Evaluation	7.4 Purchasing	2.4 Coordinate with Suppliers	Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) **Supplier Selection and Monitoring (SSM) **Integrated Supplier Management (ISM) **Quantitative Supplier Management (QSM)	6.3 Supplier and Partnering Processes 7. 4 Supplier and Partner Results
BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative Environment.	BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative Environment		SP 2.4-4-4b There is a mechanism for establishing and nurturing long term relationships with preferred suppliers.	SG 2 Satisfy Supplier Agreements (SAM) SP 2.2-1: Execute the Supplier Agreement; Sub practice 6: (SAM) SP 3.1-1 Encourage Customer Participation (ISM) SP3.2-1: Foster a Cooperative and Productive Environment: (ISM)	6.3 a. (5) How do you provide assistance and/or incentives to suppliers and/or partners to help them improve their overall performance and to improve their abilities to contribute to your current and longer-term performance? (6) How are improvements shared throughout your organization, as appropriate?
BP 12.06 Analyze and Direct Agree- ment Activities	New			SP 2.1-1sub practice4:(ISM) SP 2.3-1 Adjust Acquisition Approach (ISM)	
BP12.07 Administer Supplier Agreement	New				6.3 a. (4) How do you minimize overall costs associated with inspections, tests, and process and/or performance audits?
BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service Acceptance	New	7.4.3Verificatio n of purchased product	SP 2.4-4-2c Acceptance testing is conducted as part of the delivery of the supplier's products.		

Table PA 12: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Supplier Agreement Management Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	process type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 12 Supplier	CUS.1 Acquisition (basic)	5.1 Acquisition	5.1.1 Acquisition	SA-CMM v1.02
Agreement	CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation	6.3 Quality Assurance	5.1.2 Supply (to negotiate	Contract Tracking and
Management	(component)	5.2 Supply – contract activity	agreement)	Oversight
	CUS.1.3 Supplier monitoring			Contract Performance
	(component)			
	CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance process			
	CUS.2 Supply – establish contract			
Goals				
1. The documented				Contract Tracking and
agreement is kept				Oversight - Goal 3: The
consistent with the				contract, and any changes,
acquirer's				adhere to relevant laws,
requirements and				policies, regulations, and
relevant laws,				other planned guidance and
policies, regulations,				implements project software
and other applicable				acquisition requirements.
guidance.				C · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. Supplier				Contract Tracking and Oversight - Goal 1: project
performance,				team has sufficient insight
processes, products and services are				into the contractor's software
reviewed and				engineering effort to ensure
monitored to				the effort is managed and
identify problems				controlled and complies with
and to ensure that				contract requirements.
products and				Contract Performance – Goal
services conform to				1: The quality of contractor
requirements.				team process, performance,
_				products, and services is
				appraised throughout the
				contract's period of
				performance to identify risks
				and take appropriate action to

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	process type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	GA CORT 100
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	CUS.1 Acquisition (basic) CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (component) CUS.1.3 Supplier monitoring (component) CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance process CUS.2 Supply – establish contract	5.1 Acquisition 6.3 Quality Assurance 5.2 Supply – contract activity	5.1.1 Acquisition 5.1.2 Supply (to negotiate agreement)	SA-CMM v1.02 Contract Tracking and Oversight Contract Performance
				mitigate those risks as early as possible.
3. Measurements are used to track the supplier's performance.				
4. Communications between the acquirer and the supplier are established and maintained to foster a cooperative and productive agreement environment.				Contract Tracking and Oversight - Goal 2: The project team and contractor team maintain ongoing communication and commitments are agreed by both parties. Contract Performance – Goal 2: Contract performance management activities intended to foster a cooperative and productive environment among the end user, project team, and the contractor team are implemented.
5. Acceptance of deliverable products or services is based on the supplier meeting the terms and conditions	CUS.1.4			

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	process type) CUS.1 Acquisition (basic) CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (component) CUS.1.3 Supplier monitoring (component) CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance process CUS.2 Supply – establish contract	5.1 Acquisition 6.3 Quality Assurance 5.2 Supply – contract activity	System Life Cycle Processes 5.1.1 Acquisition 5.1.2 Supply (to negotiate agreement)	SA-CMM v1.02 Contract Tracking and Oversight Contract Performance
described in the agreement.				
Practices				
BP 12.01 Use Planning documents:		5.2.5.4		Contract Tracking and Oversight - Activity 1: The project team performs its activities in accordance with its documented contract tracking and oversight plans. Contract Tracking and Oversight - Activity 2: the project team reviews required contractor software planning documents which, when satisfactory, are used to oversee the contractor team's software engineering effort. Contract Performance – Activity 1: The project team performs its activities in accordance with its documented contract performance management plans.
BP 12.02 Review and Monitor Agreement Performance	CUS.1.3 BP2: Review development with supplier.	5.1.4 Supplier Monitoring, 5.1.4.1 5.1.4.2 6.3.2.1	5.1.1.3 3) 6)	Contract Tracking and Oversight - Activity 3: The project team conducts periodic reviews and

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	CUS.1 Acquisition (basic) CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (component) CUS.1.3 Supplier monitoring (component) CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance process CUS.2 Supply – establish contract	5.1 Acquisition 6.3 Quality Assurance 5.2 Supply – contract activity	5.1.1 Acquisition 5.1.2 Supply (to negotiate agreement)	SA-CMM v1.02 Contract Tracking and Oversight Contract Performance
				interchanges with the contractor team. Contract Performance - Activity 4: Measurements from appraisals are used to evaluate the contractor team's performance and trends analyzed. Activity 6: The end user periodically participates in the evaluation of evolving software products and services to determine the satisfaction of operational requirements.
BP 12.03 Maintain Supplier Agreement Integrity		5.1.3.5 5.2.3.2		Contract Performance - Activity 5: As understanding of the contractor team's software engineering process, products, and services improves, the project team may propose changes to the software acquisition approach to mitigate risks.
BP 12.04 Monitor Supplier's Plans, Processes, Activities and Products	CUS.1.3.BP4: Monitor supplier.	6.3.1.5		Contract Performance - Activity 2: The contractor team's software engineering process is appraised

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 12 Supplier Agreement Management	CUS.1 Acquisition (basic) CUS.1.1 Acquisition preparation (component) CUS.1.3 Supplier monitoring (component) CUS.1.4 Customer acceptance process CUS.2 Supply – establish contract	5.1 Acquisition 6.3 Quality Assurance 5.2 Supply – contract activity	5.1.1 Acquisition 5.1.2 Supply (to negotiate agreement)	SA-CMM v1.02 Contract Tracking and Oversight Contract Performance
				according to the project's defined software acquisition process.
BP 12.05 Foster Cooperative and Collaborative Environment.	CUS.1.3.BP1: Provide supplier feedback.	5.2.6.1 5.2.6.5		Contract Performance - Activity 7: Contract performance management activities are performed to foster a cooperative and productive environment among the end user, project team, and the contractor team.
BP 12.06 Analyze and Direct Agreement Activities		6.3.3.5	5.1.1.3 6)	
BP12.07 Administer Supplier Agreement	CUS.1.BP3: Monitor the acquisition. CUS.1.3.BP3: Monitor the acquisition. CUS.1.3.BP4: Monitor supplier.	6.3.3.1 6.3.3.2 6.3.3.3 6.3.3.4		
BP 12.08 Determine Product or Service Acceptance	CUS.1.4.BP1: Evaluate the delivered product. CUS.1.4.BP2: Accept the delivered product.	5.1.5 5.1.5.1 5.1.5.3 5.2.6.4 6.3.2.2 6.3.2.3	5.1.1.3 7)	

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table PA 13: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Risk Management Practices - Part 1 \\ \end{tabular}$

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process		ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 13 Risk Management	PA13 Risk Management	8.5.3 Preventive Action	2.5 Manage Risk	Risk Management (RM) Project Planning (PP)	6.2 Support processes 1.2 Organization Responsibility and Citizenship
Goals					
and used that includes the	1. Risk Management is an integral part of project management and engineering activities.		2.5-1 Risk Management Plan 2.5-5 Development of a Risk Mitigation Strategy	SG 1 Prepare for Risk Management (RM)	
	2. Risks are identified and assessed for their likelihood and impact.		2.5-2 Identification of Performance, Cost, and Schedule Risks 2.5-3 Risk Quantification Risk Analysis	SG 2 Identify and Analyze Risks (RM)	
3. Risk mitigation is performed when analysis indicates action.	3. Risk mitigation is performed when analysis indicates action.			SG 3 Mitigate Risks (RM)	
4. Risk mitigation actions are monitored to determine their effectiveness and corrective action is taken as needed.			2.5-7 Monitoring of Risk Mitigation Action 2.5-8 Communication and Coordination of Risk Status and Risk Mitigation Efforts Across Affected Groups		
Practices					
	BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach:	8.5.3 Preventive action a) b) c) d)	SP 2.5-8-2b Integrate risk management both vertically and horizontally across the program. SP 2.5-1-3 Implement risk management for	SP 1.3-1 Establish and maintain the strategy and methods to be used for risk management. (RM) SP 1.2-1 Define the	Include your key practices, measures, and targets for regulatory and legal requirements and for risks associated with

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process		ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 13 Risk Management	PA13 Risk Management	8.5.3 Preventive Action	2.5 Manage Risk	Risk Management (RM) Project Planning (PP)	6.2 Support processes 1.2 Organization Responsibility and Citizenship
		e)	key processes within the program: design, test, manufacturing, etc.	parameters used to analyze and classify risks, and the parameters used to control the risk management effort. (RM)	your products, services, and operations. An integral part of performance management and improvement is proactively addressing legal and regulatory requirements and risk factors. Addressing these areas requires establishing appropriate measures and/or indicators that senior leaders track in their overall performance review.
BP 13.02 Identify Risks	BP 13.02 Identify Risks	8.5.3 Preventive action a)	SP 2.5-2-1 – c1 Identify performance risks. SP 2.5-2-2 – c2 Identify cost and schedule risks. SP 2.5-2-3 Review all elements of the work breakdown structure as part of the risk identification process in order to help ensure that all program aspects have been considered.	SP 1.1-1 Determine Risk Sources and Categories. (RM) SP 2.1-1 Identify and document the risks. (RM) SP 2.2-1 Identify Project Risks. (PP)	
BP 13.03 Assess Risks	BP 13.03 Assess Risks	8.5.3 Preventive action b)	SP 2.5-3-1 Assess risks qualitatively. SP 2.5-3-2 Assess each risk and determine the probability of occurrence and quantified consequence of impact for the program. SP 2.5-4-3b For each risk, establish cause	SP 2.2-1 Evaluate and classify each identified risk using the defined risk categories and parameters, and determine its relative	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 13 Risk	PA13 Risk	8.5.3 Preventive	2.5 Manage Risk	Risk Management (RM)	6.2 Support processes
Management	Management	Action		Project Planning (PP)	1.2 Organization Responsibility and Citizenship
RP 13 04 Dayalon Pick		8.5.3 Preventive	and effect relationships. SP 2.5-4-3c Analyze each risk for potential coupling to all other identified risks. SP 2.5-4-4 Use collected metrics regarding identified risks and examine them in light of previous risk analyses, and when established thresholds are exceeded, initiate corrective action. SP 2.5-5-2 Categorize risks into those that can be avoided, controlled, or accepted. SP 2.5-5-3a Document risk reduction	priority. (RM)	
BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans		action c)	SP 2.5-3-a Document risk reduction profiles and review them for appropriateness. SP 2.5-4-3d Develop alternative courses of action, work-arounds, and fall-back positions with a recommended course of action for each risk. SP 1.2-1-3 Use validated models, simulations, and prototyping to reduce cost and risk of system development. (in Risk Mgmt)	SP 3.1-1 Develop a risk mitigation plan for the most important risks to the project, as defined by the risk management strategy. (RM)	
BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk Mitigation Plans	BP 13.05 Execute Risk Mitigation Plans	8.5.3 Preventive action c) d) e)	SP 2.5-6-2 Implement the risk mitigation strategy for the program. SP 2.5-6-3 Document risk analysis results and mitigation plans. SP 2.5-7-3a Monitor and re-evaluate risks at appropriate milestones. SP 2.5-7-4 During risk monitoring, identify and analyze new risks and take corrective action.	SP 3.2-1 Monitor the status of each risk periodically and implement the risk mitigation plan as appropriate. (RM)	

Table PA 13: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Risk Management Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 13 Risk Management	MAN.4 Risk management (new)	-	5.3.5 Risk Management	
Goals				
1. A risk management strategy is established and used that includes the plans, methods and parameters for management of risk.	 - the scope of the risk management to be performed for the project will be determined; - appropriate risk management strategies will be defined and implemented; 			
2. Risks are identified and assessed for their likelihood and consequence.	- risks to the project will be identified in the project strategy, and as they develop during the conduct of the project; - the risks will be analyzed and the priority in which to apply resources to monitor these risks will be determined;		5.3.5.2 1) 2)	
3. Risk mitigation is performed when analysis indicates action.	- appropriate action will be taken to correct or avoid the impact of risk.		5.3.5.2 3) 4)	
4. Risk mitigation actions are monitored to determine their effectiveness and corrective action is taken as needed.	- risk metrics will be defined, applied, and assessed to determine the change in the risk state and the progress of the monitoring activities;			
Practices				
BP 13.01 Develop Risk Management Approach	MAN.4.BP1 : Establish risk management scope.	G.10 Management process k)	5.3.5.3 Risk Management Activities 1. 2.	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 13 Risk Management	MAN.4 Risk management (new)	-	5.3.5 Risk Management	
BP 13.02 Identify Risks	MAN.4.BP2 : Identify risks. CUS.4.1.BP1 : Identify operational risks.	5.1.1.8 f. Appendix G.10 Management process l)	5.3.5.3 Risk Management Activities 3.	
BP 13.03 Assess Risks	MAN.4.BP3 : Analyze and prioritize risks.	7.1.2.1 f) G.10 Management process m)	5.3.5.3 Risk ManagementActivities4.5.	
BP 13.04 Develop Risk Mitigation Plans.	MAN.4.BP4 : Define risk management strategies.	5.1.1.8 f. Appendix G.10 Management process n)	5.3.5.3 Risk Management Activities 6.	
BP 13.05 Implement and Monitor Risk Mitigation Plans	MAN.4.BP5 : Define risk metrics. MAN.4.BP6 : Implement risk management strategies. MAN.4.BP7 : Assess results of risk management strategies. MAN.4.BP8 : Take corrective action.	G.10 Management process o)	5.3.5.3 Risk ManagementActivities7.	
Other				
GP 2.15 Coordinate With Participants and Stakeholders, applied to the Risk Management process area.				SA-CMM Activity 4 The project team encourages and rewards project-wide participation in the identification and mitigation of risks. (except "reword")

Table PA 14: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Integrated Teaming Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 14 Integrated Teaming	PA 14 Coordination	7.3.1 Design and development planning	2.3 Integrate Disciplines	Integrated Teaming (IT) Integrated Project Management (IPM) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	5.1 Work Systems 1.1 Organizational Leadership
Goals					
1. Integrated teams composed of appropriate disciplines and stakeholders are established and maintained	1. The project goals, processes and interfaces between the disciplines necessary to the system life cycle are coordinated.			SG 1 Establish Team Composition (IT) SG 4 Organize Integrated Teams (IPM)	
2. Team processes and methods are established and maintained for effective coordination, collaboration, communication, conflict resolution and decision-making	2. Methods are established and maintained for interdisciplinary communication, coordination, and conflict resolution.			SG 2 Govern Team Operation (IT) SG 2 Coordinate and Collaborate with Relevant Stakeholders (IPM)	
Practices					
BP 14.01 Develop and Communicate Team Goals	BP 14.06 Develop and Communicate Project Goals			SP 2.1-1 Establish a Shared Vision (IT) SP 2.2-1 Establish a Team Charter (IT)	
BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated Teams	BP 14.01 Involve Disciplines		SP 2.3-1-1 Involve all essential disciplines, including both traditional and specialty engineering, in the system development process in a timely manner.	SP 1.1-1 Identify Team Tasks (IT)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	9001:2000 Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 14 Integrated Teaming	PA 14 Coordination	7.3.1 Design and development planning	2.3 Integrate Disciplines	Integrated Teaming (IT) Integrated Project Management (IPM) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	5.1 Work Systems 1.1 Organizational Leadership
			SP 2.3-1-2 Adjust the mix of disciplines involved in each phase of system development as appropriate to the work being done. SP 2.3-1-3a Involve personnel from affected groups in planning and other systems engineering activities (i.e., developing, reviewing, allocating, and approving requirements) that affect them. SP 2.3-1-3b Allow systems engineering personnel to review and agree to designs, plans, and work products produced by other engineering disciplines or that affect multiple disciplines. SP 2.3-2-1 Proactively emphasize the importance of intergroup coordination.	SP 2.3-1 Define Roles and Responsibilities (IT) SP 1.2-1 Identify Needed Knowledge and Skills (IT) SP 1.3-1 Assign Appropriate Team Members (IT) SP 4.3-1 Establish Integrated Teams (IPM)	
BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative Workplace	BP 14.02 Promote Cross-Discipline Understanding		SP 2.3-2-1 Proactively emphasize the importance of intergroup coordination.	SP 2.5-1 Collaborate among Interfacing Teams (IT) SP 2.3-1 Establish Mechanisms to Balance Team and Home Organization Responsibilities (OEI)	5.1a-1 Design, organize, manage work and jobs to promote cooperation, collaboration, initiative, innovation, flexibility and keep current with business needs 1.1a-2 Build and empower teams An environment for empowerment is

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 14 Integrated Teaming	PA 14 Coordination	7.3.1 Design and development planning	2.3 Integrate Disciplines	Integrated Teaming (IT) Integrated Project Management (IPM) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	5.1 Work Systems 1.1 Organizational Leadership
					established and reinforced
BP 14.04 Establish Coordination and Communication Methods	BP 14.03 Establish Coordination Methods	7.3.1 Design and development planning (interfaces and commun- ication between groups)	SP 2.3-2-2b Establish tools, methods, facilities (e.g., team rooms), and an information infrastructure that eases and supports interdisciplinary coordination. SP 2.3-2-3a Provide means for individuals and groups to acquire skills that facilitate interdisciplinary cooperation, such as communication skills, group problem solving, and active listening. SP 2.3-2-3b Plan for and provide regular exchanges of technical information and issue identification and resolution among all stakeholders, including customers. SP 2.3-2-3c Establish a mechanism to ensure compliance with commitments made among groups. SP 2.3-2-4 Espouse and model appropriate communication skills and interdepartmental cooperation on the part of upper management.	SP 2.4-1 Establish Operating Procedures (IT)	
BP 14.05 Establish	BP 14.04 Establish		SP 2.3-3-1 Establish and use a process or	SP 2.4-1 Establish Operating	
Resolution Methods	Resolution Methods		method for identifying and resolving interdisciplinary issues. SP 2.3-3-2 Communicate interdisciplinary issues and activities to affected groups, including program/project management and customer, supplier, and associate stakeholders. SP 2.3-3-3 Establish a process for escalating	Procedures (IT)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 14 Integrated Teaming	PA 14 Coordination	7.3.1 Design and development planning	2.3 Integrate Disciplines	Integrated Teaming (IT) Integrated Project Management (IPM) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	5.1 Work Systems 1.1 Organizational Leadership
			and arbitrating technical differences, including a mechanism for authoritative resolution of conflicts.		
BP 14.06 Communicate Integrated Team Activity Results	BP 14.05 Communicate Interdisciplinary Activity Results		SP 2.3-2-2a Capture and communicate intergroup coordination activities and the results of those activities.		

Table PA 14: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Integrated Teaming Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 14 Integrated Teaming	ORG.3 Human resource management (ext) ORG.1 Organizational alignment (new) MAN.2 Project management (new)	-	5.2.4 Resource Management Process	
Goals				
1. Integrated teams composed of appropriate disciplines and stakeholders are established and maintained				
2. Team processes and methods are established and maintained for effective coordination, collaboration, communication, conflict resolution and decision-making				
Practices				
BP 14.01 Develop and Communicate Team Goals	ORG.3.BP10 : Empower project teams.			
BP 14.02 Establish and Maintain Integrated Teams	ORG.3.BP9: Define project teams. ORG.1.BP4: Build and empower teams.			

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 14 Integrated Teaming	ORG.3 Human resource management (ext) ORG.1 Organizational alignment (new) MAN.2 Project management (new)	-	5.2.4 Resource Management Process	
BP 14.03 Establish and Maintain a Collaborative Workplace	ORG.3.BP11 : Maintain project team interactions. MAN.2.BP9 : Identify interfaces.		5.2.4.3-10	
BP 14.04 Establish Coordination and Communication Methods	ORG.3.BP9: Define project teams. ORG.3.BP10: Empower project teams. ORG.1.BP4: Build and empower teams.			
BP 14.05 Establish Resolution Methods	ORG.3.BP9 : Define project teams.			
BP 14.06 Communicate Integrated Team Activity Results				

Table PA 15: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Quality Assurance and Management Practices – Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management	PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management PA 19 Prevention	4.1 General requirements 7.5 Production and service provision 8. Measurement, analysis and improvement	2.8 Ensure Quality 3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Process and Product Quality Assurance (PPQA) Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	6.2 Support Processes
Goals					
1. Adherence of work products, services, and activities to applicable standards, procedures, and requirements is verified objectively.	1. Adherence of work products and activities to the applicable standards, procedures, and requirements is verified objectively. (PA 15)		2.8-2 Quality Process 2.8-3 Tools and Techniques	SG 1. Objectively Evaluate Processes and Work Products. (PPQA)	6.2 (4) How does your day-to-day operation of key support processes ensure meeting key performance requirements? How do you determine and use key performance measures and/or customer feedback in your support processes?
2. Noncompliance issues are tracked and those that cannot be resolved at the project level are addressed by senior management.	2. Noncompliance issues that cannot be resolved within the software project are addressed by senior management (PA 15)			SG 2. Provide Objective Insight (PPQA)	
3. Affected groups and individuals are informed of quality assurance activities, and results.	3. Affected groups and individuals are informed of quality assurance activities, results (PA15)				
4. Causes of defects are sought out,	PA 19 1. Common causes of		Theme: 2.8-3 Tools and Techniques	SG 1 Determine Causes of Defects (CAR	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management	PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management PA 19 Prevention	4.1 General requirements 7.5 Production and service provision 8. Measurement, analysis and improvement	2.8 Ensure Quality 3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Process and Product Quality Assurance (PPQA) Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	6.2 Support Processes
identified, prioritized, corrected, and methods of elimination are evaluated.	defects are sought out and identified. 2. Common causes of defects are prioritized and systematically eliminated.			SG 2 Address Causes of Defects (CAR)	
5. Quality improvement opportunities are initiated with the appropriate stakeholders.	PA 15 3 and quality improvement opportunities.				6.2 (5) How do you improve your support processes to achieve better performance and to keep them current with organization needs and directions, as appropriate? How are improvements shared with other organizational units and processes, as appropriate?
Practices					
BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System		4. Quality Management system 4.1 General requirements 4.2.1 General 4.2.2 Quality manual 5.4 Planning 5.4.1 Quality objectives		SP 1.1-1 Determine Quantitative Objectives (QSM)	6.2 (4) How does your day-to-day operation of key support processes ensure meeting key performance requirement How do you determine and use key performance measures and/or customer feedback in

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management	PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management PA 19 Prevention	4.1 General requirements 7.5 Production and service provision 8. Measurement, analysis and improvement	2.8 Ensure Quality 3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Process and Product Quality Assurance (PPQA) Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	6.2 Support Processes
		5.4.2 Quality management system planning 7.1 Planning of product realization			your support processes?
BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance	BP 15.01 Monitor Process Compliance BP 15.02 Evaluate Product and Process	7.5.2 Validation of processes for production and service provision 8.1 General 8.2.2 Internal audit 8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes		SP 1.1-1 Objectively Evaluate Processes (PPQA)	6.2 (4) How does your day-to-day operation of key support processes ensure meeting key performance requirements? How do you determine and use key performance measures and/or customer feedback in your support processes?
BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality	BP 15.02 Evaluate Product and Process	8.2.2 Internal audit 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product	SP 2.8-2-1 Evaluate work products and system elements against requirements. SP 2.8-2-3a Evaluate processes for adherence to standards and policies throughout the system life cycle. SP 2.8-2-3b Perform in-progress or incremental evaluations of work products and system elements against requirements.	SP 1.2-1 Objectively Evaluate Work Products and Services (PPQA)	
BP 15.04 Record and Report Results	BP 15.04 Record and Report Results	4.2.4 Control of records		SP 2.2-1 Establish Records (CAR)	6.2 (5) How do you improve your support

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
		Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area (**CMMI-A)	Category/item
PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management	PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management PA 19 Prevention	4.1 General requirements 7.5 Production and service provision 8. Measurement, analysis and improvement	2.8 Ensure Quality 3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Process and Product Quality Assurance (PPQA) Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	6.2 Support Processes
				SP 2.2-1 Communicate and Ensure Resolution of Noncompliance Issues (PPQA)	processes to achieve better performance and to keep them current with organization needs and directions, as appropriate? How are improvements shared with other organizational units and processes, as appropriate?
BP 15.05 Analyze Quality	BP 15.03 Detect Need for Corrective Actions BP 15.05 Analyze Quality BP 19.01 Conduct Causal Analysis Meetings	8.1 General 8.4 (b-d) Analysis of data 8.5.2 b) 8.5.2 c) 8.5.3 a)	SP 2.8-2-2 Establish a process to detect the need for corrective actions to products and processes. SP 2.8-2-4 Feed back lessons learned into processes for robustness of future designs. SP 3.1-5-3b Review root causes of errors or problems to determine whether changes to the systems engineering process are required to prevent future occurrences. SP 2.8-3-1 Use quality improvement tools in a disciplined manner to reduce defects and improve productivity.	SP 1.1-1 Select Defect Data for Analysis (CAR) SP 1.2-1 Analyze Causes (CAR) SP 2.1-1 Implement the Action Proposals (CAR) SP 2.1-1 Compare Results Against Quantitative Objectives (QSM) SP 2.2-1 Apply Quantitative Measurements (QSM) SP 2.3-1 Identify Special Causes of Variance (QSM)	6.2 (4) How does your day-to-day operation of key support processes ensure meeting key performance requirements? How do you determine and use key performance measures and/or customer feedback in your support processes?
BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement	BP 15.06 Initiate Quality Improvement Opportunities	8.5.2 d) 8.5.3 c)	SP 2.8-2-4 Feed back lessons learned into processes for robustness of future designs.	SP 2.2-1 Record Data (PPQA) SP 2.1-1 Implement the	6.2 (5) How do you improve your support processes to achieve

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area (**CMMI-A)	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management	PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management PA 19 Prevention	4.1 General requirements 7.5 Production and service provision 8. Measurement, analysis and improvement	2.8 Ensure Quality 3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Process and Product Quality Assurance (PPQA) Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR) Quantitative Supplier Management (**QSM)	6.2 Support Processes
	BP 19.02 Coordinate Action Proposals BP 19.04 Revise Processes for Defect Prevention		SP 2.8-1-2b Create an environment that encourages employee participation in identifying, reporting, and solving quality issues. SP 2.8-3-2 Provide readily available, just-in-time training on the use of advanced quality improvement tools.	Action Proposals (CAR) SP 2.4-1 Take Corrective Action (CAR)	better performance and to keep them current with organization needs and directions, as appropriate? How are improvements shared with other organizational units and processes, as appropriate?
BP 15.07 Evaluate the Effect of Changes	BP 19.03 Document and Track Prevention Data	8.5.2 d) f) 8.5.3 d) e)		SP 2.2-1 Evaluate the Effect of Changes (CAR)	

Table PA 15: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Quality Assurance and Management Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 15 Quality	SUP.3 Quality assurance (basic)	6.3 Quality Assurance	5.2.3 System Life Cycle	
Assurance &	MAN.3 Quality management (new)	6. 7Audit	Processes Management	
Management	SUP.7 Audit (basic) SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic)	6.8 Problem resolution		
	ORG.2 Improvement process (basic)			
	ORG.5 Measurement (new)			
Goals				1
1. Adherence of		6.3 Quality assurance process		
work products,		6.7 Audit process.		
services, and				
activities to				
applicable				
standards,				
procedures, and				
requirements is				
verified objectively.				
2. Noncompliance				
issues are tracked				
and those that				
cannot be resolved				
at the project level				
are addressed by				
senior management.				
3. Affected groups				
and individuals are				
informed of quality				
assurance activities,				
and results.				
4. Causes of defects		6.8 Problem resolution process		
are sought out,				
identified, priori-				
tized, corrected, and				
methods of				

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 15 Quality Assurance & Management	SUP.3 Quality assurance (basic) MAN.3 Quality management (new) SUP.7 Audit (basic) SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic) ORG.2 Improvement process (basic) ORG.5 Measurement (new)	6.3 Quality Assurance6. 7Audit6.8 Problem resolution	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management	
elimination are evaluated.				
5. Quality improvement opportunities are initiated with the appropriate stakeholders.		6.8 Problem resolution process		
Practices				
BP 15.01 Establish a Quality Management System	SUP.3.BP1 : Develop quality assurance strategy. SUP.3.BP2 : Establish quality standards. SUP.3.BP3 : Define quality records. SUP.7.BP1 : Develop and implement audit strategy. MAN.3.BP1 : Establish quality goals. MAN.3.BP2 : Define overall strategy.	6.3.1.1 6.3.1.3 6.3.4.1 6.7.1.1 6.3.1.2		
BP 15.02 Monitor Process Compliance	SUP.3.BP4 : Assure quality of process activities. SUP.7.BP3 : Audit software development activities. SUP.7.BP4 : Audit management activities. SUP.7.BP5 : Audit process performance.	6.7.1.2 6.7.2.1 6.3.1.6 6.3.2.1 6.3.2.2 6.3.3.1 6.3.3.2 6.3.3.4	5.2.3.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management Process Activities 5	
BP 15.03 Monitor Product and Service Quality	SUP.3.BP5: Assure quality of work products. SUP.7.BP6: Audit final products and system. ORG.5.BP4: Measure the quality of work products.	6.7.1.2 6.7.2.1 6.3.3.5		

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 15 Quality	SUP.3 Quality assurance (basic)	6.3 Quality Assurance	5.2.3 System Life Cycle	
Assurance &	MAN.3 Quality management (new)	6. 7Audit	Processes Management	
Management	SUP.7 Audit (basic)	6.8 Problem resolution		
	SUP.8 Problem resolution (basic)			
	ORG.2 Improvement process (basic)			
	ORG.5 Measurement (new)			
BP 15.04 Record	SUP.3.BP6: Report quality results.	6.7.1.5	5.2.3.3 System Life Cycle	
and Report Results	SUP.3.BP7 : Handle deviations.	6.7.1.6	Processes Management Process	
		6.7.1.7	Activities	
		6.8.1.1 a)	5	
		6.8.2.1		
		5.4.5.3		
		6.3.1.4		
		6.3.1.5		
BP 15.05 Analyze	SUP.7.BP5 : Audit process performance.	6.8.1.1	5.2.3.3 System Life Cycle	
Quality	SUP.7.BP7 : Identify corrective actions from	5.4.5.3.	Processes Management Process	
	the audit report.		Activities	
	SUP.8.BP2 : Prioritize problems.		5	
	SUP.8.BP6: Analyze problem trends.			
	MAN.3.BP5 : Assess quality.			
BP 15.06 Initiate	ORG.2.3.BP1 : Identify improvement	6.8.1.1 a)	5.2.3.3 System Life Cycle	
Quality	opportunities.		Processes Management Process	
Improvement	SUP.7.BP8 : Track actions for audit report.		Activities	
	SUP.8.BP3 : Determine actions for problems.		6	
	SUP.8.BP4 : Track actions for problems.			
	SUP.8.BP5: Review and distribute solutions.			
	MAN.3.BP6 : Take corrective action.			
BP 15.07 Evaluate		6.8.1.1 a) d)		
the Effect of				
Changes				

Table PA 16: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Configuration Management Practices – Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 16 Configuration Management	PA 16 Configuration Management	7.5.3 Identification and traceability 4.2.3 Control of documents 4.2.4 Control of records	2.7 Manage Configurations	Configuration Management (CM)	6.2 Support Processes
Goals					
1. Configuration items that are to be managed are identified.	1. Configuration items that constitute baselines are identified.		2.7-1. Identification	SG 1. Establish Baselines	
2. Configuration items are controlled and managed throughout the life cycle.	2. Configuration items are controlled to support the disciplined evolution of the product baseline.		2.7-2. Change Control	SG 2. Track and Control Changes	
3. Status of configuration items is recorded and reported to all stakeholders.	3. Configuration status is communicated to affected groups.		2.7-3. Status Accounting		
4. The integrity of baselines and work products is assured.	4. Configuration baselines are audited to verify the product baseline integrity.		2.7-4. Audit	SG 3. Establish Integrity	
Practices					
BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration Management Strategy	BP 16.01 Establish Configuration Management Methodology	4.2.3 Control of Documents	2.7-1 Baselines may also be established at different times internally and with a customer etc. SP 2.7-1-2a Identify, baseline, and control work products from all Focus	SP 1.2-1. Establish a Configuration Management System SP 1.2-1 Sub-practice 1:	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 16 Configuration Management	PA 16 Configuration Management	7.5.3 Identification and traceability 4.2.3 Control of documents 4.2.4 Control of records	2.7 Manage Configurations	Configuration Management (CM)	6.2 Support Processes
			Areas that are critical enough to require configuration management. SP 2.7-2-3 Changes are evaluated for their impact beyond the immediate program or contract requirements.		
BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration Items and Interim Work Products	BP 16.02 Identify Configuration Units/Items	4.2.3 Control of Documents 7.5.3 Identification and traceability 7.5.4 Customer property	SP 2.7-1-1 Identify, baseline, and control work products that define the product. SP 2.7-1-2a Identify, baseline, and control work products from all Focus Areas that are critical enough to require configuration management.	SP 1.1-1.Identify Configuration Items	
BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product Baselines	BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product Baselines	4.2.3 Control of Documents 4.2.4 Control of records	SP 2.7-1-1 Identify, baseline, and control work products that define the product. 2.7-1 Baselines may also be established at different times internally and with a customer etc. SP 2.7-1-2b Maintain a repository of work product baselines. SP 2.7-1-2c Maintain the capability to store, manage, retrieve, and distinguish multiple versions of product elements and work products. SP 2.7-1-3 Formally control release of products created from the baseline library. SP 2.7-2-1 Changes to established baselines are recorded, reviewed,	SP 1.3-1. Create or Release Baselines SP 3.1-1 Subpractice 5:	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 16 Configuration Management	PA 16 Configuration Management	7.5.3 Identification and traceability 4.2.3 Control of documents 4.2.4 Control of records	2.7 Manage Configurations	Configuration Management (CM)	6.2 Support Processes
			approved, controlled, and verified as incorporated.		
BP 16.04 Control Changes	BP 16.04 Control and Track Changes	4.2.3 Control of Documents	SP 2.7-1-1 Identify, baseline, and control work products that define the product. SP 2.7-1-2a Identify, baseline, and control work products from all Focus Areas that are critical enough to require configuration management. SP 2.7-1-3 Formally control release of products created from the baseline library. SP 2.7-2-1 Changes to established baselines are recorded, reviewed, approved, controlled, and verified as incorporated. SP 2.7-2-2 Changes are evaluated through a process that ensures they are consistent with all the technical and program requirements. SP 2.7-2-3 Changes are evaluated for their impact beyond the immediate program or contract requirements.	SP 1.3-1. Create or Release Baselines SP 2.1-1.Track Changes SP 2.2-1.Control Changes	
BP 16.05 Record	BP 16.05	4.2.3 Control of	SP 2.7-3-1 Status of configuration	SP 2.1-1.Track Changes	
and Report	Communicate	Documents	data, changes, and access information	SP 3.1-1 Establish	
Configuration Status	Configuration Status	7.3.7 Control of design and development changes 7.5.3 Identification	is recorded, tracked, and communicated to affected groups. SP 2.7-2-1 Changes to established baselines are recorded, reviewed,	Configuration Management Records SP 3.1-1 Sub 1: SP 3.1-1 Sub 2:	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 16 Configuration Management	PA 16 Configuration Management	7.5.3 Identification and traceability 4.2.3 Control of documents 4.2.4 Control of records	2.7 Manage Configurations	Configuration Management (CM)	6.2 Support Processes
		and traceability 7.5.4 Customer property	approved, controlled, and verified as incorporated.	SP 3.1-1 Sub 3: SP 3.1-1 Sub 4: SP 3.1-1 Sub 5: SP 3.1-1 Sub 6:	
BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections	BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits		SP 2.7-4-1 Periodically audit configuration management activities and processes to confirm that the resulting baselines and documentation are accurate and record audit results. SP 2.7-2-1 Changes to established baselines are recorded, reviewed, approved, controlled, and verified as incorporated. SP 2.7-2-2 Changes are evaluated through a process that ensures they are consistent with all the technical and program requirements.	SP 3.1-1 Sub 6: SP 3.2-1.Perform Configuration Audits	

 Table PA 16: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Configuration Management Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	process type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 16 Configuration Management	SUP.2 Configuration management (basic)	6.2 Configuration Management6.1 Documentation6.3 Quality Assurance5.5 Maintenance	5.3.6 Configuration Management	
Goals				
1. Configuration items that are to be managed are identified.			5.3.6.2 1)	
2. Configuration items are controlled and managed throughout the life cycle.		6.2.2	5.3.6.2 2) 3)	
3. Status of configuration items is recorded and reported to all stakeholders.			5.3.6.2 4)	
4. The integrity of baselines and work products is assured.				
Practices				
BP 16.01 Establish a Configuration Management Strategy	SUP.2.BP1. Develop configuration management strategy. SUP.2.BP2. Establish configuration management system.	6.2.1.1	5.3.6.3. Configuration ManagementProcess Activities1.4.	
BP 16.02 Identify and Baseline Configuration Items and Interim Work Products	SUP.2.BP3 Identify configuration items. SUP.2.BP4 Maintain configuration item description.		5.3.6.3. Configuration Management Process Activities 2.	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other Sources
Process Area	process type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	
PA 16 Configuration Management	SUP.2 Configuration management (basic)	6.2 Configuration Management6.1 Documentation6.3 Quality Assurance5.5 Maintenance	5.3.6 Configuration Management	
BP 16.03 Establish and Maintain a Repository for Work Product Baselines	SUP.2.BP2. Establish configuration management system. SUP.2.BP4 Maintain configuration item description. SUP.2.BP7 Maintain configuration item history. SUP.2.BP9 Manage the release and delivery of configuration items.	6.2.3.1 6.2.6 6.2.6.1	5.3.6.3. Configuration ManagementProcess Activities1.3.	
BP 16.04 Control Changes	SUP.2.BP6 Manage product releases. SUP.2.BP5 Manage changes. SUP.2.BP4 Maintain configuration item description.	5.5.1.3 6.2.3.1 6.1.3.2	5.3.6.3. Configuration Management Process Activities 4.	
BP 16.05 Record and Report Configuration Status	SUP.2.BP4 Maintain configuration item description. SUP.2.BP7 Maintain configuration item history. SUP.2.BP8 Report configuration status. SUP.2.BP5 Manage changes.	6.2.3.1 6.2.4.1	5.3.6.3. Configuration Management Process Activities 5)	
BP 16.06 Conduct Configuration Audits and Inspections		6.2.3.1 6.3.2.3	5.3.6.3. Configuration ManagementProcess Activities56.	

Table PA 17: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Information Management Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI- SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 17 Information Management	11.00	4.2.3 Control of Documents 7.5.4 Customer property	2.6 Manage Data	-	6.2 Support Processes
Goals					
1. An infrastructure is established and maintained to provide the mechanisms and media needed to support the information management at project, organization and enterprise levels.					
2. Information is managed in accordance with established requirements and strategy.			2.6-1 Data Requirements Identification 2.6-5 Status		
3. Information is stored and protected from loss, damage, and unwarranted access.					
4. Timely access to information is available to those that need it.			2.6-3 Maintenance and Distribution		
BP 17.01 Establish Information			SP 2.6-1-1 Establish program data and data management requirements.		

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI- SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 17 Information Management		4.2.3 Control of Documents 7.5.4 Customer property	2.6 Manage Data	-	6.2 Support Processes
Management Strategy			SP 2.6-1-2 Review data management activities periodically to confirm that the program data requirements are still valid and on schedule. SP 2.6-1-3 Establish program data requirements based upon a common or standard set of data requirements.		
BP 17.02 Establish Information Management Capability			SP 2.6-3-3a Provide a common data management archival and retrieval capability throughout the organization.		
BP 17.03 Store Information			SP 2.6-3-1 Archive program data. SP 2.6-3-3b Archive data efficiently based upon common characteristics (e.g., key words, topics, contract number, etc.).		
BP 17.04 Share Information		4.2.3 Control of documents d)	SP 2.6-3-2 Establish a capability to retrieve desired program data quickly. SP 2.6-5-1 Record and maintain the status of program data. SP 2.6-5-2a Communicate status reports documenting data management activities to appropriate groups and individuals.		
BP 17.05 Protect Information		7.5.4 Customer property 4.2.3 Control of documents e) f) g)			
BP 17.06 Establish Information Standards					

Table PA 17: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Information Management Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 17 Information Management	SUP.1 Documentation (extended) ORG.6 Reuse (new)	6.1 Documentation 6.2 Configuration Management 5.5 Maintenance	5.3.7 Information Management 5.2.4 Resource Management 5.4.5 Integration Process	Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Criteria 2001 4.2 Information Management
Goals				
1. An infrastructure is established and maintained to provide the mechanisms and media needed to support the information management at project, organization and enterprise levels.				
2. Information is managed in accordance with established requirements and strategy.		6.1 Documentation Process 6.1.1.1	5.3.7.2 1. 2.	
3. Information is stored and protected from loss, damage, and unwarranted access.			5.3.7.2 3.	
4. Timely access to information is available to those that need it.			5.3.7.2 5. 5.2.4.2 3.	4.2 Describe how your organization ensures quality and availability of needed data and information for employees, suppliers/ partners, and customers.
Practices				
BP 17.01 Establish Information Management Strategy		6.1 Documentation Process 6.1.1.1	5.3.7.3 1. 5.2.4.3 9.	4.2 Describe how your organization ensures the quality and availability of needed data and information for employees, suppliers/ partners, and customers.
BP 17.02 Establish Information Management Capability	ORG.6.BP2 : Establish reuse library			

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 17 Information Management	SUP.1 Documentation (extended) ORG.6 Reuse (new)	6.1 Documentation 6.2 Configuration Management 5.5 Maintenance	5.3.7 Information Management 5.2.4 Resource Management 5.4.5 Integration Process	Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Criteria 2001 4.2 Information Management
BP 17.03 Store Information	SUP.1.BP7 : Maintain document.		5.3.7.3 5. 6. 8. 5.2.4.3 8.	
BP 17.04 Share Information	SUP.1.BP6: Distribute document. ORG.6.BP7: Inform potential users about reusable entities and domain knowledge.	5.5.5.7	5.3.7.3 Information Management Activities 4 7. 5.4.4.3 Implementation Process Activities 7.	4.2 Describe how your organization ensures quality and availability of needed data and information for employees, suppliers/partners, and customers. 4.2 a (1) How do you make needed data and information available? How do you make them accessible to employees, suppliers/partners, and customers?
BP 17.05 Protect Information	ORG.4.BP6: Ensure data integrity and security.	5.5.5.7 6.1.3.1 6.2.6.1	5.3.7.3 Information Management Activities 3. 9. 5.2.4.3 Resource Management Activities 8. 9. 5.4.5.3. Integration Activities 3.	
BP 17.06 Establish Information Standards	SUP.1.BP2: Establish standards for documents. SUP.1.BP3: Specify documentation requirements. ORG.6.BP5: Keep reusable entities stable and consistent.	6.1.2.1	5.3.7.3 Information Management Activities 4.	

Table PA 18: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Measurement and Analysis Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 18 Measurement and Analysis	PA18 Measurement	7.6 Control of monitoring and measuring devices 8.1 General 8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.4 Analysis of data	2.2 Monitor and Control	Measurement and Analysis (MA) Organizational Process Performance (OPP) Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR) Quantitative Project Management (QPM)	4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance 4.2 Analysis of Organizational Performance 6.2 Support Processes 7. Business Results (all items)
Goals					
1. Measures related to goals, objectives and major issues are established	1. Measurements are established, maintained and used based on the project and organization goals.			SG 1. Align measurement and analysis activities (MA) SG 1. Establish Performance Baselines and Models (OPP)	4.1(1) How do you address the major components of an effective performance measurement system, including the following key factors: selection of measures/indicators
2. Measurement data are collected, analyzed, and results are reported	2. Measurements are collected, analyzed and reported			SG 2. Provide measurement results (MA) SG 1. Establish Performance Baselines and Models (OPP)	4.2(a)How does analysis support daily operations of key systems and processes throughout your organization. Include how this analysis ensures that measures align with action plans
3. Measurement data and results are stored for use.				SG 2. Provide measurement results (MA) SG 1. Establish Performance Baselines and Models (OPP)	
Practices					
BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals	BP18.01 Establish measures based on goals	8.1 General 7.6 Control of monitoring and measurement devices 8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes		SP 1.1-1 Establish Measurement Objectives (MA) SP 1.2-1 Specify Measures (MA) SP 1.2-1 Establish Process Performance Measures (OPP)	4.1a 1-select measures/indicators 4.2a-2-link organization-level analysis to operations 4.2a 3-analyze performance to

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 18 Measurement and Analysis	PA18 Measurement	7.6 Control of monitoring and measuring devices 8.1 General 8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.4 Analysis of data	2.2 Monitor and Control	Measurement and Analysis (MA) Organizational Process Performance (OPP) Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR) Quantitative Project Management (QPM)	4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance 4.2 Analysis of Organizational Performance 6.2 Support Processes 7. Business Results (all items)
		8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product			support operations and align with action plans
BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data	BP18.02 Collect and analyze measurements	8.1 General 7.6 Control of monitoring and measurement devices 8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.4 Analysis of data	SP2.2-3-1a Periodically collect and analyze the measures of program and technical performance.	SP 2.1-1 Collect Measurement Data (MA) SP 1.4-1 Establish Process Performance Baselines (OPP) SP 1.1-1 Select Defect Data for Analysis (CAR) SP 2.1-1 Select Measures and Analytic Techniques (QPM)	4.2a 1-analyze performance to support review and planning 4.2a-2-link organization-level analysis to operations 4.2a 3-analyze performance to support operations and align with action plans
BP 18.03 Store data and results		8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.4 Analysis of data		SP 1.3-1 Specify Data Collection and Storage Procedures (MA) SP 2.3-1 Store Data and Results (MA) SP 1.4-1 Establish Process Performance Baselines (OPP) SP 2.4-1 Record Statistical Management Data (QPM)	4.2a 1-analyze performance to support review and planning 4.2a-2-link organization-level analysis to operations 4.2a 3-analyze performance to support operations and align with action plans 7. Business Results (all items)
BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data	BP18.02 Collect and analyze measurements	8.1 General 8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.4 Analysis of data	SP 2.2-3-4 Analyze and use prediction based on program's measures to deter- mine if the program's completion is at risk and thus warrants corrective action.	SP 1.4-1 Specify Analysis Procedures (MA) SP 2.2-1 Analyze Measurement Data (MA) SP 1.5-1 Establish Process Performance Models (OPP) SP 1.1-1 Select Defect Data for Analysis (CAR)	4.2a 1-analyze performance to support review and planning 4.2a-2-link organization-level analysis to operations 4.2a 3-analyze performance to support operations and align with action plans 2.2b 1-project key

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 18 Measurement and Analysis	PA18 Measurement	7.6 Control of monitoring and measuring devices 8.1 General 8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product 8.4 Analysis of data	2.2 Monitor and Control	Measurement and Analysis (MA) Organizational Process Performance (OPP) Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR) Quantitative Project Management (QPM)	4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance 4.2 Analysis of Organizational Performance 6.2 Support Processes 7. Business Results (all items)
				SP 2.2-1 Apply Statistical Methods to Understand Variation (QPM)	performance measures/ indicators 2.2b 2-compare projected performance with competitors, key benchmarks, past performance, as appropriate
BP18.05 Communicate results	BP18.03 Communicate quantitative status	8.2.3 Monitoring and measurement of processes 8.2.4 Monitoring and measurement of product		SP 2.4-1 Communicate Results (MA)	4.2a 1-analyze performance to support review and planning 2.2a 5-communicate and deploy strategic objectives, action plans, measures to achieve alignment 4.2a-2-link organization-level analysis to operations 4.2a 3-analyze performance to support operations and align with action plans

Table PA 18: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Measurement and Analysis Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 18 Measurement and Analysis	ORG.5 Measurement (new)	7.3.3 Process Improvement (data and analysis)	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management	Practical Software/System Measurement ISO/TR10017:1999(E) – Guidance on Statistical Techniques for ISO 9001:1994
Goals				
1. Measures related to goals, objectives and major issues are established				
2. Measurement data are collected, analyzed, and results are reported				
3. Measurement data and results are stored for use.				
Practices				
BP 18.01 Establish measures based on goals	ORG.5.BP1 : Establish metrics for process management. ORG.5.BP2 : Establish metrics for the quality of work products.		5.2.3.3-4	Practical Software/System Measurement
BP 18.02 Collect relevant measurement data	ORG.5.BP6 : Define benchmark. ORG.5.BP4 : Measure the quality of work products.	7.3.3.2 7.3.3.3		Practical Software/System Measurement
BP 18.03 Store data and results	ORG.5.BP5: Make measurement data available for decision-making. ORG.5.BP6: Define benchmark. ORG.2.1.BP8: Capture process data.	7.3.3.2 7.3.3.3		

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 18 Measurement and Analysis	ORG.5 Measurement (new)	7.3.3 Process Improvement (data and analysis)	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management	Practical Software/System Measurement ISO/TR10017:1999(E) – Guidance on Statistical Techniques for ISO 9001:1994
BP 18.04 Analyze measurement data	ORG.5.BP4 : Measure the quality of work products.	7.3.3.2 7.3.3.3		ISO/TR10017:1999(E) – Guidance on Statistical Techniques for ISO9001: 1994 Practical Software/System Measurement
BP 18.05 Communicate results	ORG.5.BP5 : Make measurement data available for decision-making.	7.3.3.2 7.3.3.3		

Table PA 20: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Process Definition Practices – Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 20 Process Definition	PA 20 Organization Process Definition	4. Quality management system 4.2.2 Quality Manual 8.5.1 Continual Improvement	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD) Integrated Project Management (IPM)	6.Process Management (all items) 2.1 Strategy Development
Goals					
1. The set of standard processes is established and maintained.	1. The organization's set of standard processes is established and maintained.		3.1-3 Systems Engineering Process Development 3.1-6 Improvements to Systems Engineering Process	SG 1 Create Organizational Process Assets (OPD)	
2. Guides for tailoring the standard processes are established and maintained.	2. Guides for tailoring the organization's standard processes are established and maintained.		3.1-4 Tailoring	SG 2 Make Supporting Process Assets Available (OPD)	
3. Goals, performance data, and other assets that support the processes are collected, maintained, and communicated.	3. Goals, performance data, and other assets for the organization's processes are collected, maintained, and communicated.		3.1-1 Systems Engineering Process Awareness 3.1-2 Establishment of a Systems Engineering Process Asset Library 3.1-3 Systems Engineering Process Development 3.1-6 Improvements to Systems Engineering Process	SG 1 Create Organizational Process Assets (OPD)	
Practices					
BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes	BP 20.03 Establish Standard Processes BP 21.02 Change the standard process	4 Quality management system 4.1 General requirements 4.2.1 General	SP 3.1-1-3b Document rationale for selection and inclusion of best practices in the organization's standard systems engineering process.	SP 1.1-1 Establish standard processes (OPD) SP 1.2-1 Establish life-cycle model descriptions (OPD)	2.1 a. (1) What is your strategic planning process? 6.1 a- (1) What are your design processes

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 20 Process Definition	PA 20 Organization Process Definition	4. Quality management system 4.2.2 Quality Manual 8.5.1 Continual Improvement	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD) Integrated Project Management (IPM)	6.Process Management (all items) 2.1 Strategy Development
		4.2.2 Quality manual	SP 3.1-5-4c Use uniform systems engineering process metrics across programs. SP 3.1-3-3c Define clearly the inputs and outputs of the subprocesses that comprise the systems engineering process. SP 3.1-3-3d Define entrance and exit criteria for each major activity in the systems engineering process. SP 3.1-3-3e Define a set of standard methods for use with the organization's standard systems engineering process used on programs. SP 3.1-3-5 Integrate the systems engineering process with other engineering and enterprise processes to establish a unified product development process.		for products/services and their related production/delivery processes? 6.1 b. (1) What are your key production/delivery processes and their key performance requirements? 6.2 a. (1) What are your key support processes? (3) How do you design these processes to meet all the key requirements?
BP 20.02 Develop Tailoring Guidelines	BP 20.04 Develop Tailoring Guidelines		SP 3.1-4-3a Establish a set of tailoring guidelines for the organization's standard systems engineering process that permits the standard process to meet programspecific needs. SP 3.1-4-3b Tailoring reports generated by the programs are reviewed and approved by the appropriate individuals (e.g., senior	SP 1.3-1 Establish tailoring criteria and guidelines (OPD)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 20 Process Definition	PA 20 Organization Process Definition	4. Quality management system 4.2.2 Quality Manual 8.5.1 Continual Improvement	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD) Integrated Project Management (IPM)	6.Process Management (all items) 2.1 Strategy Development
			managers or members of the engineering process group).		
BP 20.03 Maintain Process Assets	BP 20.05 Maintain Process Assets		SP 3.1-2-2 Establish a process library for systems engineering process assets developed and collected by the program. SP 3.1-2-3a Establish and assertively manage a library for systems engineering process assets developed and collected by the organization. SP 3.1-2-3b Ensure that tailoring reports from application of the organization's standard systems engineering process to specific programs are recorded in the process library. SP 3.1-2-3c Ensure that program results of applying the organization's standard systems engineering process are recorded in the process asset library. SP 3.1-3-1 Identify existing systems engineering processes for use on programs. SP 3.1-3-3b Develop and document a standard systems engineering process for the organization based on industry standards and industry-wide best practices.	SP 2.4-1 Incorporate process-related experiences into the Organization's process assets Organizational Process Definition: (OPF) SP 2.1-1 Establish an organizational measurement repository (OPF) SP 2.2-1 Establish an organizational process asset library (OPF) SP 1.5-1 Contribute to the Organization's Process Assets (IPM)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 20 Process Definition	PA 20 Organization Process Definition	4. Quality management system 4.2.2 Quality Manual 8.5.1 Continual Improvement	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD) Integrated Project Management (IPM)	6.Process Management (all items) 2.1 Strategy Development
			SP 3.1-3-3e Define a set of standard methods for use with the organization's standard systems engineering process used on programs.		
BP 20.04 Coordinate and Communicate Process Definition	BP 20.06 Coordinate and Communicate Process Definition	8.5.1 Continual Improvement	SP 3.1-3-2b Describe and present the organizational policy clearly and completely to all engineering and program personnel. SP 3.1-6-2b Identify and communicate best practices within the organization to programs. SP 3.1-6-3b Provide a mechanism for users to identify proposed improvements to the systems engineering process. SP 3.1-6-3c Communicate the existence and improvement of the organization's standard systems engineering process to all affected groups and programs.	SP 1.3-1 Identify the organization's process improvements (OPF) SP 2.1-1 Establish process action plans (OPF) SP 2.2-1 Implement process action plans (OPF) SP 2.3-1 Deploy process and related process assets (OPF)	

Table PA 20: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Organization Process Definition Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 20 Process Definition	ORG.2 Improvement process (basic) ORG.2.1 Process establishment (component) ORG2.2 Process assessment (component) ORG.6 Reuse (new)	7.3 Improvement	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management	
Goals				
1. The set of standard processes is established and maintained.	ORG 2. ORG.2.1	7.3.1 7.3.1.1		
2. Guides for tailoring the standard processes are established and maintained.				
3. Goals, performance data, and other assets that support the processes are collected, maintained, and communicated.				
Practices				
BP 20.01 Establish Standard Processes	ORG.2.1 Process establishment process. ORG.2.BP1: Define organizational processes. ORG.2.1.BP2: Identify activities, roles, authorities & responsibilities. ORG.2.1.BP3: Define and document the processes performed in the organization. ORG.2.1.BP9: Maintain the standard processes.	7.3.1 7.3.1.1 6.3.1.2	5.2.3.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management Process Activities 1.	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other
Process Area	process type)	Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	Sources
PA 20 Process	ORG.2 Improvement process (basic)	7.3 Improvement	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes	
Definition	ORG.2.1 Process establishment		Management	
	(component)			
	ORG2.2 Process assessment (component)			
	ORG.6 Reuse (new)			
	ORG.6.BP1 : Define organizational reuse			
	strategy.			
	ORG.6.BP3 : Identify reusable entities.			
	ORG.6.BP4 : Develop reusable entities.			
BP 20.02 Develop	ORG.2.1 Process establishment process.	7.1.1.3	5.2.3.3 System Life Cycle Processes	
Tailoring Guidelines			Management Process Activities	
			2.	
BP 20.03 Maintain	ORG.2.1 Process establishment process.		5.2.3.3 System Life Cycle Processes	
Process Assets	ORG.2.2 Process assessment process.		Management Process Activities	
	ORG.2.2.BP8: Maintain the assessment		3.	
	results.		8.	
	ORG.6.BP2 : Establish reuse library.			
	ORG.6.BP5 : Keep reusable entities stable			
	and consistent.			
BP 20.04	ORG.6.BP6 : Report and certify reusable			
Coordinate and	entities and domain knowledge.			
Communicate	ORG.6.BP7 : Inform potential users about			
Process Definition	reusable entities and domain knowledge.			

Table PA 21: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Process Improvement Practices – Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve- ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
Goals					
1. Goals for processes improvement are established and progress towards them is evaluated.				SG 1. Determine Process Improvement Opportunities (OPF)	
2. Process improvement activities are coordinated across projects and the organization.	4. Process definition and improvement activities are coordinated across the organization. (PA 20)		3.1-5 Assessment of Systems Engineering Process	SG 2. Make Supporting Process Assets Available (OPD)	
3. Improvements are deployed, monitored, and sustained within the project and organization.	1. The set of standard processes and projects' defined processes are improved continuously (PA 21)	8.5.1 Continual improvement		SG 2. Plan and Implement Process Improvement Activities (OPF)	
Practices					
BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals	BP 20.02 Identify Process Goals		SP 3.1-1-2 Establish systems engineering process goals from the organization's business goals.	SP 1.1-1 Establish organizational process needs (OPF)	3.1 a. (4) How do you keep your listening and learning methods, and keep them current with business

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve- ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
			SP 3.1-3-2a Establish and follow a written organizational policy (may be part of a broad-based policy) for implementing and maintaining systems engineering process(es). SP 3.1-3-3c Define clearly the inputs and outputs of the subprocesses that comprise the systems engineering process. SP 3.1-3-3d Define entrance and exit criteria for each major activity in the systems engineering process. SP 3.1-3-3e Define a set of standard methods for use with the organization's standard systems engineering process used on programs.		needs and directions? 3.2 a. (5) How do you keep your approaches to customer access and relationships current with business needs and directions? 3.2 b. (4) How do you keep your approaches to satisfaction determination current with business needs and directions? 4.1 a. (2) How do you keep your performance measurement system current with business needs and directions? 6.1 a. (1) design processes for products/ services and their related production/delivery processes? 6.1a (2) incorporate changing customer/market and mission-related requirements into designs and systems and processes? 6.2 a (5) improve your support processes to achieve better performance keep them current with organization needs and directions,? improve your supplier

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve - ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
					and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? improvements shared
BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program	BP 21.01 Establish process improvement program	8.5.1 Continual improvement			3.1 a. (4) How do you keep your listening and learning methods, and keep them current with business needs and directions? 3.2 a. (5) How do you keep your approaches to customer access and relationships current with business needs and directions? 3.2 b. (4) How do you keep your approaches to satisfaction determination current with business needs and directions? 4.1 a. (2) How do you keep your performance measurement system current with business needs and directions? 6.2 a (5) improve your support processes to achieve better performance keep them current with organization needs and directions,? improvements shared 6.3 a. (6) improve your supplier

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve- ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
					and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? improvements shared
BP 21.03 Appraise process	BP 20.01 Appraise Processes		SP 3.1-5-2 Assess the program-specific systems engineering processes and determine relative strengths and weaknesses. SP 3.1-5-3a Assess the organization's standard systems engineering process. SP 3.1-5-3c Use a mechanism for periodically assessing the systems engineering process. SP 3.1-5-3d Seek to benchmark the organization's systems engineering process against processes used by other organizations. SP 3.1-5-3e Determine the degree of program use of the organization's defined systems engineering process and methods. SP 3.1-6-2b Identify and communicate best practices within the organization to programs.	SP 1.2-1 Assess the Organization's Processes (OPF)	3.1 a. (4) How do you keep your listening and learning methods, and keep them current with business needs and directions? 3.2 a. (5) How do you keep your approaches to customer access and relationships current with business needs and directions? 3.2 b. (4) How do you keep your approaches to satisfaction determination current with business needs and directions? 4.1 a. (2) How do you keep your performance measurement system current with business needs and directions? 6.2 a. (5) improve your support processes to achieve better performance keep them current with organization needs and directions,? improvements shared 6.3 a. (6) improve your supplier

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve- ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
					and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? improvements shared
BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan		8.5.1 Continual improvement	SP 3.1-3-3a Plan, approve, and establish process management and improvement activities according to a formal procedure.	SP 1.3-1 Identify the Organization's Process Improvements (OPF) SP 2.1-1 Establish Process Action Plans (OPF)	3.1 a. (4) How do you keep your listening and learning methods, and keep them current with business needs and directions? 3.2 a. (5) How do you keep your approaches to customer access and relationships current with business needs and directions? 3.2 b. (4) How do you keep your approaches to satisfaction determination current with business needs and directions? 4.1 a. (2) How do you keep your performance measurement system current with business needs and directions? 6.2 a. (5) improve your support processes to achieve better performance keep them current with organization needs and directions,? improvements shared 6.3 a. (6) improve your supplier

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve- ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
					and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? improvements shared
BP 21.05 Implement Improvements		4.1 General requirements 8.5.1 Continual improvement	SP 3.1-3-3f Establish a formal process for implementing and improving Systems Engineering Activities. SP 3.1-6-2a Perform improvement of systems engineering process(es) in use on programs in at least an informal manner. SP 3.1-6-3a Use targeted improvements to change the organization's systems engineering process.	SP 2.2-1 Implement Process Action Plans (OPF)	3.1 a. (4) How do you keep your listening and learning methods, and keep them current with business needs and directions? 3.2 a. (5) How do you keep your approaches to customer access and relationships current with business needs and directions? 3.2 b. (4) How do you keep your approaches to satisfaction determination current with business needs and directions? 4.1 a. (2) How do you keep your performance measurement system current with business needs and directions? 6.1 a. (2) incorporate changing customer/market and mission-related requirements into product/service designs and production/delivery systems and processes? 6.1 a. (5) ensure that process

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve- ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
					design accommodates all key operational performance requirements? 6.2 a (5) improve your support processes to achieve better performance keep them current with organization needs and directions,? improvements shared 6.3 a. (6) improve your supplier and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? improvements shared
BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements		4.1 General requirements	SP 3.1-5-4a Measure and analyze systems engineering productivity for each major process activity within the systems engineering process.		3.1 a. (4) How do you keep your listening and learning methods, and keep them current with business needs and directions? 3.2 a. (5) How do you keep your approaches to customer access and relationships current with business needs and directions? 3.2 b. (4) How do you keep your approaches to satisfaction determination current with business needs and directions? 4.1 a. (2) How do you keep your

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve- ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
					performance measurement system current with business needs and directions? 6.2 a (5) improve your support processes to achieve better performance keep them current with organization needs and directions,? improvements shared 6.3 a. (6) improve your supplier and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? improvements shared
BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains		8.5.1 Continual improvement		SP 2.3-1 Deploy Process and Related Process Assets (OPF)	3.1 a. (4) How do you keep your listening and learning methods, and keep them current with business needs and directions? 3.2 a. (5) How do you keep your approaches to customer access and relationships current with business needs and directions? 3.2 b. (4) How do you keep your approaches to satisfaction determination current with business needs and directions? 4.1 a. (2) How do you keep your

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve- ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
					performance measurement system current with business needs and directions? 6.2 a. (5) improve your support processes to achieve better performance keep them current with organization needs and directions,? improvements shared 6.3 a. (6) improve your supplier and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? improvements shared
BP 21.08 Monitor Performance		4.1 General requirements	SP 3.1-5-4d Use a mechanism to evaluate the utility of process metrics collected across all programs. SP 3.1-5-5 Use a formal procedure to assure periodic management review of each program and institute changes to the systems engineering process.		3.1 a. (4) How do you keep your listening and learning methods, and keep them current with business needs and directions? 3.2 a. (5) How do you keep your approaches to customer access and relationships current with business needs and directions? 3.2 b. (4) How do you keep your approaches to satisfaction determination current with business needs and directions? 4.1 a. (2) How do you keep your

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 21 Process Improvement	PA 20 Organization Process Definition PA 21 Organization Process Improvement	4 Quality management system 8.5 Improve- ment	3.1 Define and Improve the Systems Engineering Process	Organizational Process Focus (OPF) Organizational Process Definition (OPD)	6. Process Management (all items) 3.1 Customer and Market Knowledge 3.2 Customer Satisfaction and Relationships 4.1 Measurement of Organizational Performance
					performance measurement system current with business needs and directions? 6.2 a. (5) improve your support processes to achieve better performance keep them current with organization needs and directions,? improvements shared 6.3 a. (6) improve your supplier and/or partner processes, including your role as supportive customer/partner, to keep current with your organization needs and directions? improvements shared

Table PA 21: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Process Improvement Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 21 Process Improvement	ORG.2 Improvement process (basic) ORG2.3 Process improvement (component) 15504 Part 7: Guidelines for Process Improvement ORG.6 Reuse (new)	7.3 Improvement	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management 5.2.1 Enterprise Management	
Goals				
1. Goals for processes improvement are established and progress towards them is evaluated.		7.3.1.1		
2. Process improvement activities are coordinated across projects and the organization.	ORG.2 Improvement process			
3. Improvements are deployed, monitored, and sustained within the project and organization.	ORG.2 Improvement process .	7.3.1.1		
Practices	Dest 7 5 1 Ensemble destruction to an all and		5212	
BP 21.01 Identify Process Improvement Goals	Part 7 - 5.1 Examine the organization's needs and business goals ORG.2.1.BP1: Define goals. ORG.2.1.BP5: Establish performance expectations. ORG.2.3.BP1 : Identify improvement opportunities.		5.2.1.3 1) 5.2.3.3 4)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207	ISO/IEC CD 15288	Other
Process Area		Software life cycle processes	System Life Cycle Processes	Sources
PA 21 Process Improvement	ORG.2 Improvement process (basic) ORG2.3 Process improvement (component) 15504 Part 7: Guidelines for Process Improvement ORG.6 Reuse (new)	7.3 Improvement	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management 5.2.1 Enterprise Management	
BP 21.02 Establish Process Improvement Program	Part 7 - 5.2 Initiate process improvement ORG.2.3.BP2 : Define scope of improvement activities.			
BP 21.03 Appraise process	Part 7 - 5.3 Prepare for and conduct a process assessment ORG.2.3 Process improvement process ORG.2.BP3: Assess the deployed processes. ORG.2.2.BP1: Determine the assessment method. ORG.2.2.BP2: Define assessment goals. ORG.2.2.BP3: Define the assessment inputs. ORG.2.2.BP4: Plan the assessment. ORG.2.2.BP5: Perform the assessment to collect data. ORG.2.2.BP6: Validate the data. ORG.2.2.BP7: Identify strengths and weaknesses ORG.2.2.BP10: Report the assessment result. ORG.2.3.BP3: Understand the process. ORG.5.BP7: Benchmark processes.	7.3.2.1 7.3.2.2		
BP 21.04 Establish an Action Plan	Part 7 - 5.4 Analyse assessment output and derive action plan ORG.2.3 Process improvement process ORG.2.BP4: Improve the standard processes. ORG.2.2.BP9: Exploit the assessment result. ORG.2.3.BP4: Identify improvements. ORG.2.3.BP5: Prioritize improvements. ORG.2.3.BP6: Define measures of impact.	7.3.3.1	5.2.1.3 2)	
BP 21.05 Implement Improvements	Part 7 - 5.5 Implement improvements ORG.2.BP4: Improve the standard processes. ORG.2.3.BP7: Change the process.		5.2.1.3 7) 5.2.3.3 7)	

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 21 Process Improvement	ORG.2 Improvement process (basic) ORG2.3 Process improvement (component) 15504 Part 7: Guidelines for Process Improvement ORG.6 Reuse (new)	7.3 Improvement	5.2.3 System Life Cycle Processes Management 5.2.1 Enterprise Management	
BP 21.06 Confirm Improvements	Part 7 - 5.6 Confirm improvements ORG.2.3 Process improvement process ORG.2.3.BP8 : Confirm the improvement.	7.3.3.2 7.3.3.3	5.2.1.3 5) 6) 5.2.3.3 6)	
BP 21.07 Sustain and deploy Improvement Gains	Part 7 - 5.7 Sustain improvement gains ORG.2.3 Process improvement process ORG.2.BP2: Deploy the processes. ORG.2.1.BP6: Deploy the process. ORG.2.3.BP9: Deploy improvement. ORG.6 Reuse process ORG.6.BP1: Define organizational reuse strategy. ORG.6.BP3: Identify reusable entities.		5.2.3.3	
BP 21.08 Monitor Performance	Part 7 - 5.8 Monitor performance ORG.2.3 Process improvement process ORG.2.1.BP7: Check the standard processes deployment. SUP.6.BP5: Conduct joint process review.		5.2.1.3 5) 6) 5.2.3.3 5)	

Table PA 22: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Training Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 22 Training	PA 22 Training	6.2.2 Competence, awareness, and training	3.2 Manage Competency	Organizational Training (OT) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI) Project Planning (PP)	5.2 Employee Education, Training, and Development 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes 1.1 Organizational Leadership
Goals					
Training needs are solicited and identified.	Training needs are solicited and identified.			SG 1. Identify Training Needs and Make Training Available (OT)	
Required training is provided	Required training is provided.			SG 2. Provide Necessary Training (OT)	
Training effectiveness is assessed				SG 2. Provide Necessary Training (OT)	
Practices					
BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs	BP 22.01 Identify Strategic Needs BP 22.02 Identify Unique Training Needs	6.2.2 a)	SP 3.2-2-1 Identify needed improvements in skill and knowledge throughout the organization using the programs' needs, organizational strategic plan, and existing employee skills as guidance. SP 3.2-2-3 Base long term competency development requirements upon the organization's strategic plan. SP 3.2-2-2 Base near term competency development requirements upon immediate program needs.	SP 1.1-1. Establish the Strategic Training Needs. (OT) SP 1.2-1. Determine Which Training Needs are the Responsibility of the Organization (OT) SP 1.3-1 Identify IPPD- unique Skill Requirements (OEI)	5.2a-1 Balance short- and longer-term organizational and employee needs 5.21-3 Seek and use input from employees and their supervisors/ managers on education and training needs, expectations, and design 5.2a-5 Address key developmental and training needs 5.2a-6 Address

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 22 Training	PA 22 Training	6.2.2 Competence, awareness, and training	3.2 Manage Competency	Organizational Training (OT) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI) Project Planning (PP)	5.2 Employee Education, Training, and Development 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes 1.1 Organizational Leadership
					performance excellence in education and training 5.2a-2 Design education and training to keep current with needs 5.1a-6 Identify charact- eristics and skills needed
BP 22.02 Establish Training Plan				SP 1.3-1. Establish an Organizational Training Tactical Plan. (OT) SP 2.5-1Plan for Needed Knowledge and Skills (PP)	
BP 22.03 Establish Training Mechanism	BP 22.04 Obtain Training		SP 3.2-3-1c Provide knowledge from outside sources when in-house training or learning opportunities are unable to satisfy program needs. SP 3.2-3-2b Assign experienced personnel to perform training. SP 3.2-3-2c Involve management personnel in competency development activities, both as recipients and as participants.	SP 1.4-1.Establish Training Capability (OT)	5.2a-3 Seek and use input from employees and their supervisors/managers on education and training needs, expectations, and design Include formal and informal education, training, and learning, as appropriate.
BP 22.04 Train Individuals	BP 22.03 Train Individuals	6.2.2 b)	SP 3.2-3-1a Train personnel to have the skills and knowledge needed to perform their assigned roles.	SP 2.1-1. Deliver Training (OT)	5.2a-4 Deliver and evaluate education and training for both long and short term

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 22 Training	PA 22 Training	6.2.2 Competence, awareness, and training	3.2 Manage Competency	Organizational Training (OT) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI) Project Planning (PP)	5.2 Employee Education, Training, and Development 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes 1.1 Organizational Leadership
			SP 3.2-3-2c Involve management personnel in competency development activities, both as recipients and as participants. SP 3.2-3-2d Provide competency development for critical functional areas (e.g., analysis techniques specific to the organization's problem domains). SP 3.2-3-3a Integrate competency development opportunities, such as formal education, inhouse training, and on-the-job training. SP 3.2-3-3b Provide cross-discipline technical management training to all disciplines, including program management. SP 3.2-3-3c Train managers of engineering organizations, team leaders, and engineers on the systems engineering process. SP 3.2-3-3d Provide training in the basic principles of systems engineering to quality management, configuration management, and other support personnel. SP 3.2-3-3e Provide training in a variety of forms, including formal training, on-the-job training, and just-in-time training, as required to meet program and individual needs. SP 3.2-3-3f Integrate tools, methods, and procedures for competency development.		

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 22 Training	PA 22 Training	6.2.2 Competence, awareness, and training	3.2 Manage Competency	Organizational Training (OT) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI) Project Planning (PP)	5.2 Employee Education, Training, and Development 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes 1.1 Organizational Leadership
BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records	BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records	6.2.2 e)	SP 3.2-3-1b Maintain records of training and experience. SP 3.2-3-2a Maintain training materials in an accessible repository.	SP 2.2-1. Establish Training Records (OT)	
BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness	BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness	6.2.2 c)	SP 3.2-4-1a Assess in-progress or completed programs to determine whether staff knowledge was adequate for performing program tasks. SP 3.2-4-1b Provide a mechanism for assessing the effectiveness of each training course with respect to set objectives. SP 3.2-4-2 Require trainers to demonstrate proficiency in the topics for which they intend to train others. SP 3.2-4-3a Provide a mechanism to evaluate students to verify their comprehension of training materials prior to recognition. SP 3.2-4-3b Obtain student evaluations of how well competency development activities meet their needs. SP 3.2-4-3c Establish completion criteria for each training course, documented in standards or course descriptions. SP 3.2-4-4 Provide a mechanism to evaluate alumni capability to perform the style, scope, and intensity of systems engineering that the business needs.	SP 2.3-1. Assess Training Effectiveness (OT)	5.2a-4 Deliver and evaluate education and training for both long and short term

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 22 Training	PA 22 Training	6.2.2 Competence, awareness, and training	3.2 Manage Competency	Organizational Training (OT) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI) Project Planning (PP)	5.2 Employee Education, Training, and Development 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes 1.1 Organizational Leadership
BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment		6.2.2 d)	SP 3.2-1-1 Encourage staff to continuously develop skills and knowledge. SP 3.2-1-2a Reward mentoring as a means of increasing staff competency. SP 3.2-1-2b Provide a mechanism to develop individual competency development goals consistent with both the individual's career objectives and the program's needs. SP 3.2-1-3a Provide job opportunity and career advancement based on competency development achievements. SP 3.2-1-3b Clearly state and communicate competency development opportunities and the relationship between competency development and career opportunity to all personnel within the organization. SP 3.2-1-3c Provide a mechanism to formally recognize competency development achievements. SP 3.2-1-3d Provide a mechanism for certification of competency achievement.		1.1a-2 Establish and reinforce environment for empowerment and innovation, and encourage and support organizational and employee learning Reinforce knowledge and skills on the job 5.3b-2 Encourage and motivate employees to develop and utilize full potential in a diverse workforce 5.1a-2 Encourage, motivate employees to develop and utilize potential 5.1a-5 Ensure effective communication, cooperation, and knowledge/skill sharing

Table PA 22: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Training Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 22 Training	ORG.3 Human resource management (extended)	7.4 Training	5.2.4 Resource Management	People CMM: Training (TR) Knowledge and Skills Analysis (KSA)
Goals				
Training needs are solicited and identified.	ORG.3 Result 2			
Required training is provided	ORG.3 Result 2			
Training effectiveness is assessed				
Practices				
BP 22.01 Identify Training Needs		7.4.1.1.		Critical skills required for performing critical tasks are identified in each unit (TR-Act1) The training needs for each unit are identified (TR-Act2) The core competencies that the organization must develop and maintain to perform its business functions are identified. (KSA-Act1) Profiles of the knowledge and skills underlying each of the organization's core competencies are developed. (KSA-Act2)
BP 22.02 Establish Training Plan		7.4.1.1		

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 22 Training	ORG.3 Human resource management (extended)	7.4 Training	5.2.4 Resource Management	People CMM: Training (TR) Knowledge and Skills Analysis (KSA)
BP 22.03 Establish Training Mechanism	ORG.3.BP2 : Develop or acquire training.	7.4.2.1		Relevant training opportunities are identified and made available to support each individual's development. (TR-Act5)
BP 22.04 Train Individuals	ORG.3.BP3: Train Personnel.	7.4.3.1	5.2.4.3-5 5.2.4.3-4	Individuals and/or groups receive the training they need to perform their assigned tasks. (TR-Act5)
BP 22.05 Establish and Maintain Records		7.4.3.1		
BP 22.06 Assess Training Effectiveness				
BP 22.07 Establish Learning Environment			5.2.4.3-7 5.2.4.3-5	

Table PA 23: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Innovation Practices - Part 1

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 23 Innovation	PA 23 Innovation PA 10 Product Evolution	6.3 Infrastructure 6.4 Work Environment	3.4 Manage Systems Engineering Support Environment 3.3 Manage Technology	Organizational Innovation and Deployment (OID) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	6.1 Product and Service Processes 1.1Organizational Leadership 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes
Goals					
1. Agile adaptation to change is driven by the organization's knowledge of its products, processes, technologies, and core competencies.	1. Agile adaptation to change is driven by the organization's profound knowledge of its products, processes, technologies, and core competencies. (PA 23)			SG 1.Select Improvements (OID)	
2. The organization's products, services, processes, and work environment are continually evaluated for suitability to use identified improvements and innovations.					6.1 New technology is incorporated into products/services and into production/delivery systems and processes, as appropriate.
3. Selected technologies are deployed to relevant parts of the organization in accordance with the organization's objectives and goals.	2. The organization environment is updated in a planned, controlled manner while minimizing disruptions to users. (PA 23)			SG 2.Deploy Improvements (OID)	6.1 New technology is incorporated into products/services and into production/delivery systems and processes, as appropriate.

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	ISO 9001:2000 Subclause	EIA/IS 731 Focus Area	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD Process Area	MBNQA/PQA Category/item
PA 23 Innovation	PA 23 Innovation PA 10 Product Evolution	6.3 Infrastructure 6.4 Work Environment	3.4 Manage Systems Engineering Support Environment 3.3 Manage Technology	Organizational Innovation and Deployment (OID) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	6.1 Product and Service Processes 1.1Organizational Leadership 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes
Practices					
BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness	BP 23.01 Maintain New Technology Awareness BP 10.02 Identify new product technologies		SP 3.3-1-1a Identify technologies currently in use. SP 3.3-1-1b Identify new product technologies for competitive advantage. SP 3.3-1-2 Encourage innovation within the program. SP 3.3-1-3a Support participation by the organization in technical consortia, societies, and collaborations. SP 3.3-1-3c Establish a mechanism for maintaining awareness and disseminating knowledge of the state-of-the-art technology. SP 3.4-1-3c Regularly review and assess external trends that might affect the support environment for potential impact.	SP 1.1-1. Collect and Analyze Improvement Proposals. (OID) SP 1.2-1. Identify Innovations (OID)	6.1 New technology is incorporated into products/services and into production/delivery systems and processes, as appropriate.
BP 23.02 Select New Technologies	BP 23.02 Select New Technologies BP 10.02 Identify new product technologies		SP 3.3-1-3d Establish a mechanism for monitoring the life cycle of currently used technologies and use this knowledge to plan for replacement of technologies approaching obsolescence. SP 3.3-1-3e Perform cost/benefit analyses prior to the adoption of new technologies. SP 3.3-3-3c Identify, discriminate, and insert product and process technology improvements. SP 3.4-1-2 Determine requirements for	SP 1.3-1.Pilot Improvements (OID) SP 1.4-1. Select Improvements for Deployment (OID)	6.1 New technology is incorporated into products/services and into production/delivery systems and processes, as appropriate.

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 23 Innovation	PA 23 Innovation PA 10 Product Evolution	6.3 Infrastructure 6.4 Work Environment	3.4 Manage Systems Engineering Support Environment 3.3 Manage Technology	Organizational Innovation and Deployment (OID) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	6.1 Product and Service Processes 1.1Organizational Leadership 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes
BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion	BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion BP 10.04 Ensure critical component availability		the support environment based on program specific needs. SP 3.4-1-3a Include the needs of each program as part of a documented set of requirements for the support environment. SP 3.4-1-3b Include the business goals of the organization in determining the documented requirements for the support environment. SP 3.4-2-2b Perform cost-benefit analysis for commercial off-the-shelf versus inhouse developed environments. SP 3.3-3-2 Require appropriate analysis within the organization before new product or process technology insertion is allowed. SP 3.4-2-2a Pilot new tools prior to including them in the systems engineering support environment.	SP 2.1-1. Plan the Deployment (OID)	6.1 New technology is incorporated into products/services and into production/delivery systems and processes, as appropriate. 6.1a -6 coordinate and test design and production/delivery processes to ensure
					capability for trouble- free and timely introduction of products/services
BP 23.04 Infuse New	BP 23.04 Infuse New		SP 3.3-3-3a Establish a mechanism for	SP 2.2-1.Manage the	6.1 New technology is
Technologies	Technologies		managing and supporting the introduction	Deployment (OID)	incorporated into

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 23 Innovation	PA 23 Innovation PA 10 Product Evolution	6.3 Infrastructure 6.4 Work Environment	3.4 Manage Systems Engineering Support Environment 3.3 Manage Technology	Organizational Innovation and Deployment (OID) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	6.1 Product and Service Processes 1.1Organizational Leadership 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes
	BP 10.03 Adapt development processes BP 10.05 Insert Product Technology		of new product or process technologies. SP 3.3-3-3c Identify, discriminate, and insert product and process technology improvements. SP 3.4-3-3c Upgrade or add support tools or facilities which enhance the ability to meet the organization's requirements.		products/services and into production/delivery systems and processes, as appropriate. 6.1a - 6-coordinate and test design and production/delivery processes to ensure capability for trouble-free and timely introduction of products/services
BP 23.05 Manage Innovation:	BP 23.05 Support Innovation	6.3 Infrastructure a) b) c) 6.4 Work Environment	SP 3.3-3-3a Establish a mechanism for managing and supporting the introduction of new product or process technologies. SP 3.3-3-3b Review the effectiveness of newly introduced technologies (product or process) to verify analysis used to justify its introduction. SP 3.3-3-5 Demonstrate that the achievement of specific business goals (e.g., increased profitability, increased market share, reduced time to market) can be directly attributable to the insertion of new product or process technology. SP 3.4-2-1 Deploy a Systems Engineering Support Environment that supports program needs. SP 3.4-2-3b Tailor the Systems	SP 1.1-1. Collect and Analyze Improvement Proposals. (OID) SP 2.3-1. Measure Improvement Effects (OID) SP 1.2-1.Establish an Integrated Work Environment (OEI)	6.1 New technology is incorporated into products/services and into production/delivery systems and processes, as appropriate. 5.3a Work Environment - address and improve workplace health, safety, and ergonomic factors 6.1a - 6-coordinate and test design and production/delivery processes to ensure capability for trouble-free and timely

FAA-iCMM v2.0	FAA-iCMM v1.0	ISO 9001:2000	EIA/IS 731	CMMI-SE/SW/IPPD	MBNQA/PQA
Process Area	Process Area	Subclause	Focus Area	Process Area	Category/item
PA 23 Innovation	PA 23 Innovation PA 10 Product Evolution	6.3 Infrastructure 6.4 Work Environment	3.4 Manage Systems Engineering Support Environment 3.3 Manage Technology	Organizational Innovation and Deployment (OID) Organizational Environment for Integration (OEI)	6.1 Product and Service Processes 1.1Organizational Leadership 5.3 Employee Well- Being and Satisfaction 6.2 Support Processes
			Engineering Support Environment to individual program needs. SP 3.4-2-5 Maximize integration of tools within the environment. SP 3.4-3-1 Maintain the support environment to continuously support the program. SP 3.4-3-3b Retire support tools or facilities which no longer support the organization's requirements. SP 3.4-3-3d Seek periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the systems engineering support environment from users. SP 3.4-3-4a Base support environment management decisions on the analysis of usage and performance data. SP 3.4-3-5 Establish goals for improvements to systems engineering processes through the use of the systems engineering environment. SP 3.4-3-3a Collect data on the systems engineering support environment usage and performance.		introduction of products/services 1.1a-2 An environment for innovation is established and reinforced

Table PA 23: FAA-iCMM v2.0 Sources of Innovation Practices - Part 2

FAA-iCMM v2.0 Process Area	ISO/IEC TR 15504 Processes (with process type)	IEEE/EIA (ISO/IEC) 12207 Software life cycle processes	ISO/IEC CD 15288 System Life Cycle Processes	Other Sources
PA 23 Innovation	ORG.4 Infrastructure (basic)	7.2 Infrastructure	-	
Goals				
1. Agile adaptation to change is				
driven by the organization's				
knowledge of its products, processes,				
technologies, and core competencies.				
2. The organization's products,				
services, processes, and work				
environment are continually				
evaluated for suitability to use				
identified improvements and				
innovations				
3. Selected technologies are deployed				
to relevant parts of the organization				
in accordance with the organization's				
objectives and goals.				
Practices				
BP23.01 Maintain New Technology				
Awareness				
BP 23.02 Select New Technologies				
BP 23.03 Prepare for Infusion				
BP 23.04 Infuse New Technologies				
BP 23.05 Manage Innovation	ORG.4.BP2 : Provide a software engineering	7.2.2.1		
	environment.	7.2.3.1		
	ORG.4.BP4: Maintain software engineering	7.2.2.2		
	environment.			
	ORG.4.BP5 : Provide a workspace			
	conducive to productive performance.			
	ORG.4.BP7 : Provide remote access facility.			

Section 5: FAA-iCMM Version 1.0 Process Area Map

Table 2: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Areas and their Major Sources

FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	Systems Engineering SE-CMM v1.1	Software Acquisition SA-CMM v1.01	Software Engineering SW-CMM v1.1		
	Process Area	Key Process Area r Engineering Processes	Key Process Area		
PAOL Noods	PA01 Needs Understand Customer				
TAOT Weeds	Needs & Expectations	-	-		
PA02 Requirements	Derive & Allocate Requirements	Requirements Development & Management	Requirements Management (SW Product Engineering*)		
PA03 Architecture	Evolve System Architecture	-	(SW Product Engineering*)		
PA04 Alternatives	Analyze Candidate Solutions	-	-		
PA05 Outsourcing	Coordinate with Suppliers	Solicitation	SW Subcontract Management		
PA06 Software Development and Maintenance	-	-	SW Product Engineering		
PA07 Integration	Integrate System	-			
PA08 System Test and Evaluation	Verify &Validate System	Evaluation			
PA09 Transition	-	Transition to Support	-		
PA10 Product Evolution	Manage Product Line Evolution	-	-		
	Managem	ent or Project Processes			
PA11 Project Management	Plan Technical Effort Monitor & Control Technical Effort	SW Acquisition Planning Project Management Project Performance Management	SW Project Planning SW Project Tracking and Oversight Integrated SW Management		
PA12 Contract Management	(Coordinate with Suppliers*)	Contract Tracking and Oversight Contract Performance Management	SW Subcontract Management		
PA13 Risk Management	Manage Risk	Acquisition Risk Management	(*Integrated SW Management)		
PA14 Coordination	Integrate Disciplines		Intergroup Coordination		
		es (not lifecycle phase depende			
PA15 Quality Assurance & Management	Ensure Quality		SW Quality Assurance		
PA16 Configuration Management	Manage Configurations		SW Configuration Management		
PA17 Peer Review	Level 3 Common Features		Peer Reviews		
PA18 Measurement	Level 4 Common Features	Quantitative Process Management Quantitative Acquisition Management	Quantitative Process Management SW Quality Management		

Section 5: FAA-iCMM Version 1.0 Process Area Map

FAA-iCMM v1.0 Process Area	Systems Engineering SE-CMM v1.1 Process Area	Software Acquisition SA-CMM v1.01 Key Process Area	Software Engineering SW-CMM v1.1 Key Process Area	
PA19 Prevention	Level 5 Common Features	-	Defect Prevention	
	Orgai	nizational Processes		
PA20 Organization Process Definition	Define Organization's Systems Engineering Process	Process Definition and Maintenance	Organization Process Focus Organization Process Definition	
PA21 Organization Process Improvement	Improve Organization's Systems Engineering Process	Continuous Process Improvement	Process Change Management	
PA22 Training	Provide Ongoing Skills & Knowledge	Training Program	Training Program	
PA23 Innovation	Manage Systems Engineering Support Environment	Acquisition Innovation Management	Technology Change Management	

^{*}a few practices from these process areas contributed to the FAA-iCMM process area

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Table PA 01: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Needs Practices

PA 01 Needs Base Practices	SE-CMM Understand Customer Needs and Expectations: Base Practices
1. Elicit Needs	6.1 Elicit the customer's needs, expectations, and measures of effectiveness.
2. Analyze Needs	6.2 Analyze the customer's needs and expectations to develop a preliminary operational concept of the system.
3. Develop System Requirements	6.3 Develop a statement of system requirements.
4. Obtain Customer Agreement	6.4 Obtain customer agreement that system requirements satisfy their needs and expectations.
5. Inform Customer	6.5 Inform the customer on a regular basis about the status and disposition of needs, expectations, and measures of effectiveness.

Table PA 02: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Requirements Practices

PA 02	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM	SW-CMM
Requirements	Derive and Allocate	Requirements	Requirements	Software Product
base practices	Requirements:	Development and	Management:	Engineering:
	Base Practices	Management: Activities	Activities	Selected Activities
	(* Evolve System	Performed	Performed	Performed
	Architecture)	(** Evaluation)		
1. Develop	2.1 Develop a detailed	2. The project team		
operational	operational concept of	develops and baselines		
concept	interaction of system,	software-related		
	user, and environment,	contractual requirements		
	that satisfies the	and places them under		
	operational need.	change control early in		
		the project, but not later		
		than release of		
		solicitation package.		
2. Identify key	2.2 Identify key	2. The project team		
requirements	requirements that have	develops and baselines		
	a strong influence on	software-related		
	cost, schedule,	contractual requirements		
	functionality, risk, or	and places them under		
	performance.	change control early in		
		the project, but not later		
		than release of		
3. Derive and	2.4 Danizza fuana tha	solicitation package.		
	2.4 Derive, from the	2. The project team develops and baselines		
partition requirements	system and other requirements, require-	software-related		
requirements	ments that may be	contractual requirements		
	logically inferred and	and places them under		
	implied as essential to	change control early in		
	system effectiveness.	the project, but not later		
	2.3 Partition functions	than release of		
	into groups based on	solicitation package.		
	established criteria to	1 8		
	facilitate & focus			
	requirements analysis.			
	* 3.8 Identify appropri-			
	ate derived require-			
	ments that address the			
	effective-ness and cost			
	of life cycle phases			
	following development,			
	such as production and			
4 T.14;C	operation.	2 The		
4. Identify	2.5 Identify the	2. The project team		
interface	requirements associated with external interfaces	develops and baselines software-related		
requirements	to the system and	contractual requirements		
	interfaces between	and places them under		
	functional partitions or	change control early in		
	objects.	the project, but not later		
	oojeets.	than release of		
		solicitation package.		
		sometation package.		<u> </u>

PA 02	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM	SW-CMM
Requirements base practices	Derive and Allocate Requirements: Base Practices (* Evolve System Architecture)	Requirements Development and Management: Activities Performed (** Evaluation)	Requirements Management: Activities Performed	Software Product Engineering: Selected Activities Performed
5. Allocate requirements	2.6 Allocate requirements to functional partitions, objects, people, or support elements to support synthesis of solutions.	2. The project team develops and baselines software-related contractual requirements and places them under change control early in the project, but not later than release of solicitation package.		
6. Analyze requirements	2.7 Analyze requirements to ensure they are verifiable by the methods available to the development effort.	** EV-Ac2 The project's evaluation requirements are developed in conjunction with the development of the system or software technical requirements.		2. The software requirements are developed, maintained, documented, and verified by systematically analyzing the allocated requirements according to the project's defined software process.
7. Capture and baseline requirements	2.9 Capture system and other requirements, derived requirements, derivation rationale, allocations, traceability, and requirements status.	2. The project team develops and baselines software-related contractual requirements and places them under change control early in the project, but not later than release of solicitation package.		
8. Analyze and incorporate requirements changes		3. The project team appraises system requirements change requests for their impact on software being acquired. 4. The project team appraises all changes to software-related contractual requirements for their impact on performance, architecture, supportability, and system resource utilization and contract schedule and cost.	3. Changes to the allocated requirements are reviewed and incorporated into the software product.	

PA 02	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM	SW-CMM
Requirements	Derive and Allocate	Requirements	Requirements	Software Product
base practices	Requirements:	Development and	Management:	Engineering:
	Base Practices	Management: Activities	Activities	Selected Activities
	(* Evolve System	Performed	Performed	Performed
	Architecture)	(** Evaluation)		
9. Maintain	2.8 Maintain	5. Bi-directional	2. The software	10. Consistency is
consistency and traceability	requirements traceability to ensure	traceability between the software-related	engineering group uses the	maintained across software work
traceability	that lower level	contractual requirements	allocated	products, including
	(derived) requirements	and the contractor's	requirements as	the software plans,
	are necessary and	software work products	the basis for	process descriptions,
	sufficient to meet the	and services is	software plans,	allocated
	objectives of higher	maintained throughout	work products,	requirements,
	level requirements.	the effort.	and activities.	software
	1			requirements,
	* 3.6 Maintain			software design,
	requirement traceability			code, test plans, and
	for the architecture's			test procedures.
	requirements to ensure			
	that lower level			
	(derived) requirements			
	are necessary and			
	sufficient to meet the			
	needs of higher level			
	requirements or design.	4 577	4 577 0	
Covered by		1. The project team	1. The software	
generic practices		performs its activities in	engineering	
		accordance with its documented	group reviews the allocated	
		requirements development and	requirements before they are	
		management plans.	incorporated	
		management plans.	into the	
			software	
			project.	
			project.	

Table PA 03: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Architecture Practices

PA 03	SE-CMM	SW-CMM
Architecture Base Practices	Derive and Allocate Requirements: Base Practices	Software Product Engineering: Selected Activities Performed
1. Derive system architecture requirements	3.1 Derive the requirements for the system architecture.	
2. Identify key design issues	3.2 Identify the key design issues that must be resolved to support successful development of the system.	3. The software design is developed, maintained, documented, and verified, according to project's defined software process, to accommodate the software requirements and to form the framework for coding.
3. Develop architectural structure	3.3 Generate alternative(s) and constraints for the architecture and select a solution in accordance with the Alternatives process area (PA 04).	3. The software design is developed, maintained, documented, and verified, according to project's defined software process, to accommodate the software requirements and to form the framework for coding.
4. Develop architecture interface requirements	3.4 Develop the interface requirements for the selected architecture components.	3. The software design is developed, maintained, documented, and verified, according to project's defined software process, to accommodate the software requirements and to form the framework for coding.
5. Allocate architecture requirements	3.5 Allocate the system and derived requirements to the chosen architecture components and interfaces.	3. The software design is developed, maintained, documented, and verified, according to project's defined software process, to accommodate the software requirements and to form the framework for coding.
6. Capture results and rationale	3.7 Describe the system architecture by capturing the design results and rationale.	 3. The software design is developed, maintained, documented, and verified, according to project's defined software process, to accommodate the software requirements and to form the framework for coding. 8. The documentation that will be used to operate and maintain the software is developed and maintained according to the project's defined software process.
To other PAs	3.6 Maintain requirement traceability for the architecture's requirements to ensure that lower level (derived) requirements are necessary and sufficient to meet the needs of higher level requirements or design. (PA 02)	
	3.8 Identify appropriate derived requirements that address the effectiveness and cost of life cycle phases following development, such as production and operation. (PA 02)	

Table PA 04: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Alternative Practices

1	04 Alternatives base	SE-CMM Analyze Candidate Solutions:		
pro	ictices	Base Practices		
1.	Establish Evaluation Criteria	1.1 Establish evaluation criteria based on the identified problem and its defined constraints.		
2.	Define Analysis Approach	1.2 Define the general approach for the analysis, based on the established evaluation criteria.		
3.	Identify Alternatives	1.3 Identify alternatives for evaluation in addition to those provided with the problem statement.		
4.	Analyze Alternatives	1.4 Analyze the competing candidate solutions against the established evaluation criteria.		
5.	Select Solution	1.5 Select the solution that satisfies the established evaluation criteria.		
6.	Capture the Disposition of Each Alternative	1.6 Capture the disposition of each alternative under consideration and the rationale for the disposition.		

Table PA 05: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Outsourcing Practices

PA 05	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM Software Subcontract
Outsourcing	Coordinate with	Solicitation:	Management:
base practices	Suppliers:	Activities Performed	Activities Performed
	Base Practices	(*Evaluation)	
1. Identify	18.1.Identify needed		1. The work to be subcontracted is defined
System or	systems components		and planned according to a documented
Process	or services that must		procedure. (define the work)
Components	be provided by		
	other/outside		
	organizations.		
2. Identify	18.2.Identify		2. The software subcontractor is selected,
competent	suppliers that have		based on an evaluation of the
suppliers	shown expertise in		subcontractor's ability to perform the work,
	the identified areas.		based on a documented procedure.
3. Prepare		3. Cost and schedule	
for the		estimates for the	
solicitation		software products and	
		services being sought	
		are prepared.	
		4. Software cost and	
		schedule estimates are	
		independently reviewed	
		for comp rehensiveness	
		and realism.	
		* EV.Ac3 . The	
		evaluation requirements	
		are incorporated into	
		the solicitation package and resulting contract.	
4. Choose	18.3.Choose	and resulting contract.	2. The software subcontractor is selected,
supplier	suppliers in		based on an evaluation of the subcontract
supplier	accordance with the		bidders' ability to perform the work,
	Analyze Candidate		according to a documented procedure.
	Solutions process		according to a documental procedure.
	areas.		
5.	18.4. Provide to	5. The project team	
Communicate	suppliers the needs,	takes action to ensure	
with	expectations, and	the mutual	
Suppliers	measures of	understanding of	
**	effectiveness held by	software requirements	
	the organization for	and plans prior to	
	the system	contract award.	
	components or		
	services that are to be		
	delivered.		
	18.5. Maintain timely		
	two-way communi-		
	cation with suppliers.		
Covered by		1. The project team	1. The work to be subcontracted is defined
generic		performs its activities in	and planned according to a documented
practices		accordance with its	procedure.
		documented solicitation	6. Changes to the software subcontractor's

PA 05	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM Software Subcontract
Outsourcing	Coordinate with	Solicitation:	Management:
base practices	Suppliers:	Activities Performed	Activities Performed
_	Base Practices	(*Evaluation)	
		plans. 2. The project team performs its activities in accordance with its documented proposal evaluation plans.	statement of work, subcontract terms and conditions, and other commitments are resolved according to a documented procedure.
To other PAs		evaluation plans.	3. The contractual agreement between the prime contractor and the software contractor is used as the basis for managing the subcontract. (PA 12) 4. A documented subcontractor's software development plan is reviewed and approved by prime contractor. (PA 12) 5. A documented and approved subcontractor's software development plan is used for tracking the software activities and communicating status. (PA 12) 7. The prime contractor's management conducts periodic status/coordination reviews with the software subcontractor's management. (PA 12) 8. Periodic technical reviews and interchanges are held with the software subcontractor. (PA 12) 9. Formal reviews to address the subcontractor's software engineering accomplishments and results are conducted at selected milestones according to a documented procedure. (PA 12) 10. The prime contractor's software quality assurance group monitors the subcontractor's software quality assurance activities according to a documented procedure. (PA 12, PA 15) 11. The prime contractor's software configuration management group monitors the subcontractor's activities for software configuration management group monitors the subcontractor's activities for software configuration management according to a documented procedure. (PA 12) 12. The prime contractor conducts acceptance testing as part of the delivery of the subcontractor's software products according to a documented procedure. (PA 08) 13. The software subcontractor's performance is evaluated on a periodic basis, and the evaluation is reviewed with

Table PA 06: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Software Development and Maintenance Practices

PA 06 Software development & Maintenance Base Practices	SW-CMM Software Product Engineering: Activities Performed
1. Integrate methods and tools	1. Appropriate software engineering methods and tools are integrated into the project's defined software process.
2. Analyze allocated requirements	2. The software requirements are developed, maintained, documented, and verified by systematically analyzing the allocated requirements according to the project's defined software process.
3. Design software	3. The software design is developed, maintained, documented, and verified, according to the project's defined software process, to accommodate the software requirements and to form the framework for coding.
4. Implement software	4. The software code is developed, maintained, documented, and verified, according to the project's defined software process, to implement the software requirements and software design.
5. Test software	5. Software testing is performed according to the project's defined software process.
6. Perform integration testing	6. Integration testing of the software is planned and performed according to the project's defined software process.
7. Develop documentation	8. The documentation that will be used to operate and maintain the software is developed and maintained according to the project's defined software process.
8. Maintain consistency across software work products	10. Consistency is maintained across software work products, including the software plans, process descriptions, allocated requirements, software requirements, software design, code, test plans, and test procedures.
To other PAs	 7. System and acceptance testing of the software are planned and performed to demonstrate that the software satisfies its requirements. (to PA 08) 9. Data on defects identified in peer reviews and testing are collected and analyzed according to the project's defined software process. (to PA 17)

Table PA 07: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Integration Practices

PA 07 Integration base	SE-CMM	SW-CMM
practices	Integrate System: Base Practices	Software Product Engineering: Activities Performed
Define Interfaces	5.1. Develop detailed specifications of the interfaces implied by the system architecture.	
2. Verify Receipt of System Elements	5.3. Verify the receipt of each system element required to assemble the system in accordance with the physical architecture.	
3. Verify System Element Correctness	5.4. Verify the implemented design features of developed or purchased system elements against their	6. Integration testing of the software is planned and performed according to the project's defined software process.
	requirements.	7. System and acceptance testing of the software are planned and performed to demonstrate that the software satisfies its requirements.
4. Verify System Element Interfaces	5.5 Verify that the system element interfaces comply with the interface specifications prior to assembly.	6. Integration testing of the software is planned and performed according to the project's defined software process.
		7. System and acceptance testing of the software are planned and performed to demonstrate that the software satisfies its requirements.
5. Assemble Aggregates of System Elements	5.6. Assemble aggregates of system elements in accordance with the established integration strategy.	
6. Test System Level Integration	5.7. Check the integrated system interfaces in accordance with the established integration strategy.	6. Integration testing of the software is planned and performed according to the project's defined software process.
		7. System and acceptance testing of the software are planned and performed to demonstrate that the software satisfies its requirements.
7. Develop Integration Strategy	5.8. Develop an integration strategy and supporting documentation that identify the optimal sequence for receipt, assembly, and activation of the various components that make up the system.	6. Integration testing of the software is planned and performed according to the project's defined software process.
To other PAs	5.2 Coordinate Interfaces. (PA 14)	

Table PA 08: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of System Test and Evaluation Practices

PA 08 System Test and	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM
Evaluation base practices	Verification and	Evaluation:	Software Product
	Validation:	(*Contract Performance	Engineering:
	Base Practices	Management)	(**Software Subcontract
		Activities Performed	Management)
			Activities Performed
1. Develop Evaluation	7.1. Establish plans for	2. The project's evaluation	
Strategy and Requirements	verification and validation	requirements are developed	
	that identify the overall	in conjunction with the	
	requirements, objectives,	development of the system	
	resources, facilities, special	or software technical	
	equipment, and schedule	requirements.	
	applicable to the system		
	development.		
2. Define Evaluation	7.2. Define the methods,		7. System and acceptance
Procedures	process, reviews,		testing of the software are
	inspections, and tests by		planned and performed to
	which incremental products		demonstrate that the
	are verified against		software satisfies its
	established criteria or		requirements.
	requirements that were		
	established in a previous		
	phase.		
	7.3. Define the methods,		
	processes, and evaluation		
	criteria by which the system or product is verified		
	against the system or		
	product requirements.		
	7.4. Define the methods,		
	process, and evaluation		
	criteria by which the system		
	or product will be validated		
	against the customer's		
	needs and expectations.		
3. Incorporate Evaluation	1	3. The evaluation	
Requirements into the		requirements are	
Solicitation and Contract		incorporated into the	
		solicitation package and	
		resulting contract.	
4. Monitor Contractor		4. The project team	
Performance		assesses contractor's	
		performance for compliance	
		with evaluation	
		requirements.	

PA 08 System Test and	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM
Evaluation base practices	Verification and	Evaluation:	Software Product
	Validation:	(*Contract Performance	Engineering:
	Base Practices	Management)	(**Software Subcontract
		Activities Performed	Management)
		·	Activities Performed
5. Perform Planned	7.5. Perform the verification	5. Planned evaluations are	7. System and acceptance
Evaluations	and validation activities that	performed on the acquired	testing of the software are
	are specified by the	S/W products and services	planned and performed to
	verification and validation	prior to acceptance for	demonstrate that the
	plans, procedures, and	operational use.	software satisfies its
	capture results.	*6. The end user	requirements.
		periodically participates in	**12. The prime contractor
		the evaluation of evolving	conducts acceptance testing
		software products and	as part of the delivery of the
		services to determine the	subcontractors software
		satisfaction of operational	products according to a
		requirements.	documented procedure.
6. Analyze Evaluation	7.6.Compare the collected	4. The project team	
Results	test, inspection, or review	assesses contractor's	
	results with established	performance for compliance	
	evaluation criteria to assess	with evaluation	
	the degree of success.	requirements.	
		6. Results of the	
		evaluations are analyzed	
		and compared to the	
		contract's requirements to	
		establish an objective basis	
		to support the decision to	
		accept the products and	
		services or to take further	
		action.	
Covered by generic		1. The project team	5. Software testing is
practices		performs its activities in	performed according to the
		accordance with its	project's defined software
		documented evaluation	process.
		plans.	6. Integration testing of SW
			is planned and performed
			according to the project's
			defined software process.

Table PA 09: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Transition Practices

PA 09 Transition base practices	SA-CMM Transition to Support: Abilities to Perform	SA-CMM Transition to Support: Activities Performed
1. Conduct inventory	4. The software support organization, prior to transition, has a complete inventory of all software related items that are to be transitioned.	
2. Develop and follow transition to support strategy		1. The project team performs its activities in accordance with its documented transition to support plans.
3. Demonstrate support capability		2. Responsibility for the software products is transferred only after the software support organization demonstrates its capability to modify and support the software products.
4. Oversee the configuration management of the system		3. The project team oversees the configuration control of the software products throughout the transition.
5. Oversee the requirements management of the system		
6. Transfer and tailor developer's processes to support organization		

Table PA 10: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Product Evolution Practices

PA 10 Product Evolution Base Practices	SE-CMM Manage Product Line Evolution: Base Practices
1. Define Product Evolution	15.1. Define the types of products to be offered.
2. Identify New Product Technologies	15.2. Identify new product technologies or enabling infrastructure that will help the organization acquire, develop, and apply technology for competitive advantage.
3. Adapt development processes	15.3. Make the necessary changes in the product development cycle to support the development of new products.
4. Ensure critical component availability	15.4. Ensure critical components are available to support planned product evolution.
5. Insert Product Technology	15.5. Insert new technology into product development, marketing, and manufacturing.

Table PA 11-a: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Project Management Practices

PA 11	SE-CMM	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SA-CMM
Project	Monitor and Control	Plan Technical Effort:	Software	Project Management:
Manageme	Technical Effort:	Base Practices	Acquisition	Activities Performed
nt base	Base Practices		Planning:	,
practices			Activities	
1			Performed	
1. Identify		12.5 Identify technical	4. Life cycle	
the		activities for the entire	support of the	
Activities		life cycle of the project.	software is	
			included in	
			software	
			acquisition	
			planning docu-	
			mentation.	
2. Identify		12.4 Determine the	2. The software	
the Life		technical process to be	acquisition	
Cycle		used on the project.	strategy for the	
Approach		1 0	project is	
			developed and	
			documented.	
3. Establish		12.2 Develop estimates	5. Life cycle	
Estimates		for the factors that	cost and	
		affect the magnitude	schedule	
		and technical feasibility	estimates for	
		of the project.	the software	
		12.3 Develop cost	products and	
		estimates for all	services being	
		technical resources	acquired are	
		required by the project.	prepared and	
			independently	
4.5		10.75	reviewed.	
4. Develop		12.7 Develop technical		
Schedules		schedules for the entire		
for the		project life cycle.		
Project 5. Establish		12.1 Idontif	2. The software	2 The encomination of
		12.1 Identify resources that are critical to the		2. The organization of
and Maintain			acquisition	the project provides for
Maintain Plans		technical success of the	strategy for the	the management of all
Flaiis		project.	project is developed and	project functions.
		12.6 Define project processes to support	documented.	3. The software
		effective interaction	3. The software	acquisition management
		with customer(s) and	acquisition	activities of the project
		supplier(s).	planning is	team are directed to
		12.8 Establish technical	documented	accomplish the project
		parameters with	and the	directives.
		thresholds for the	planning docu-	
		project and the system.	entation is	
		12.9 Use the	maintained over	
		information gathered in	the life of the	
		planning activities to	project.	
		develop technical	4. Life cycle	
<u> </u>	I			l .

PA 11 Project Manageme nt base practices	SE-CMM Monitor and Control Technical Effort: Base Practices	SE-CMM Plan Technical Effort: Base Practices	SA- CMM Software Acquisition Planning: Activities Performed	SA- CMM Project Management: Activities Performed
		management plans that will serve as the basis for tracking the salient aspects of the project and the systems engineering effort.	support of the software is included in software acquisition planning documentation.	
6. Establish Commit- ment		12.10 Review the technical management plans with all affected groups and individuals, and obtain group commitment.	1. Planning personnel are involved in system acquisition planning.	
7. Monitor the Project according to Established Plans	11.1 Direct technical effort in accordance with technical management plans. 11.5 Review performance against the technical management plans.			1. The project team performs its activities in accordance with its documented software acquisition management plans. 3. The software acquisition management activities of the project team are directed to accomplish the project directives. 4. The software acquisition management activities of the project directives.
8. Track Project to Established Plans	11.2 Track actual use of resources against technical management plans. 11.3 Track performance against the established technical parameters.			6. The project team tracks project status, execution, funding, and expenditures and takes action.
9. Review Perform- ance against Established Plans	11.4 Review performance against the technical management plans. 11.5 Analyze Issues resulting from the tracking and review of technical parameters to determine corrective actions.			

PA 11 Project Manageme nt base practices	SE-CMM Monitor and Control Technical Effort: Base Practices	SE-CMM Plan Technical Effort: Base Practices	SA- CMM Software Acquisition Planning: Activities Performed	SA- CMM Project Management: Activities Performed
10. Take Corrective Action	11.5 Analyze issues resulting from tracking and review of technical parameters to determine corrective actions. 11.6 Take corrective actions when technical parameters indicate future problems or when actual results deviate from plans.			5. The project team implements a corrective action system for the identification, recording, tracking, and correction of problems discovered during software acquisition. 6. The project team tracks project status, execution, funding, and expenditures and takes action.

Table PA 11-b: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Project Management Practices

PA 11 Project Manageme nt base practices	SA-CMM Project Performance Management: Activities Performed	SW CMM Project Planning: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Project Tracking and Oversight: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Integrated Software Management: Activities Performed	Other CMM References
1. Identify the Activities		2. Software project planning is initiated in the early stages of, and in parallel with, the overall project planning. 8. Software work products that are needed to establish and maintain control of the software project are identified. 13. The software risks associated with the cost, resource, schedule, and technical aspects of the project are identified, assessed, and documented. 14. Plan for the project's software engineering facilities			
2. Identify		and support tools are prepared. 5. A software life			
the Life Cycle Approach		cycle with predefined stages of manageable size is identified or defined.			
3. Establish Estimates		9. Estimates for the size of the software work products (or changes to the size of software work products) are derived according to a documented procedure. 10. Estimates for the software project's effort and costs are derived according to a documented procedure. 11. Estimates for the project's critical	11. Actual measurement data and replanning data for the software project are recorded.	5. The organization's software process database is used for software planning and estimating.	

PA 11 Project Manageme nt base practices	SA-CMM Project Performance Management: Activities Performed	SW CMM Project Planning: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Project Tracking and Oversight: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Integrated Software Management: Activities Performed	Other CMM References
4 Davidon		computer resources are derived according to a documented procedure. 12. The project's software schedule is derived according to a documented procedure. 5. A software life			
4. Develop Schedules for the Project		cycle with predefined stages of manageable size is identified or defined. 12. The project's software schedule is derived according to a documented procedure.			
5. Establish and Maintain Plans		6. The project's software development plan is developed according to a documented procedure. 7. The plan for the software product is documented. 13. The software risks associated with the cost, resource, schedule, and technical aspects of the project are identified, assessed, and documented. 14. Plansfor the project's software engineering facilities and support tools are prepared. 15. Software planning data are recorded.	1. A documented software development plan is used for tracking the software activities and communicating status. 2. The project's software development plan is revised according to a documented procedure.		
6. Establish Commit- ment		1. The software engineering group participates on the project proposal team.	3. Software project commitments and changes to commitments made to individuals and		

PA 11 Project Manageme nt base practices	SA-CMM Project Performance Management: Activities Performed	SW CMM Project Planning: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Project Tracking and Oversight: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Integrated Software Management: Activities Performed	Other CMM References
7. Monitor the Project according to Established Plans	3. The project team's software acquisition management activities are performed in accordance with the Project Management Plan.	3. The software engineering group participates with other affected groups in the overall project planning throughout the project's life. 4. Software project commitments made to individuals and groups external to the organization are reviewed with senior management according to a documented procedure.	groups external to the organization are reviewed with senior management ccording to a documented procedure. 4. Approved changes to commitments that affect the software project are communicated to the members of the software engineering group and other software-related groups. 12. The software engineering group conducts periodic internal reviews to track technical progress, plans, performance, and issues against the software development plan.		SA- SOL - Ac 1: The project team performs its activities in accordance with its doc- umented solicitation plans.
8.Track Project to Established Plans	6. The acquisition organization's software acquisition process repository is used for project planning, estimating, and management.		1. A documented software development plan is used for tracking the software activities and communicating status. 5. The size of the software work products (or size of the changes to the software work products) are tracked, and corrective actions are taken as necessary. 6. The project's software effort and		

PA 11 Project	SA-CMM Project	SW CMM Project Planning: Activities	SW-CMM Project Tracking and	SW-CMM Integrated	Other CMM
Manageme nt base practices	Performance Management: Activities	Performed	Oversight: Activities Performed	Software Management: Activities	References
practices	Performed			Performed	
			costs are tracked, and	-	
			corrective actions are		
			taken as necessary.		
			7. The project's		
			critical computer resources are tracked,		
			and corrective actions		
			are taken as		
			necessary.		
			8. Theproject's		
			software schedule is		
			tracked, and		
			corrective actions are taken as necessary.		
			9. Software		
			engineering technical		
			activities are tracked,		
			and corrective actions		
			are taken as		
			necessary. 10. The software		
			risks associated with		
			cost, resource,		
			schedule, and		
			technical aspects of		
			the project are		
			tracked. 12. The software		
			engineering group		
			conducts periodic		
			internal reviews to		
			track technical		
			progress, plans,		
			performance and issues against the		
			software		
			development plan.		
9. Review	8. The project		12. The software	11. Reviews of	
Perform-	team performs		engineering group	the software	
ance	periodic reviews		conducts periodic internal reviews to	project are	
against Established	to ensure current and projected		track technical	periodically performed to	
Plans	needs of the end		progress, plans,	determine	
	user will be		performance, and	actions needed to	
	satisfied.		issues against the	bring the	
			software	software	
			development plan.	project's	
			13. Formal reviews to address the	performance and results in line	
			address the	results in line	

PA 11 Project Manageme nt base practices	SA-CMM Project Performance Management: Activities Performed	SW CMM Project Planning: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Project Tracking and Oversight: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Integrated Software Management: Activities Performed	Other CMM References
10. Take			accomplishments and results of the software project are conducted at selected project milestones according to a documented procedure. 5. The size of the	with the current and projected needs of the business, customer, and end users, as appropriate.	SA-QAM -
Corrective Action			software work products (or size of the changes to the software work products) are tracked, and corrective actions are taken as necessary. 6. The project's software effort and costs are tracked, and corrective actions are taken as necessary. 7. The project's critical computer resources are tracked, and corrective actions are taken as necessary. 8. The project's software schedule is tracked, and corrective actions are taken as necessary. 9. Software engineering technical activities are tracked, and corrective actions are taken as necessary.		Ac 7: Changes are implemented to correct project's acquired products and services that are out of expected or acceptable bounds SA - QPM Ac 7: Changes are implemented to correct the project's defined software acquisition process where it is out of expected or acceptable bounds.
Covered by generic practices [* Or other PAs]	1. The project's defined software acquisition process is developed and documented by tailoring the acquisition	6. The project's software development plan is developed according to a documented procedure. 7. The plan for the software project is		1. The projects defined software process is developed by tailoring the organization's standard software process	SA-CPM - Ac 5: As understandi ng of the software engineering process, products,

PA 11	SA-CMM	SW CMM Project	SW-CMM Project	SW-CMM	Other
Project	Project	Planning: Activities	Tracking and	Integrated	CMM
Manageme	Performance	Performed	Oversight: Activities	Software	References
nt base	Management:		Performed	Management:	
practices	Activities			Activities	
	Performed			Performed	
	organization's	documented.		according to a	and
	standard	12. The project's		documented	services
	software	software schedule is		procedure.	improves,
	acquisition	derived according to		2. Each projects	the project
	process	a documented		defined software	team may
	according to the	procedure.		process is	propose
	organization's			revised	changes to
	tailoring			according to a	the
	guidelines.			documented	software
	2. The project			procedure.	products, or services,
	team develops and maintains			3. The projects software	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
					process
	the Project Management			development plan, which	plans, and activities.
	Plan in			describes the use	activities.
	accordance with			of the projects	SA-QAM -
	the acquisition			defined software	Ac. 2:
	organization's			process, is	The
	standard			developed and	acquisition
	software			revised	organiza-
	acquisition			according to a	tion utilizes
	process.			documented	quantitative
	3. The project			procedure.	measures
	team's software			4. The software	as a normal
	acquisition			project is	part of
	management			managed in	manage-
	activities are			accordance with	ment
	performed in			the projects	review and
	accordance with			defined software	oversight
	the Project			process.	of acquired
	Management			5. The	products
	Plan.			organization's	and
	4. The projects			software process	services.
	defined software			database is used	GA OFF
	acquisition			for software	SA-QPM -
	process is			planning and	Ac 5:
	revised as			estimating. 6. The size of the	Reports
	required to remain			o. The size of the software	docu- menting the
	consistent with			products (or size	results of
	current project			of changes to the	the project
	objectives.			software work	team's
	*5. [also to PA			products) is	quantitative
	14] The project			managed	process
	team coordinates			according to a	manage-
	its activities with			documented	ment
	other			procedure.	activities
	organizations			7. The project's	are
	and activities			software effort	prepared

PA 11	SA-CMM	SW CMM Project	SW-CMM Project	SW-CMM	Other
Project	Project	Planning: Activities	Tracking and	Integrated	CMM
Manageme	Performance	Performed	Oversight: Activities	Software	References
nt base	Management:		Performed	Management:	
practices	Activities			Activities	
	Performed			Performed	
	supporting the			and costs are	and
	project.			managed	distributed.
	6. The			according to a	
	acquisition			documented	SA-QAM -
	organization's			procedure.	Ac 7:
	software			8. The project's	Changes
	acquisition			critical computer	are imple-
	process			resources are	mented to
	repository is			managed	correct
	used for project			according to a	project's
	planning,			documented	acquired
	estimating, and			procedure 9. The critical	products and
	management. 7. Critical			dependencies	services
	dependencies are			and critical paths	that are out
	identified,			of the project's	of expected
	negotiated, and			software	or
	managed.			schedule are	acceptable
	8. The project			managed	bounds.
	team performs			according to a	oounus.
	periodic reviews			documented	
	to ensure current			schedule	
	and projected			11. Reviews of	
	needs of the end			the software	
	user will be			project are	
	satisfied.			periodically	
	9. Measurements			performed to	
	are used to			determine the	
	determine			actions needed to	
	project team			bring the	
	performance and			software	
	trends analyzed.			project's	
	11. The project team's software			performance and results in line	
	acquisition			with the current	
	lessons learned			and projected	
	are identified,			needs of the	
	documented, and			business,	
	entered into			customer, and	
	acquisition			end users, as	
	organization's			appropriate.	
	software			12. The	
	acquisition			organization's	
	process			software process	
	repository.			database is used	
				for software	
				planning and	
				estimating.	

Table PA 12: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Contract Management Practices

PA 12	SA-CMM	SE-CMM	SW-CMM
Contract	Contract Tracking and Oversight	Coordinate	Software Subcontract Management
Management	(CTO) and	With	(SSM)
base practices	Contract Performance Management	Suppliers	
_	(CPM)	(PA18)	
		(Mostly	
	Activities Performed	covered in	Activities Performed
		PA05,	·
		Outsourcing)	
		Base Practices	
1.Review and	CTO.Ac2. The project team reviews		3. The contractual agreement between
use planning	required contractor software planning		the prime contractor and the software
documents	documents which, when satisfactory, are		contractor is used as the basis for
	used to oversee the contractor's software		managing the subcontract.
	engineering effort.		4. A documented subcontractor's
			software development plan is reviewed
			and approved by prime contractor.
			5. A documented and approved
			subcontractor's software development
			plan is used for tracking the software
	ome to my		activities and communicating status.
2 Conduct	CTO.Ac3. The project team conducts		7. The prime contractor's management
Periodic reviews	periodic reviews and interchanges with the contractor.		conducts periodic status/coordination reviews with the software
reviews			
	CTO.Ac4. The project team reviews and tracks the development of the software		subcontractor's management. 8. Periodic technical reviews and
	engineering environment required to		interchanges are held with the software
	provide life cycle support for the acquired		subcontractor.
	software.		9. Formal reviews to address the
	Software.		subcontractor's software engineering
			accomplishments and results are
			conducted at selected milestones
			according to a documented procedure.
			13. The software subcontractor's
			performance is evaluated on a periodic
			basis, and the evaluation is reviewed
			with the subcontractor.
3. Maintain	CTO.Ac6. The project team maintains		
contract	the integrity of the contract throughout		
integrity	the contract performance period.		
4. Monitor			10. The prime contractor's software
contractor's			quality assurance group monitors the
support			subcontractor's software quality
processes			assurance activities according to a
			documented procedure.
			11. The prime contractor's software
			configuration management group
			monitors the subcontractor's activities
			for software configuration management according to a
			documented procedure.
			documented procedure.

PA 12	SA-CMM	SE-CMM	SW-CMM
Contract	Contract Tracking and Oversight	Coordinate	Software Subcontract Management
Management	(CTO) and	With	(SSM)
base practices	Contract Performance Management	Suppliers	(BBIVI)
ouse practices	(CPM)	(PA18)	
	(62172)	(Mostly	
	Activities Performed	covered in	Activities Performed
	,	PA05,	3
		Outsourcing)	
		Base Practices	
5. Foster	CPM.Ac7. Contract performance mgmt	PA18.5	
cooperative	activities are performed to foster a	Maintain	
environment	cooperative environment between the	timely two-	
	project team and the contractor.	way commu -	
		nication with	
		suppliers.	
Covered by	CTO.Ac1. The project team performs its		1. The work to be subcontracted is
generic	activities in accordance with its		defined and planned according to a
practices	documented contract tracking and		documented procedure.
	oversight plans.		6. Changes to the software
	CTO.Ac5. Any problems or issues found		subcontractor's statement of work,
	by the project team during tracking and		subcontract terms and conditions, and
	oversight are recorded in the appropriate		other commitments are resolved
	corrective action system and tracked to		according to a documented procedure.
	closure.		
	CPM.Ac1. The project team performs its		
	activities in accordance with its		
	documented contract performance		
	management plans. CPM.Ac2 The contractor's software		
	engineering process is appraised according to the project's defined		
	software acquisition process.		
	(Note: "appraised" in SA-CMM indicates		
	review and comparison against		
	requirements or standards)		
	CPM.Ac3. Results of the contractor's		
	engineering activities are appraised		
	according to the projects defined software		
	acquisition process.		
	CPM.Ac4. Measurements from		
	appraisals are used to evaluate the		
	contractor's performance, and trends are		
	analyzed.		
To other PAs	CPM.Ac5. As understanding of the		2. The software subcontractor is
	software engineering process, products,		selected, based on an evaluation of the
	and services improves, the project team		subcontract bidders' ability to perform
	may propose changes to the software		the work, according to a documented
	products or services, process descriptions,		procedure. (in Outsourcing, PA05)
	plans, and activities. (PA21)		12. The prime contractor conducts
	CPM.Ac6. The end user periodically		acceptance testing as part of the
	participates in the evaluation of evolving		delivery of the subcontractor's
	sw products and services to determine the		software products according to a
	satisfaction of operational requirements.		documented procedure. (GP2.4 for
	(GP3.5 applied to PA08 and PA07)		PA08)

Table PA 13: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Risk Management Practices

PA 13 Risk Management base practices	SE- CMM Manage Risk: Base Practices	SW-CMM Integrated Software Management: Activities performed	SA-CMM Acquisition Risk Management: Activities Performed	SA -CMM Project Performance Management: Activities Performed	SW- CMM Software Project Planning & Tracking & Oversight Activities Performed
1. Develop Risk Management Approach	1. Develop a plan for risk-management activities that is the basis for identifying, assessing, mitigating, and monitoring risks for the life of the project.		1. Software acquisition risk management activities are integrated into software acquisition planning. 2. The Software Acquisition Risk Management Plan is developed in accordance with the project's defined software acquisition process. 4. Risk Management is conducted as an integral part of the solicitation, project performance management, and contract performance management processes.		
2. Identify Risks	2. Identify project risks by examining project objectives with respect to the alternatives and constraints, and identifying what can go wrong.	10. The project's software risks are identified, assessed, documented and managed according to a documented procedure.		10. The project team identifies and analyzes risks and identifies specific risk handling actions for those risks.	13. The software risks associated with the cost, resource, schedule, and technical aspects of the project are identified, assessed, and documented.

PA 13 Risk Management base practices	SE- CMM Manage Risk: Base Practices	SW-CMM Integrated Software Management: Activities performed	SA-CMM Acquisition Risk Management: Activities Performed	SA -CMM Project Performance Management: Activities Performed	SW- CMM Software Project Planning & Tracking & Oversight Activities
3. Assess Risks	3. Assess risks and determine the probability of occurrence and consequence of realization.	10. The project's software risks are identified, assessed, documented and managed according to a documented procedure.		10. The project team identifies and analyzes risks and identifies specific risk handling actions for those risks.	Performed 13. The software risks associated with the cost, resource, schedule, and technical aspects of the project are identified, assessed, and documented.
4. Review and Validate Risk Assessment	4. Obtain formal recognition of the project risk assessment.				
5. Execute Risk Mitigation Plans	5. Implement the risk- mitigation activities. 6. Monitor risk- mitigation activities to ensure that the desired results are being obtained.	10. The project's software risks are identified, assessed, documented and managed according to a documented procedure. 11. Reviews of the software project are periodically performed to determine the actions needed to bring the software project's performance and results in line with the current and projected needs of the business, customer, and end users, as appropriate.	3. The project team performs its software acquisition risk management activities in accordance with its documented plans. 5. Software acquisition risk handling actions are tracked and controlled until risks are mitigated.		10. The software risks associated with cost, resource, schedule, and technical aspects of the project are tracked.

Table PA 14: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Coordination Practices

PA 14	SE-CMM	SW-CMM	SA-CMM
Coordination	Integrate Disciplines:	Intergroup Coordination	Project Performance
base practices	(*Integrate Systems)	(Requirements Management	Management
1	Base Practices	(RM), SW Project Planning	(Software Acquisition
		(SPP), Integrated SW	Planning (SAP)):
		Management (ISM)):	Activities Performed
		Activities Performed	U
1. Involve	1. Involve the	1. The software engineering	5. The project team
Disciplines	disciplines that are	group and the other engineering	coordinates its activities
	essential to system	groups participate with the	with other organizations
	development in a timely	customer and end users, as	and activities supporting
	manner.	appropriate, to establish the	the project.
		system requirements.	SAP-Ac1. Software
		RM-Ac1. The software	acquisition planning
		engineering group reviews the	personnel are involved in
		allocated requirements before	system acquisition
		they are incorporated into the	planning.
		software project. SPP.Ac1. The software	
		engineering group participates on	
		the project proposal team.	
		SPP.Ac3. The software	
		engineering group participates	
		with other affected groups in the	
		overall project planning	
		throughout the project's life.	
2. Promote	4.2. Promote cross-		
Cross-	discipline		
Discipline	understanding among		
Understanding 3. Establish	the developers. 4.3. Establish methods	2. Representatives of the	9. The music at to an
Coordination	for interdisciplinary	project's software engineering	8. The project team performs periodic reviews
Methods	coordination.	group work with representatives	to ensure current and
Wicthods		of the other engineering groups to	projected needs of the end
	* 5.2 . Coordinate	monitor and coordinate technical	user will be satisfied.
	interface specifications	activities and resolve technical	
	and changes with all	issues.	
	affected groups and individuals.	5. Work products produced as	
	marviduais.	input to other engineering groups	
		are reviewed by representatives of	
		the receiving groups to ensure	
		that the work products meet their needs.	
		6. Intergroup issues not	
		resolvable by the individual	
		representatives of the project	
		engineering groups are handled	
		according to a documented	
		procedure.	
		7. Representatives of the project	
		engineering groups conduct	
		periodic technical reviews and	
		interchanges.	

PA 14 Coordination base practices	SE-CMM Integrate Disciplines: (*Integrate Systems) Base Practices	SW-CMM Intergroup Coordination (Requirements Management (RM), SW Project Planning (SPP), Integrated SW Management (ISM)): Activities Performed	SA-CMM Project Performance Management (Software Acquisition Planning (SAP)): Activities Performed
4. Establish Resolution Methods	4.4. Establish and use methods for identifying and resolving interdisciplinary issues, and creating integrated solutions.	1. The software engineering group and the other engineering groups participate with the customer and end users, as appropriate, to establish the system requirements. 2. Representatives of the project's software engineering group work with representatives of the other engineering groups to monitor and coordinate technical activities and resolve technical issues. 4. Critical dependencies between engineering groups are identified, negotiated, and tracked according to a documented procedure. 5. Work products produced as input to other engineering groups are reviewed by representatives of the receiving groups to ensure that the work products meet their needs. 6. Intergroup issues not resolvable by the individual representatives of the project engineering groups are handled according to a documented procedure. ISM-Ac9. Critical dependencies and critical paths of the project's software schedule are managed according to a documented procedure.	7. Critical dependencies are identified, negotiated, and managed.
5. Communicate Interdisciplinary Activity Results	4.5. Communicate results of interdisciplinary activities to affected groups.	7. Representatives of the project engineering groups conduct periodic technical reviews and interchanges.	
6. Develop and Communicate Project Goals	4.6. Develop project goals and ensure that all affected groups and individuals are fully aware of them.		
covered by generic practice		3. A documented plan is used to communicate intergroup commitments and to coordinate and track the work performed.	

Table PA 15: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Quality Assurance and Management Practices

PA 15 Quality	SE-CMM	SW-CMM
Assurance and	Ensure Quality:	Software Quality Assurance (SQA):
Management	Base practices	(* Software Subcontract Management)
Base practices		Activities Performed
1. Monitor Process	8.1 Ensure the defined system	4. The SQA group reviews the software
Compliance	engineering process is adhered to during the system life cycle.	engineering activities to verify compliance. 8. The SQA group conducts periodic reviews of its activities and findings with the customer's SQA personnel, as appropriate. 3. The SQA group participates in the preparation and review of the project's software development plan, standards, and procedures. *SSM-Ac 10. The prime contractor's software
		quality assurance group monitors the
		subcontractor's software quality assurance
2. Evaluate product and	8.2 Evaluate work product	activities according to a documented procedure. 5. The SQA group audits designated software
process quality	measures against the requirements for work product quality.	work products to verify compliance.
	8.3 Measure the quality of the	
	systems engineering process used by the project.	
3. Detect need for corrective action	8.7 Establish a mechanism or a set of mechanisms to detect the need for corrective actions to processes or products.	7. Deviations identified in the software activities and software work products are documented and handled according to a documented procedure.
4. Record and report results	8.5 Obtain employee participation in identifying and reporting quality issues.	6. The SQA group periodically reports the results of its activities to the software engineering group.
5. Analyze quality	8.4 Analyze quality measurements to develop recommendations for quality improvement or corrective action, as appropriate.	
6. Initiate quality improvement opportunities.	8.6 Initiate activities that address identified quality issues or quality improvement opportunities.	
Covered by generic practices		1. A SQA plan is prepared for the software project according to a documented procedure.
		2. The SQA group's activities are performed in accordance with the SQA plan.

Table PA 16: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Configuration Management Practices

PA 16 Configuration Management base	SE-CMM Manage Configurations:	SA-CMM Transition to Support:	SW-CMM Configuration Management:
practices	Base Practices	Activities Performed	Activities Performed
1.Establish a configuration management strategy	9.1 Decide among candidate methods for configuration management.		1. (ability) A board having authority for managing the project's software baseline (i.e., a software configuration control board SCCB) exists or is established. 4. The software work products to be placed under configuration management are identified.
2. Identify and baseline configuration items and interim work products	9.2 Identify configuration units that constitute identified baselines.		4. The software work products to be placed under configuration management are identified.
3. Establish and maintain a repository for work product baselines	9.3 Maintain a repository of work product baselines.		 3. A configuration management library system is established as a repository for the software baselines. 7. Products from the software baseline library are created and their release is controlled according to a documented procedure.
4. Control changes	9.4 Control changes to established configuration units.	3. The project team oversees the configuration control of the software products throughout the transition.	5. Change requests and problem reports for all configuration items/units are initiated, recorded, reviewed, approved, and tracked according to a documented procedure. 6. Changes to baselines are controlled according to a documented procedure. 7. Products from the software baseline library are created and their release is controlled according to a documented procedure. 8. Status of configuration data is recorded according to a documented procedure.
5. Record and report configuration status	9.5 Communicate status of configuration data, proposed changes, and access information to affected groups.	3. The project team oversees the configuration control of the software products throughout the transition.	5. Change requests and problem reports for all configuration items/units are initiated, recorded, reviewed, approved, and tracked according to a documented procedure. 8. Status of configuration data is recorded according to a documented procedure. 9. Standard reports documenting

PA 16 Configuration	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM
Management base practices	Manage Configurations: Base Practices	Transition to Support: Activities Performed	Configuration Management: Activities Performed
			the SCM activities and the contents of the software baseline are developed and made available to affected groups and individuals.
6. Conduct configuration audits and inspections.			10. Software baseline audits are conducted according to a documented procedure.
Covered by generic practices			1. A SCM plan is prepared for each software project according to a documented procedure. 2. A documented and approved SCM plan is used as the basis for performing the SCM activities.

Table PA 17: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Peer Review Practices

PA 17 Peer Review base practices	SW-CMM Peer Review: (*SPE- Software Product Engineering) Activities Performed
Conduct peer reviews	2. Peer reviews are performed according to a documented procedure.
2. Record peer review data	3. Data on the conduct and results of the peer reviews are recorded. * SPE-Ac 9. Data on defects identified in peer reviews and testing are collected and analyzed according to the project's defined software process.
Covered by generic practices	Peer reviews are planned, and the plans are documented.

Table PA 18: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Measurement Practices

PA 18	SA-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM	SW-CMM
Measurement	Quantitative Process	Quantitative	Quantitative	Software Quality
base practices	Management:	Acquisition	Process	Management:
_	Activities Performed	Management:	Management:	Activities
	v	Activities Performed	Activities Performed	Performed
1. Establish Measures Based on Goals		3. The quantitative objectives for each project's software products and services are defined. 4. The quantitative objectives for each project's products and services are incorporated into the solicitation package and resulting contract according to the project's defined		3. The project's quantitative quality goals for the software products are defined, monitored, and revised throughout the software life cycle. 5. The software project's quantitative quality goals for products are allocated appro-
	0.00	software acquisition process.		priately to subcontractors delivering software products to the project.
2. Collect and Analyze Measurements	3. The measurement data used to quantitatively control the project's defined software acquisition process are collected in accordance with the project's quantitative process management plans. 4. Each project's defined software acquisition process is analyzed and quantitatively controlled according to the project's quantitative process management plans.	5. Each project's acquired software products and services are measured, analyzed and compared to the project's established quantitative objectives.	4. The measurement data are collected according to a documented procedure 5. The project's defined software process is analyzed and brought under quantitative control according to a documented procedure.	4. The quality of the project's software products is measured, analyzed, and compared to the products' quantitative quality goals on an event-driven basis.
3. Communicate quantitative status	5. Reports documenting the results of the project team's quantitative process management activities are prepared and distributed.		6. Reports documenting the results of the software project's quantitative process management activities are prepared and distributed.	

PA 18	SA-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM	SW-CMM
Measurement base practices	Quantitative Process Management: Activities Performed	Quantitative Acquisition Management: Activities Performed	Quantitative Process Management: Activities Performed	Software Quality Management: Activities Performed
4. Take corrective action	4. Each project's defined software acquisition process is analyzed and quantitatively controlled according to the project's quantitative process management plans.		5. The project's defined software process is analyzed and brought under quantitative control according to a documented procedure.	
Covered by generic practices	1. The acquisition organization's software acquisition process capability baseline is established and maintained according to a written procedure. 2. Each project team performs its activities in accordance with its documented quantitative process management plans. 6. Causal analysis of each project's defined software acquisition process is conducted on a periodic basis to determine root causes of variances from project plans. 7. Changes are implemented to correct the project's defined software acquisition process where it is out of expected or acceptable bounds.	1. Each project team performs its activities in accordance with its documented quantitative acquisition management plans. 2. The acquisition organization utilizes quantitative measures as a normal part of management review and oversight of acquired products and services. 6. Causal analysis of each project's acquired products and services is conducted on a periodic basis to determine root causes of variances from project plans. 5. Each project's acquired software products and services are measured, analyzed and compared to the project's established quantitative objectives. 7. Changes are implemented to correct project's acquired products and services that are out of expected or acceptable bounds.	1. The software project's plan for quantitative process management is developed according to a documented procedure. 2. The software project's quantitative process management activities are performed in accordance with the project's quantitative process management plan 3. The strategy for the data collection and the quantitative analyses to be performed are determined based on the project's defined process. 4. The measurement data used to control the project's defined software process quantitatively are collected according to a documented procedure 7. The process capability baseline is established and maintained according to a docu-mented procedure	1. The project's software quality plan is developed and maintained according to a documented procedure. 2. The project's software quality plan is the basis for the project's activities for software quality management.
To other PAs	6. Causal analysis of each project's defined	2. The acquisition organization utilizes		-

PA 18 Measurement base practices	SA-CMM Quantitative Process Management: Activities Performed	SA-CMM Quantitative Acquisition Management: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Quantitative Process Management: Activities Performed	SW-CMM Software Quality Management: Activities Performed
	software acquisition process is conducted on a periodic basis to determine root causes of variances from project plans. (PA 19)	quantitative measures as a normal part of management review and oversight of acquired products and services. (PA 11) 6. Causal analysis of each project's acquired products and services is conducted on a periodic basis to determine root causes of variances from project plans. (PA 19)		

Table PA 19: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Prevention Practices

PA 19 Prevention	SW-CMM	SA-CMM
base practices	Defect Prevention:	Quantitative Performance
buse practices	Beleet I revention.	Management:
	Activities Devlemmed	_
	Activities Performed	(* Quantitative Acquisition
		Management)
		Selected Activities Performed
1. Conduct causal analysis meetings	3. Causal analysis meetings are conducted according to a documented procedure.	6. Causal analysis of each project's defined software acquisition process is conducted on a periodic basis to determine root causes of variances from project plans. * QAM-Ac 6. Causal analysis of each project's acquired products and services is conducted on a periodic
		basis to determine root causes of
2. Coordinate action	4. Each of the teams assigned to	variances from project plans.
proposals	coordinate defect prevention activities	
proposais	meets on a periodic basis to review and	
	coordinate implementation of action	
	proposals from the causal analysis	
	meetings.	
3. Document and	5. Defect prevention data are documented	
track prevention data	and tracked across the teams coordinating	
and provention data	defect prevention activities.	
4. Revise processes	6. Revisions to the organization's	
for defect prevention	standard software process resulting from	
Tor derect provention	defect prevention actions are incorporated	
	according to a documented procedure.	
	7. Revisions to the project's defined	
	software process resulting from defect	
	prevention actions are incorporated	
	according to a documented procedure.	
Covered by generic	The software project develops and	
practices	maintains a plan for its defect prevention	
x	activities.	
	2. At the beginning of a software task, the	
	members of the team performing the task	
	meet to prepare for the activities of that	
	task and the related defect preventions.	
	8. Members of the software engineering	
	group and software-related groups receive	
	feedback on the status and results of the	
	organization's and project's defect	
	prevention activities on a periodic basis.	

Table PA 20: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Organization Process Definition Practices

PA 20	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM Organization	SW-CMM
Organ-	Define Org's	Process Definition	Process Focus (OPF)	Organization
ization	Systems Eng	and Maintenance	Activities Performed	Process
Process	Process	(PDM)		Definition (OPD)
Definition	*Improve Org's	**Continuous Process		Definition (OI D)
base practices	Systems Eng	Improvement (CPI)		Activities
ouse practices	Process	improvement (Cr)		Performed
	Base Practices	Activities Performed		1 crjormeu
1. Appraise	*BP14.01.	3. The acquisition	1. The software process is	
processes	Appraise the	organization's standard	assessed periodically, and	
processes	existing	software acquisition	action plans are developed	
	processes being	process is appraised	to address the assessment	
	performed in the	periodically and action	findings.	
	organization to	plans developed to	illianigs.	
	understand their	address the findings of		
	strengths and	the appraisal.		
	weaknesses.	the appraisar.		
2. Identify	1. Establish			
process goals	goals for the			
	organization's			
	systems			
	engineering			
	process from the			
	organization's			
	business goals.			
3. Establish	3. Develop a	2. The acquisition		1. The
standard	well-defined	organization's standard		organization's
process	standard systems	software acquisition		standard software
	engineering	process is defined and		process is
	process for the	maintained in		developed and
	organization.	accordance with its		maintained
		documented process		according to a
		definition and		documented
		maintenance plans.		procedure.
4. Develop	4. Define	5. Guidelines and		4. Guidelines and
tailoring	guidelines for	criteria for a project's		criteria for the
guidelines	tailoring the	selection and tailoring		projects' tailoring
	organization's	of the acquisition		of the
	standard systems	organization's standard		organization's
	engineering	software acquisition		standard software
	process for project use in	process are developed and maintained.		process are
	developing the	and mannamed.		developed and maintained.
	project's defined			mamamou.
	project's defined process.			
5. Maintain	2. Collect and	4. The acquisition	4. The use of the	3. Descriptions of
process assets	maintain	organization's and	organization's software	software life
Process assets	systems -	projects' activities for	process database is	cycles that are
	engineering	defining and	coordinated at the	approved for use
	process assets.	maintaining their	organizational level.	by the projects are
	1	software acquisition	5. New processes,	documented and
		processes are	methods, and tools in	maintained.
		coordinated at the	limited use in the	

PA 20	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM Organization	SW-CMM
Organ-	Define Org's	Process Definition	Process Focus (OPF)	Organization
ization	Systems Eng	and Maintenance	Activities Performed	Process
Process	Process	(PDM)		Definition (OPD)
Definition	*Improve Org's	**Continuous Process		
base practices	Systems Eng	Improvement (CPI)		Activities
	Process			Performed
	Base Practices	Activities Performed		
		organization level.	organization are	5. The
		6. An organizational repository of software acquisition process information is established, managed, controlled, and maintained to support process definition and maintenance activities.	monitored, evaluated, and, where appropriate, transferred to other parts of the organization.	organization's software process database is established and maintained. 6. A library of software processrelated documentation is established and
	# PP44 0 1		0.00	maintained.
6. Coordinate	* BP14.04	7. Project teams are	3. The organization's and	
and	Communicate	informed of the	projects' activities for	
Communicate	process	acquisition	developing and improving	
process	improvements to	organization's and	their software processes	
definition	existing projects	projects' activities for	are coordinated at the	
	and to other affected groups,	process definition and maintenance.	organization level. 4. The use of the	
	as appropriate.	**2 (CPI). The	organization's software	
	as appropriate.	software acquisition	process database is	
		process group	coordinated at the	
		coordinates process	organizational level.	
		improvement activities	6. Training for the	
		r	organization's and	
			projects' software	
			processes is coordinated	
			across the organization.	
			7. The groups involved in	
			implementing the software	
			processes are informed of	
			the organization's and	
			projects' activities for	
			software process	
			development and	
			improvement. *2. (PCM) The group	
			responsible for the	
			organization's software	
			process activities (e.g.	
			software engineering	
			process group) coordinates	
			the software process	
			improvement activities.	
covered by		1. The acquisition	2. The organization	2. The
generic		organization performs	develops and maintains a	organization's
practices		its activities in	plan for its software	standard software

PA 20 Organ- ization Process Definition base practices	SE-CMM Define Org's Systems Eng Process *Improve Org's Systems Eng Process Base Practices	SA-CMM Process Definition and Maintenance (PDM) **Continuous Process Improvement (CPI) Activities Performed	SW-CMM Organization Process Focus (OPF) Activities Performed	SW-CMM Organization Process Definition (OPD) Activities Performed
		accordance with its documented process definition and maintenance plans. 2. The acquisition organization's standard software acquisition process is defined and maintained in accordance with its documented process definition and maintenance plans.	process development and improvement activities.	process is documented according to established organization standards.

Table PA 21: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Organization Process Improvement Practices

PA 21	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM
Organization	Improve Org's Systems	Continuous Process	Process Change
Process	Engineering Process	Improvement (CPI)	Management (PCM)
Improvement			
Base Practices	Base Practices	Activities Performed	Activities Performed
1.Establish process improvement program	2. Plan improvements to the organization's processes based on analyzing the impact of potential improvements on achieving the goals of the processes.	3. Process improvement proposals are handled according to a written procedure.	1. A software process improvement program is established which empowers the members of the organization to improve the processes of the organization. 5. Software process improvement proposals are handled according to a documented procedure. 6. Members of the organization actively participate in teams to
2. Change the	3. Change the	4. Process improvements	develop software process improvements for assigned process areas.
standard process	organization's standard systems engineering process to reflect targeted improvements.	are transferred into practice according to a written procedure. 5. Records of process improvement activities are maintained in the acquisition organization's repository for software acquisition process information.	7. Where appropriate, the software process improvements are installed on a pilot basis to determine their benefits and effectiveness before they are introduced into normal practice.
Covered by generic practices		1. The acquisition organization performs its activities in accordance with its documented continuous process improvement plans.	3. The organization develops and maintains a plan for software process improvement according to a documented procedure. 4. The software process improvement activities are performed in accordance with the software process improvement plan. 8. When the decision is made to transfer a software process improvement into

PA 21 Organization	SE-CMM Improve Org's Systems	SA-CMM Continuous Process	SW-CMM Process Change
Process	Engineering Process	Improvement (CPI)	Management (PCM)
Improvement Base Practices	Base Practices	Activities Performed	Activities Performed
			normal practice, the improvement is implemented according to a documented procedure. 9. Records of software process improvement are maintained. 10. Software managers and technical staff receive feedback on the status and results of the software process improvement activities on an event-driven basis.
To other PAs	1. Appraise the existing processes being performed in the organization to understand their strengths and weaknesses. (PA20) 4. Communicate process improvements to existing projects and to other affected groups, as appropriate. (PA20)	2. The software acquisition process group coordinates process improvement activities. (PA20)	2. The group responsible for the organization's software process activities (e.g. software engineering process group) coordinates the software process improvement activities. (PA20)

Table PA 22: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Training Practices

PA 22 Training	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM
Base practices	Provide Ongoing Skills	Training Program:	Training Program:
	and Knowledge: Base Practices	Activities Performed	Activities Performed
1. Identify strategic training needs	17.1 Identify training needs.	1. The org's training program is developed and maintained.	2. The organization's training plan is developed and revised according to a documented procedure.
2. Identify unique training needs	17.1 Identify training needs. 17.3 Assure availability of skill and knowledge.	 The org's training program is developed and maintained. Each software acquisition project identifies specific training needs and develops a training plan in accordance with training program procedures. 	 Each software project develops and maintains a training plan that specifies its training needs. The organization's training plan is developed and revised according to a documented procedure.
3. Train individuals	17.5 Train personnel.	3. Software training for the project team is performed in accordance with the org's training program. 4. A waiver procedure for required training is established and used to determine whether individuals already possess the knowledge and skills required to perform their designated roles.	3. The training for the organization is performed in accordance with the organization's training plan. 5. A waiver procedure for required training is established and used to determine whether individuals already possess the knowledge and skills required to perform their designated roles.
4. Obtain training	17.2 Select mode of knowledge or skill acquisition. 17.4 Prepare training materials.		4. Training courses prepared at the organizational level are developed and maintained according to the organization standards.
5. Establish and maintain records	17.7 Maintain training records. 17.8 Maintain training materials.	5. Training records are maintained.	4. Training courses prepared at the organizational level are developed and maintained according to the organization standards. 6. Records of training are maintained.
6. Assess training effectiveness	17.6 Assess training effectiveness.	6. Measurements are used to determine the quality of the training program.	

Table PA 23: FAA-iCMM v1.0 Sources of Innovation Practices

Innovation base practices	SE-CMM Manage Systems Engineering Support	SA-CMM Acquisition Innovation	SW-CMM Technology Change	SE-CMM Manage Product Line Evolution:
	Environment: Base Practices	Management: Activities Performed	Management: Activities Performed	Selected Base Practices
1. Maintain New Technology Awareness	16.1 Maintain awareness of the technologies that support the organization's goals.	5. Software acquisition management personnel are kept informed of new technologies.	2. The group responsible for the organization's technology change management activities works with the software projects in identifying areas of technology change. 3. Software managers and technical staff are kept informed of new technologies.	15.2 Identify new product technologies or enabling infrastructure that will help the organization acquire, develop, and apply technology for competitive advantage.
2. Select New Technologies	16.2 Determine requirements for the organization's systems engineering support environment based on organizational needs. 16.7 Monitor the systems engineering support environment for improvement opportunities.	2. The group responsible for conducting acquisition innovation management activities conducts routine and periodic appraisals of new techniques and technologies as candidates for inclusion in the acquisition organization's standard software acquisition process.	4. The group responsible for the organization's technology change management systematically analyzes the organization's standard software process to identify areas that need or could benefit from new technology. 5. Technologies are selected and acquired for the organization and software projects according to a documented procedure.	
3. Prepare for Infusion	16.3 Obtain a systems engineering support environment that meets the requirements established in Determine Support Requirements by using the practices in the Analyze Candidate Solutions process area.		6. Pilot efforts for improving technology are conducted, where appropriate, before a new technology is introduced into normal practice.	

Innovation base	SE-CMM	SA-CMM	SW-CMM	SE-CMM
practices	Manage Systems	Acquisition	Technology	Manage Product
1	Engineering Support	Innovation	Change	Line Evolution:
	Environment:	Management:	Management:	
	Base Practices	Activities Performed	Activities	Selected Base
		, and the second	Performed	Practices
4. Infuse New Technologies	16.5 Insert new technologies into the systems engineering		7. Appropriate new technologies are incorporated into	15.5 Insert new technology into product
	support environment based on the organization's business goals and the projects' needs.		the organization's standard software process according to a documented procedure. 8. Appropriate new technologies are incorporated into the projects'	development, marketing, and manufacturing.
			defined software processes according to a documented procedure.	
5. Support	16.4 Tailor the systems	4. The acquisition		
Innovation covered by	engineering support environment to individual project's needs. 16.6. Maintain the systems engineering support environment to continuously support the projects dependent on it. 16.7 Monitor the systems engineering support environment for improvement opportunities.	organization works with the projects to foster an environment which facilitates adoption of initiatives beneficial to the acquisition organization.	1. The organization	
generic practices		organization performs its activities in accordance with documented acquisition innovation management plans. 3. The project team performs its activities in accordance with its documented acquisition innovation management plans.	develops and maintains a plan for technology change management.	

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